#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 8-K

## CURRENT REPORT

## Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): April 26, 2004

VALERO L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction

**1-16417** (Commission File Number)

of incorporation)

One Valero Place San Antonio, Texas (Address of principal executive offices) 74-2956831 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

**78212** (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (210) 370-2000

## Item 7. Financial Statements, Pro Forma Financial Information and Exhibits.

(c) Exhibits.

99.1 Press Release dated April 26, 2004.

#### Item 12. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On April 26, 2004, Valero L.P. (the "Partnership") issued a press release announcing financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2004. A copy of the press release is furnished with this report as Exhibit 99.1, and is incorporated herein by reference. The information in this report is being furnished, not filed, pursuant to Item 12 of Form 8-K. Accordingly, the information in this report will not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement filed by the Partnership under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, unless specifically identified therein as being incorporated therein by reference.

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The press release discloses certain financial measures, EBITDA and distributable cash flow, that are non-GAAP financial measures as defined under SEC rules. The press release furnishes a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to their nearest GAAP financial measures. Management uses these financial measures because they are widely accepted financial indicators used by investors to compare partnership performance. In addition, management believes that these measures provide investors an enhanced perspective of the operating performance of the partnership's assets and the cash that the business is generating. Neither EBITDA nor distributable cash flow are intended to represent cash flows for the period, nor are they presented as an alternative to net income or cash flow from operations. They should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for a measure of performance prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

VALERO L.P.

By: Riverwalk Logistics, L.P. its general partner

By: Valero GP, LLC its general partner

> By: <u>/s/Bradley C. Barron</u> Name: Bradley C. Barron Title: Corporate Secretary

Date: April 26, 2004

#### VALERO L.P. REPORTS FIRST QUARTER EARNINGS AND ANNOUNCES 6.7% DISTRIBUTION INCREASE

SAN ANTONIO, April 26, 2004 — Valero L.P. (NYSE: VLI) today announced net income applicable to limited partners of \$18.5 million, or \$0.80 per unit, for the first quarter of 2004, compared to \$11.8 million, or \$0.60 per unit, for the first quarter of 2003. Distributable cash flow applicable to limited partners for the first quarter was \$23.2 million, compared to \$14.9 million for the first quarter of 2003.

With respect to the quarterly distribution to unitholders payable for the first quarter of 2004, Valero L.P. also announced that it has declared a distribution of \$0.80 per unit payable May 14, 2004 to holders of record as of May 7, 2004. This distribution represents an increase of \$0.05 per unit, or 6.7 percent, over the distribution for the fourth quarter of 2003.

The increases in net income and operating income for the first quarter 2004 as compared to the same period in 2003 are primarily attributable to acquisitions completed during 2003. The most significant of these acquisitions included the South Texas pipeline system and crude oil storage tank assets acquired from Valero Energy in March 2003 and the Southlake refined product pipeline acquired from Valero Energy in August 2003.

"We are pleased to be able to report both good financial results and another increase in the quarterly distribution," said Curt Anastasio, Chief Executive Officer. "This is the fourth five-cent increase in the quarterly distribution since we went public in April 2001, representing a 33% increase in the distribution rate in just three years. Even with the increase of the quarterly distribution to \$0.80 per unit, our distribution coverage ratio applicable to the limited partners remains one of the highest in the peer group. During the quarter, we also announced an amendment to our partnership agreement to lower the general partner's incentive distribution rights from 50 percent to 25 percent of any quarterly cash distribution that exceeds \$0.90 per unit. This will lower our cost of capital and allow us to compete more aggressively for accretive acquisition opportunities in the future.

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"With respect to the construction of the Dos Laredos pipeline and terminal system in South Texas, we are rapidly nearing completion and expect to be operational by June 1. On an annual basis, this project should contribute around \$4 million to EBITDA. With the contribution from this project and the fact that we have one of the strongest distribution coverage ratios among our peer group, we continue to be in a great position to further increase the distribution rate in the future. And, as always, we will continue to pursue external and internal growth opportunities while maintaining a strong balance sheet and coverage ratio," said Anastasio.

A conference call with management is scheduled for 4:00 p.m. EST (3:00 p.m. CST) today, April 26, 2004, to discuss the financial and operational results for the first quarter of 2004. Anyone interested in listening to the presentation can call 800/901-5213, ID 80772192, or visit the partnership's web site at <a href="http://www.valerolp.com">www.valerolp.com</a>.

