(Mark One)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

washington, D.C.	. 20549
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FORM 10-Q	

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 1-16417



(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) ${\bf r}$

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

74-2956831

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

19003 IH-10 West
San Antonio, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

78257

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (210) 918-2000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The number of common units outstanding as of April 30, 2018 was 93,183,029.

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P. FORM 10-Q

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Thousands of Dollars, Except Unit Data)

(Thousands of Donard, Except One Data)				
		March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017
		(Unaudited)		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,128	\$	24,292
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,344 and \$9,948 as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		157,269		176,570
Receivable from related party		72		205
Inventories		29,549		26,857
Other current assets		25,979		22,508
Total current assets		227,997		250,432
Property, plant and equipment, at cost		6,388,927		6,243,481
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,001,703)		(1,942,548)
Property, plant and equipment, net		4,387,224		4,300,933
Intangible assets, net		771,623		784,479
Goodwill		1,094,661		1,097,475
Deferred income tax asset		_		233
Other long-term assets, net		105,208		101,681
Total assets	\$	6,586,713	\$	6,535,233
Liabilities and Partners' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	122,040	\$	145,932
Short-term debt		70,000		35,000
Current portion of long-term debt		349,973		349,990
Accrued interest payable		43,974		40,449
Accrued liabilities		47,520		61,578
Taxes other than income tax		12,751		14,385
Income tax payable		6,378		4,172
Total current liabilities		652,636		651,506
Long-term debt, less current portion		3,306,093		3,263,069
Deferred income tax liability		23,032		22,272
Other long-term liabilities		112,895		118,297
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)				
Partners' equity (Note 11):				
Series A preferred limited partners (9,060,000 preferred units outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017)		218,307		218,307
Series B preferred limited partners (15,400,000 preferred units outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017)		371,634		371,634
Series C preferred limited partners (6,900,000 preferred units outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017)		166,553		166,662
Common limited partners (93,182,045 and 93,176,683 common units outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)		1,772,874		1,770,587
General partner		26,692		37,826
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(64,003)		(84,927)
Total partners' equity		2,492,057		2,480,089
Total liabilities and partners' equity	\$	6,586,713	\$	6,535,233
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See Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited, Thousands of Dollars, Except Unit and Per Unit Data)

		Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2018		2017		
Revenues:						
Service revenues	\$	291,413	\$	266,462		
Product sales		184,468		220,968		
Total revenues		475,881		487,430		
Costs and expenses:						
Costs associated with service revenues:						
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense)		108,884		101,026		
Depreciation and amortization expense		69,897		54,671		
Total costs associated with service revenues		178,781		155,697		
Cost of product sales		176,728		207,806		
General and administrative expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense)		19,774		24,595		
Other depreciation and amortization expense		2,118		2,193		
Total costs and expenses		377,401		390,291		
Operating income	·	98,480		97,139		
Interest expense, net		(47,772)		(36,414)		
Other income, net		79,752		140		
Income before income tax expense		130,460		60,865		
Income tax expense		4,327		2,925		
Net income	\$	126,133	\$	57,940		
Basic net income per common unit (Note 13)	\$	1.15	\$	0.49		
Basic weighted-average common units outstanding		93,181,781		78,642,888		
Comprehensive income	\$	147,057	\$	61,703		

See Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited, Thousands of Dollars)

	 Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2018	2017		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_			
Net income	\$ 126,133	\$	57,940	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	72,015		56,864	
Unit-based compensation expense	2,091		2,790	
Amortization of debt related items	1,413		1,568	
Gain from sale or disposition of assets	(19)		(48)	
Gain from insurance recoveries	(78,756)		_	
Deferred income tax expense	842		291	
Changes in current assets and current liabilities (Note 14)	10,691		(39,142)	
Other, net	(11,246)		3,717	
Net cash provided by operating activities	 123,164		83,980	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Capital expenditures	(137,874)		(45,732)	
Change in accounts payable related to capital expenditures	(12,018)		(6,820)	
Proceeds from sale or disposition of assets	19		1,859	
Proceeds from Axeon term loan	_		110,000	
Proceeds from insurance recoveries	78,419		_	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(71,454)		59,307	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings	119,711		144,266	
Proceeds from short-term debt borrowings	230,000		266,000	
Long-term debt repayments	(79,421)		(207,194)	
Short-term debt repayments	(195,000)		(248,000)	
Distributions to preferred unitholders	(16,680)		(5,883)	
Distributions to common unitholders and general partner	(115,272)		(99,021)	
Decrease in cash book overdrafts	(1,009)		(283)	
Other, net	(3,175)		(1,935)	
Net cash used in financing activities	 (60,846)		(152,050)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	(28)		26	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(9,164)		(8,737)	
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the period	24,292		35,942	
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	\$ 15,128	\$	27,205	

See Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Organization and Operations

NuStar Energy L.P. (NYSE: NS) is a publicly held Delaware limited partnership engaged in the transportation of petroleum products and anhydrous ammonia, and the terminalling, storage and marketing of petroleum products. Unless otherwise indicated, the terms "NuStar Energy," "NS," "the Partnership," "we," "our" and "us" are used in this report to refer to NuStar Energy L.P., to one or more of our consolidated subsidiaries or to all of them taken as a whole. NuStar GP Holdings, LLC (NuStar GP Holdings or NSH) (NYSE: NSH) owns our general partner, Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., and owns an approximate 11% common limited partner interest in us as of March 31, 2018.

We conduct our operations through our subsidiaries, primarily NuStar Logistics, L.P. (NuStar Logistics) and NuStar Pipeline Operating Partnership L.P. (NuPOP). We have three business segments: pipeline, storage and fuels marketing.

Recent Developments

Hurricane Activity. In the third quarter of 2017, several of our facilities were affected by the hurricanes in the Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico, including our St. Eustatius terminal, which experienced the most damage and was temporarily shut down. The damage caused by the Caribbean hurricane resulted in lower revenues for our bunker fuel operations in our fuels marketing segment and lower throughput and associated handling fees in our storage segment in 2017 and in the first quarter of 2018. In January 2018, we received \$87.5 million of insurance proceeds in settlement of our property damage claim for our St. Eustatius terminal, of which \$9.1 million related to business interruption. Proceeds from business interruption insurance are included in "Operating expenses" in the consolidated statements of income and in "Cash flows from operating activities" in the consolidated statements of cash flows. We recorded a \$78.8 million gain in "Other income, net" in the consolidated statements of income in the first quarter of 2018 for the amount by which the insurance proceeds exceeded our expenses incurred during the period. We expect that the costs to repair the property damage at the terminal will not exceed the amount of insurance proceeds received.

Basis of Presentation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Partnership and subsidiaries in which the Partnership has a controlling interest. Inter-partnership balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included, and all disclosures are adequate. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature unless disclosed otherwise. Financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 included in these Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements is derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as of that date. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Certain previously reported amounts in the 2017 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation.

2. MERGER AGREEMENT

On February 7, 2018, NuStar Energy, Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., NuStar GP, LLC, Marshall Merger Sub LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of NuStar Energy (Merger Sub), Riverwalk Holdings, LLC and NuStar GP Holdings entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) pursuant to which Merger Sub will merge with and into NuStar GP Holdings with NuStar GP Holdings being the surviving entity (the Merger), such that NuStar Energy will be the sole member of NuStar GP Holdings following the Merger. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement and at the effective time of the Merger, NuStar Energy's partnership agreement will be amended and restated to, among other things, (i) cancel the incentive distribution rights held by our general partner, (ii) convert the 2% general partner interest in NuStar Energy held by our general partner into a non-

economic management interest and (iii) provide the holders of our common units with voting rights in the election of the members of the board of directors of NuStar GP, LLC at an annual meeting, beginning in 2019.

At the effective time of the Merger, each outstanding NuStar GP Holdings common unit, other than those held by NuStar GP Holdings or its subsidiaries, will be converted into the right to receive 0.55 of a NuStar Energy common unit. All NuStar GP Holdings common units, when converted, will cease to be outstanding and will automatically be cancelled and no longer exist. No fractional NuStar Energy common units will be issued in the Merger; instead, each holder of NuStar GP Holdings' common units otherwise entitled to receive a fractional NuStar Energy common unit will receive cash in lieu thereof. Furthermore, the 10,214,626 NuStar Energy common units currently owned by subsidiaries of NuStar GP Holdings will be cancelled and will cease to exist.