Valero L.P. owns and operates crude oil and refined product pipelines, refined product terminals and refinery feedstock storage assets primarily in Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Oklahoma and California. The partnership transports refined products from Valero Energy's refineries to established and growing markets in the Mid-Continent, Southwest and the Texas-Mexico border region of the United States. In addition, its pipelines, terminals and storage facilities primarily support eight of Valero Energy's key refineries with crude oil and other feedstocks as well as provide access to domestic and foreign crude oil sources.

#### Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 regarding future events and the future financial performance of Valero L.P. All forward-looking statements are based on the partnership's beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the partnership. These statements reflect the partnership's current views with respect to future events and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and assumptions. These risks, uncertainties and assumptions are discussed in Valero L.P.'s 2003 annual report on Form 10-K and subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

For more information, visit Valero L.P.'s web site at www.valerolp.com.

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# Valero L.P. Consolidated Financial Information March 31, 2004 and 2003 (unaudited, in thousands, except unit data and per unit data)

		Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2004		2003		
Statement of Income Data (Note 1):						
Revenues	\$	52,324	\$	31,816		
Costs and expenses:		<u> </u>				
Operating expenses		17,908		11,661		
Depreciation and amortization		7,874		4,283		
General and administrative expenses (Note 2)		1,999		1,844		
Total costs and expenses		27,781		17,788		
Operating income		24,543		14,028		
Equity income from Skelly-Belvieu Pipeline Company (Note 3)		553		731		
Interest expense, net (Note 4)		(5,126)		(2,377)		
Net income		19,970		12,382		
Net income applicable to general partner including incentive distributions (Note 5)		(1,489)		(624)		
Net income applicable to limited partners	\$	18,481	\$	11,758		
Net income per unit applicable to limited partners (Note 5)	\$	0.80	\$	0.60		
Weighted average number of limited partnership units outstanding (Note 6)	:	23,041,394		19,556,486		
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA, Note 7)	\$	32,970	\$	19,042		
Distributable cash flow (Note 7)		26,262		15,490		
Distributable cash flow (Note 7)		20,202		13,430		
		March 31, 2004		December 31, 2003		
Balance Sheet Data:						
Long-term debt, including current portion (Note 4) (a)	\$	403,436	\$	354,192		
Partners' equity (b)		439,697		438,163		
Debt-to-capitalization ratio (a) / ((a)+(b))		47.8%		44.7%		

See accompanying notes on the following page.

#### Valero L.P. Consolidated Financial Information — Continued March 31, 2004 and 2003 (unaudited, in thousands, except barrel information)

Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization	\$ <b>2004</b> 381,832 12,792 3,234 1,098	\$	<b>2003</b> 332,760
Crude oil pipelines (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 12,792 3,234		332,760
Crude oil pipelines (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 12,792 3,234		332,760
Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 12,792 3,234		332,760
Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	3,234	\$	
Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$		11,443
Segment operating income  Refined product pipelines: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 1,098		3,616
Refined product pipelines:         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Segment operating income         Refined product terminals:         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Refined product terminals:         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Segment operating income         Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8):         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Grude oil storage tanks (Note 8):         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Germent operating income         Germent operating income         Consolidated Information:         Revenues	\$	_	1,424
Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization   Segment operating income  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization	8,460	\$	6,403
Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization 			
Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization   Segment operating income  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	437,207	:	296,816
Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 20,526	\$	13,016
Segment operating income  Refined product terminals: Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Consolidated Information: Revenues	8,538		5,132
Refined product terminals:         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Segment operating income         Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8):         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Grude oil storage tanks (Note 8):         Throughput (barrels/day)         Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Genent operating income         Consolidated Information:         Revenues	3,778		2,070
Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization	\$ 8,210	\$	5,814
Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization			
Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization    Segment operating income    Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization    Segment operating income    Consolidated Information: Revenues	254,950		176,797
Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 8,810	\$	5,980
Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Consolidated Information: Revenues	4,333		2,745
Crude oil storage tanks (Note 8): Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Consolidated Information: Revenues	1,132		789
Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 3,345	\$	2,446
Throughput (barrels/day) Revenues Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Segment operating income Consolidated Information: Revenues			
Revenues         Operating expenses         Depreciation and amortization         Segment operating income         Consolidated Information:         Revenues	461,102		77,458
Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Consolidated Information: Revenues	\$ 10,196	\$	1,377
Depreciation and amortization  Segment operating income  Consolidated Information: Revenues	1,803		168
Consolidated Information: Revenues	1,866		
Revenues	\$ 6,527	\$	1,209
Operating expenses	\$ 52,324	\$	31,816
	17,908		11,661
Depreciation and amortization	7,874		4,283
- Segment operating income	 26,542		15,872
General and administrative expenses	1,999		1,844
– Consolidated operating income	24,543	\$	14,028