At the effective time of the Merger, each outstanding award of NuStar GP Holdings restricted units will be converted, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the awards immediately prior to the Merger, into an award of NuStar Energy restricted units. The number of NuStar Energy restricted units subject to the converted awards will be determined as provided in the Merger Agreement. Each of our executive officers and directors has agreed and acknowledged that the Merger will not be deemed to trigger a "change of control" as defined under any NuStar Energy or NuStar GP Holdings plan or award, and has waived any rights to vesting, payment or other benefit thereunder that would arise upon a "change of control," to which he or she might otherwise have been entitled.

The Merger Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and covenants by each of the parties. Completion of the Merger is conditioned upon, among other things: (i) approval of the Merger Agreement by the affirmative vote of holders of a Unit Majority, as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of NuStar GP Holdings, as amended; (ii) the effectiveness of a registration statement on Form S-4 with respect to the issuance by NuStar Energy of its common units in connection with the Merger; (iii) the absence of certain legal injunctions or impediments prohibiting the transactions; (iv) the receipt of certain tax opinions from a nationally recognized tax counsel; and (v) the approval for the listing of NuStar Energy's common units to be issued in the Merger on the New York Stock Exchange.

NuStar Energy entered into a Support Agreement, dated as of February 7, 2018 (the Support Agreement), with Merger Sub, WLG Holdings, LLC, a Texas limited liability company controlled by Mr. Greehey (WLG Holdings), Mr. Greehey (together, WLG Holdings and Mr. Greehey are referred to as the Greehey Unitholders), and, for limited purposes, NuStar GP Holdings, pursuant to which the Greehey Unitholders have agreed to vote in favor of the approval and adoption of the Merger Agreement, the approval of the Merger and any other action required in furtherance thereof submitted for the vote or written consent of NuStar GP Holdings unitholders. The Greehey Unitholders collectively own approximately 21% of the outstanding NuStar GP Holdings units. The Support Agreement will terminate (i) at the effective time of the Merger, (ii) upon the termination of the Merger Agreement as provided therein, or (iii) at such time as NuStar Energy and the Greehey Unitholders agree in writing to terminate the Support Agreement.

After the Merger, the NuStar GP, LLC board of directors is expected to consist of nine members, initially composed of the six members of the NuStar GP, LLC board of directors and the three independent directors of the board of directors of NuStar GP Holdings.

NuStar Energy filed a registration statement on Form S-4, as amended, with respect to the common units to be issued by NuStar Energy in connection with the Merger.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Comprehensive Income

In February 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued amended guidance which provides an entity the option to reclassify stranded tax effects caused by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings, and also requires certain additional disclosures about those stranded tax effects. The guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The new requirements should be applied using one of two retrospective transition methods. We are currently evaluating whether we will adopt these provisions early, but we do not expect the guidance to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or disclosures.

Derivatives and Hedging

In August 2017, the FASB issued amended guidance intended to improve the financial reporting of hedging relationships to better portray the economic results of an entity's risk management activities in its financial statements. The amended guidance also makes certain targeted improvements to simplify the application of current hedge accounting guidance. The guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. Certain of the new requirements should be applied prospectively while others should be applied using a modified retrospective transition method. We currently expect to adopt the amended guidance on January 1, 2019. We do not expect the guidance to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations, and we are assessing the impact on our disclosures.

Defined Benefit Plans

In March 2017, the FASB issued amended guidance that changes the presentation of net periodic pension cost related to defined benefit plans. Under the amended guidance, the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost will be presented in the same income statement line items as other current employee compensation costs, but the remaining components of net periodic benefit cost will be presented outside of operating income. The changes are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and amendments should be applied retrospectively. We began reporting the remaining components of net periodic benefit cost in "Other income, net" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income upon adoption of the amended guidance on January 1, 2018. We applied the amended guidance prospectively as it did not have a material impact on previous periods.

Goodwill

In January 2017, the FASB issued amended guidance that simplifies the accounting for goodwill impairment by eliminating step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. Under the amended guidance, goodwill impairment will be measured as the excess of the reporting unit's carrying value over its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill for that reporting unit. The changes are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and amendments should be applied prospectively. Early adoption is permitted for any impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017, and we are currently evaluating whether we will adopt these provisions early. Regardless of our decision, we do not expect the guidance to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or disclosures.

Credit Losses

In June 2016, the FASB issued amended guidance that requires the use of a "current expected loss" model for financial assets measured at amortized cost and certain off-balance sheet credit exposures. Under this model, entities will be required to estimate the lifetime expected credit losses on such instruments based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. This amended guidance also expands the disclosure requirements to enable users of financial statements to understand an entity's assumptions, models and methods for estimating expected credit losses. The changes are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and amendments should be applied using a modified retrospective approach. We currently expect to adopt the amended guidance on January 1, 2020 and are assessing the impact of this amended guidance on our financial position, results of operations and disclosures. We plan to provide additional information about the expected financial impact at a future date.

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued amended guidance that requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from most leases on the balance sheet. For lessors, this amended guidance modifies the classification criteria and the accounting for sales-type and direct financing leases. The changes are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and amendments should be applied using a modified retrospective approach for leases that exist or are entered into after the beginning of the earliest comparative period in the financial statements, with the option to use certain expedients. In January 2018, the FASB issued additional guidance that provides an optional transition practical expedient for land easements. We currently expect to adopt these provisions on January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach of adoption. We are working to identify our lease arrangements and have begun the process of system implementation. We are continuing to evaluate the impact of this amended guidance on our financial position, results of operations, disclosures and internal controls and plan to provide additional information about the expected financial impact at a future date.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board jointly issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard that requires an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The standard is effective for public entities for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, using one of two retrospective transition methods. We adopted these provisions January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. The

transition adjustment related to the adoption was immaterial, and we do not expect the adoption of this standard to materially impact the amount or timing of our revenue going forward. Please refer to Note 12 for further discussion.

4. ACQUISITIONS

Navigator Acquisition

On April 11, 2017, we entered into a Membership Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement (the Acquisition Agreement) with FR Navigator Holdings LLC to acquire all of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests in Navigator Energy Services, LLC (Navigator) for approximately \$1.5 billion. We closed the Navigator Acquisition on May 4, 2017. We acquired crude oil transportation, pipeline gathering and storage assets located in the Midland Basin of West Texas that we collectively refer to as our Permian Crude System. The assets acquired are included in our pipeline segment. The condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income include the results of operations for Navigator commencing on May 4, 2017.

We accounted for the Navigator Acquisition using the acquisition method. The following table reflects the final purchase price allocation:

	 Purchase Price Allocation
	(Thousands of Dollars)
Accounts receivable	\$ 4,747
Other current assets	2,359
Property, plant and equipment, net	376,690
Intangible assets (a)	700,000
Goodwill (b)	398,024
Other long-term assets, net	2,199
Current liabilities	(22,300)
Purchase price allocation, net of cash acquired	\$ 1,461,719

- (a) Intangible assets, which consist of customer contracts and relationships, are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 20 years.
- (b) The goodwill acquired represents the expected benefit from entering new geographic areas and the anticipated opportunities to generate future cash flows from the assets acquired and potential future projects.

The unaudited pro forma information for the three months ended March 31, 2017 presented below combines the historical financial information for Navigator and the Partnership for that period. The information assumes we completed the Navigator Acquisition on January 1, 2017 and the following:

- we issued approximately 14.4 million common units;
- we received a contribution from our general partner of \$13.6 million to maintain its 2% interest;
- we issued 15.4 million Series B Preferred Units;
- we issued \$550.0 million of 5.625% senior notes;
- additional depreciation and amortization that would have been incurred assuming the fair value adjustments to property, plant and equipment and
 intangible assets reflected in the purchase price allocation above; and
- we satisfied Navigator's outstanding obligations under its revolving credit agreement.

		Months Ended rch 31, 2017
	(Thousands of I	Dollars, Except Per Unit Data)
Revenues	\$	497,384
Net income	\$	42,448
Basic net income per common unit	\$	0.19

The pro forma information for the three months ended March 31, 2017 does not include transaction costs of approximately \$14.0 million, which were directly attributable to the Navigator Acquisition and paid in the second quarter of 2017. The pro

forma information is unaudited and is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that would have resulted had the Navigator Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2017 or that may result in the future.