#### Notes:

- 1. Effective February 20, 2004, Valero L.P. acquired two asphalt terminals, one in Oklahoma and one in New Mexico, from Royal Trading Company (Royal Trading) for \$28.0 million. Operating income for the Royal Trading asphalt terminals for the period from February 20, 2004 to March 31, 2004 was minimal as the asphalt season is just beginning to start up in March. However, included in the statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2004 is \$9.7 million of operating income related to the various acquisitions completed by Valero L.P. during 2003, including the Paulsboro refined product terminal, the Southlake refined product pipeline, the Shell pipeline interest, the crude oil storage tanks, the South Texas pipelines and terminals and the Pittsburg asphalt terminal. The statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 includes \$2.4 million of operating income related to the Pittsburg asphalt terminal from January 7, 2003 through March 31, 2003 and the crude oil storage tanks and South Texas pipelines and terminals from March 19, 2003 through March 31, 2003.
- 2. General and administrative expenses increased for the three months ended March 31, 2004 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2003 due primarily to higher unitholder reporting costs due to the overall increase in the number of unitholders and higher costs related to compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley internal control reporting.

## Valero L.P. Consolidated Financial Information — Continued March 31, 2004 and 2003 (unaudited)

- 3. Equity income from Skelly-Belvieu decreased in the three months ended March 31, 2004 as compared to 2003 due to an 8% decline in throughput volumes transported in the Skellytown to Mont Belvieu refined product pipeline as a result of the decline in demand for LPG's along the Texas Gulf Coast.
- 4. Interest expense increased for the three months ended March 31, 2004 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2003 due primarily to interest expense related to the \$250.0 million of 6.05% senior notes issued on March 18, 2003 and interest expense related to borrowings under the revolving credit facility in 2004. During the three months ended March 31, 2004, Valero L.P. borrowed \$43.0 million under the revolving credit facility to fund the Royal Trading acquisition discussed in Note 1 and to fund a portion of the construction costs associated with the Nuevo Laredo, Mexico propane terminal and related pipeline currently being constructed. The new propane terminal and pipeline are expected to be operational by June 1, 2004.
- 5. Net income is allocated between limited partners and the general partner's interests. Then such apportioned net income applicable to the limited partners is divided by the weighted average number of limited partnership units outstanding for such class. Net income per unit applicable to the general partner includes the impact of incentive distributions, which totalled \$1.1 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.
- 6. The increase in outstanding limited partnership units is due to the 2003 public offerings of common units by Valero L.P. in March, April and August, in which 7,567,250 common units were sold. Partially offsetting the increase in new units sold was the redemption in March 2003 of 3,809,750 common units held by UDS Logistics, LLC, an affiliate of Valero Energy Corporation (Valero Energy). As of March 31, 2004, Valero L.P. has 23,041,394 common and subordinated units outstanding.
- 7. The following is a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and distributable cash flow (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2004		2003	
Net income	\$	10.070	\$	10 202	
Plus interest expense, net	3	19,970 5,126	Ф	12,382 2,377	
Plus depreciation and amortization		7,874		4,283	
		<u> </u>			
EBITDA		32,970		19,042	
Less equity income from Skelly-Belvieu Pipeline Company		(553)		(731)	
Less interest expense, net		(5,126)		(2,377)	
Less reliability capital expenditures		(1,717)		(1,192)	
Plus distributions from Skelly-Belvieu Pipeline Company		688		748	
Distributable cash flow	\$	26,262	\$	15,490	
			_		

Valero L.P. utilizes two financial measures, EBITDA and distributable cash flow, which are not defined in United States generally accepted accounting principles. Management uses these financial measures because they are widely accepted financial indicators used by investors to compare partnership performance. In addition, management believes that these measures provide investors an enhanced perspective of the operating performance of the partnership's assets and the cash that the business is generating. Neither EBITDA nor distributable cash flow are intended to represent cash flows for the period, nor are they presented as an alternative to net income. They should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for a measure of performance prepared in accordance United States generally accepted accounting principles.

8. Effective January 1, 2004, Valero Energy and Valero L.P. entered into a shell barrel capacity lease agreement related to the Corpus Christi crude oil storage facility (Corpus Christi North Beach) previously accounted for as a part of the Corpus Christi to Three Rivers crude oil pipeline. Under the terms of the lease agreement, Valero Energy is leasing the 1.6 million barrels of capacity at the facility for one year at an annual cost of \$5.8 million. In addition, the dockage and wharfage fee was increased from \$0.03 per barrel to \$0.07 per barrel for each barrel moved through the facility. These fee changes were made to better capture the economic value of these operations.