5. DEBT

Revolving Credit Agreement

On March 28, 2018, NuStar Logistics amended its \$1.75 billion revolving credit agreement (the Revolving Credit Agreement), to increase the maximum allowed consolidated debt coverage ratio (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement) to 5.25-to-1.00 for the rolling periods ending June 30, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Subsequently, the maximum allowed consolidated debt coverage ratio may not exceed 5.00-to-1.00 for any rolling periods ending on or after March 31, 2019. The Revolving Credit Agreement was also amended, to, among other things, change the definition of Change in Control in the Revolving Credit Agreement such that the proposed Merger discussed in Note 2 will not constitute a Change in Control for purposes of the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The requirement not to exceed a maximum consolidated debt coverage ratio may limit the amount we can borrow under the Revolving Credit Agreement to an amount less than the total amount available for borrowing. As of March 31, 2018, letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Agreement totaled \$3.7 million, and we had \$804.9 million available for borrowing. As of March 31, 2018, our consolidated debt coverage ratio could not exceed 5.50-to-1.00. We believe that we are in compliance with the covenants in the Revolving Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2018.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the balance under the Revolving Credit Agreement increased by \$48.1 million. The Revolving Credit Agreement bears interest, at our option, based on an alternative base rate, a LIBOR-based rate or a EURIBOR-based rate. The interest rate on the Revolving Credit Agreement is subject to adjustment if our debt rating is downgraded (or upgraded) by certain credit rating agencies. In February 2018, Moody's Investor Service Inc. (Moody's) lowered our credit rating from Ba1 to Ba2. This rating downgrade caused the interest rate on our Revolving Credit Agreement to increase by 0.25% effective February 2018. As of March 31, 2018, our weighted-average interest rate related to borrowings under the Revolving Credit Agreement was 3.6%, and we had \$941.4 million outstanding.

NuStar Logistics Senior Notes

The credit rating downgrade by Moody's in February 2018 increased the interest rate on our \$350.0 million of 7.65% senior notes by 0.25%, resulting in an interest rate of 8.65% applicable to the interest payment due April 15, 2018. We repaid our \$350.0 million of 7.65% senior notes due April 15, 2018 with borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement at maturity.

NuStar Logistics Subordinated Notes

Effective January 15, 2018, the interest rate on NuStar Logistics' \$402.5 million of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes due January 15, 2043 switched from a fixed annual rate of 7.625%, payable quarterly in arrears, to an annual rate equal to the sum of the three-month LIBOR rate for the related quarterly interest period, plus 6.734% payable quarterly, commencing with the interest payment due April 15, 2018. As of March 31, 2018, the floating interest rate was 8.5%.

Receivables Financing Agreement

NuStar Energy and NuStar Finance LLC (NuStar Finance), a special purpose entity and wholly owned subsidiary of NuStar Energy, are parties to a \$125.0 million receivables financing agreement with third-party lenders (the Receivables Financing Agreement) and agreements with certain of NuStar Energy's wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively with the Receivables Financing Agreement, the Securitization Program). NuStar Finance's sole activity consists of purchasing receivables from NuStar Energy's wholly owned subsidiaries that participate in the Securitization Program and providing these receivables as collateral for NuStar Finance's revolving borrowings under the Securitization Program. NuStar Finance is a separate legal entity and the assets of NuStar Finance, including these accounts receivable, are not available to satisfy the claims of creditors of NuStar Energy, its subsidiaries selling receivables under the Securitization Program or their affiliates. The amount available for borrowing is based on the availability of eligible receivables and other customary factors and conditions. The amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement also limits the amount of borrowings under the Receivables Financing Agreement to \$125.0 million.

Borrowings by NuStar Finance under the Receivables Financing Agreement bear interest at the applicable bank rate, as defined under the Receivables Financing Agreement. The weighted average interest rate related to outstanding borrowings under the Securitization Program as of March 31, 2018 was 2.8%. As of March 31, 2018, \$91.8 million of our accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, are included in the Securitization Program. The amount of borrowings outstanding under the Receivables Financing Agreement totaled \$57.8 million as of March 31, 2018, which is included in "Long-term debt" on the

consolidated balance sheet. On March 28, 2018, the Receivables Financing Agreement was amended to change the definition of Change in Control in the Receivables Financing Agreement such that the proposed Merger discussed in Note 2 will not be a Change in Control for purposes of the Receivables Financing Agreement.

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We have contingent liabilities resulting from various litigation, claims and commitments. We record accruals for loss contingencies when losses are considered probable and can be reasonably estimated. Legal fees associated with defending the Partnership in legal matters are expensed as incurred. We accrued \$2.7 million for contingent losses as of March 31, 2018 and \$7.3 million as of December 31, 2017. The amount that will ultimately be paid related to such matters may differ from the recorded accruals, and the timing of such payments is uncertain. We evaluate each contingent loss at least quarterly, and more frequently as each matter progresses and develops over time, and we do not believe that the resolution of any particular claim or proceeding, or all matters in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

We segregate the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels: Level 1, defined as observable inputs, such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs for which little or no market data exists. We consider counterparty credit risk and our own credit risk in the determination of all estimated fair values.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	March 31, 2018								
	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total	
				(Thousands	of Do	llars)			
Assets:									
Other current assets:									
Interest rate swaps	\$	_	\$	5,547	\$	_	\$	5,547	
Other long-term assets, net:									
Interest rate swaps				2,307		<u> </u>		2,307	
Total	\$	_	\$	7,854	\$	_	\$	7,854	
Liabilities:									
Accrued liabilities:									
Commodity derivatives	\$	(257)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(257)	
Interest rate swaps		_		(114)		_		(114)	
Other long-term liabilities:									
Interest rate swaps		_		(307)		_		(307)	
Total	\$	(257)	\$	(421)	\$	_	\$	(678)	

	December 31, 2017							
		Level 1 Level 2				Level 3		Total
		(Thousands of Dollars)						
Assets:								
Other current assets:								
Product imbalances	\$	3,890	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,890
Liabilities:								
Accrued liabilities:								
Product imbalances	\$	(1,534)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(1,534)
Commodity derivatives		(878)		_		_		(878)
Interest rate swaps		_		(5,394)		_		(5,394)
Other long-term liabilities:								
Interest rate swaps		_		(4,594)		_		(4,594)
Total	\$	(2,412)	\$	(9,988)	\$	_	\$	(12,400)

Product Imbalances. Pursuant to the new revenue recognition standard we adopted January 1, 2018, we no longer recognize the fair value of product imbalances on our consolidated balance sheets. Prior to adoption, we valued our assets and liabilities related to product imbalances using quoted market prices in active markets as of the reporting date; accordingly, we included these product imbalances in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Commodity Derivatives. We base the fair value of certain of our commodity derivative instruments on quoted prices on an exchange; accordingly, we include these items in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. We also had derivative instruments for which we determined fair value using industry pricing services and other observable inputs, such as quoted prices on an exchange for similar derivative instruments, and we included these derivative instruments in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. See Note 8 for a discussion of our derivative instruments.

Interest Rate Swaps. Because we estimate the fair value of our forward-starting interest rate swaps using discounted cash flows, which use observable inputs such as time to maturity and market interest rates, we include these interest rate swaps in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We recognize cash equivalents, receivables, payables and debt in our consolidated balance sheets at their carrying amounts. The fair values of these financial instruments, except for long-term debt, approximate their carrying amounts.

The estimated fair values and carrying amounts of long-term debt, including the current portion, were as follows:

	March 31, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017
	(Thousand	s of Dolla	rs)
	\$ 3,665,335	\$	3,677,622
amount	\$ 3,656,066	\$	3,613,059

We estimated the fair value of our publicly traded notes based upon quoted prices in active markets; therefore, we determined that the fair value of our publicly traded notes falls in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. For our other debt, for which a quoted market price is not available, we estimated the fair value using a discounted cash flow analysis using current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements and determined that the fair value falls in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

8. DERIVATIVES AND RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

We utilize various derivative instruments to manage our exposure to interest rate risk and commodity price risk. Our risk management policies and procedures are designed to monitor interest rates, futures and swap positions and over-the-counter positions, as well as physical commodity volumes, grades, locations and delivery schedules, to help ensure that our hedging activities address our market risks.

Interest Rate Risk

We are a party to certain interest rate swap agreements to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates, which include forward-starting interest rate swap agreements related to forecasted debt issuances in 2018 and 2020. We entered into these swaps in order to hedge the risk of changes in the interest payments attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate during the period from the effective date of the swap to the issuance of the forecasted debt. Under the terms of the swaps, we pay a fixed rate and receive a rate based on the three-month USD LIBOR. These swaps qualify as cash flow hedges, and we designate them as such. We record the effective portion of mark-to-market adjustments as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" (AOCI), and the amount in AOCI will be recognized in "Interest expense, net" as the forecasted interest payments occur or if the interest payments are probable not to occur. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the aggregate notional amount of forward-starting interest rate swaps totaled \$600.0 million. In April 2018, in connection with the maturity of the 7.65% senior notes due April 15, 2018, we terminated forward-starting interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$350.0 million and received \$8.0 million.

Commodity Price Risk

We are exposed to market risks related to the volatility of petroleum product prices. In order to reduce the risk of commodity price fluctuations with respect to our petroleum product inventories and related firm commitments to purchase and/or sell such inventories, we utilize commodity futures and swap contracts, which qualify, and we designate, as fair value hedges. Derivatives that are intended to hedge our commodity price risk, but fail to qualify as fair value or cash flow hedges, are considered economic hedges, and we record associated gains and losses in net income. Our risk management committee oversees our trading controls and procedures and certain aspects of commodity and trading risk management. Our risk management committee also reviews all new commodity and trading risk management strategies in accordance with our risk management policy, as approved by our board of directors. We ceased marketing crude oil in the second quarter of 2017 and exited our heavy fuels trading operations in the third quarter of 2017, thereby reducing our overall hedging activity.

The volume of commodity contracts is based on open derivative positions and represents the combined volume of our long and short open positions on an absolute basis, which totaled 1.7 million barrels and 1.2 million barrels as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. We had \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million of margin deposits as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

The fair values of our derivative instruments included in our consolidated balance sheets were as follows:

			Asset D	erivativ	es/es		Liability l	Derivati	ves
	Balance Sheet Location	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		March 31, 2018		De	cember 31, 2017
					(Thousand	s of Do	ollars)		
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments:									
Interest rate swaps	Other current assets	\$	5,547	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Interest rate swaps	Other long-term assets, net		2,307		_		_		_
Commodity contracts	Accrued liabilities		20		_		(33)		(112)
Interest rate swaps	Accrued liabilities		_		_		(114)		(5,394)
Interest rate swaps	Other long-term liabilities		_		_		(307)		(4,594)
Total			7,874		_		(454)		(10,100)
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:									
Commodity contracts	Accrued liabilities		759		742		(1,003)		(1,508)
Total Derivatives		\$	8,633	\$	742	\$	(1,457)	\$	(11,608)

Certain of our derivative instruments are eligible for offset in the consolidated balance sheets and subject to master netting arrangements. Under our master netting arrangements, there is a legally enforceable right to offset amounts, and we intend to settle such amounts on a net basis. The following are the net amounts presented on the consolidated balance sheets:

Commodity Contracts	N	1arch 31, 2018	December 2017	31,
		(Thousands o	of Dollars)	
Net amounts of assets presented in the consolidated balance sheets	\$	_	\$	_
Net amounts of liabilities presented in the consolidated balance sheets	\$	(257)	\$	(878)

We recognize the impact of our commodity contracts on earnings in "Cost of product sales" on the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income, as follows:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2018		2017	
	(Thousands	of Doll	ars)	
Derivatives Designated as Fair Value Hedging Instruments:				
(Loss) gain recognized in income on derivative	\$ (296)	\$	2,097	
Gain (loss) recognized in income on hedged item	237		(1,834)	
(Loss) gain recognized in income for ineffective portion	\$ (59)	\$	263	
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:				
Loss recognized in income on derivative	\$ (141)	\$	(138)	

Our interest rate swaps had the following impact on earnings:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2018		2017	
	(Thousands of Dollars)			
Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedging Instruments:				
Gain recognized in other comprehensive income on derivative (effective portion)	\$ 17,421	\$	39	
Loss reclassified from AOCI into interest expense, net (effective portion)	\$ (1,390)	\$	(1,799)	

As of March 31, 2018, we expect to reclassify a loss of \$4.8 million to "Interest expense, net" within the next twelve months associated with unwound forward-starting interest rate swaps.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Please refer to Note 2 for a discussion of the merger of a subsidiary of ours with and into NuStar GP Holdings, pursuant to which we will become the sole member of NuStar GP Holdings.

We are a party to the Amended and Restated Services Agreement with NuStar GP, LLC, effective March 1, 2016 (the Amended GP Services Agreement). The Amended GP Services Agreement provides that we will furnish administrative services necessary to conduct the business of NuStar GP Holdings. NuStar GP Holdings will compensate us for these services through an annual fee of \$1.0 million, subject to adjustment based on the annual merit increase percentage applicable to our employees for the most recently completed fiscal year and for changes in level of service. The Amended GP Services Agreement will expire on March 1, 2020 and will automatically renew for successive two-year terms, unless terminated by either party.

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The NuStar Pension Plan (the Pension Plan) is a qualified non-contributory defined benefit pension plan that provides eligible U.S. employees with retirement income as calculated under a cash balance formula. The NuStar Excess Pension Plan (the Excess Pension Plan) is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that provides benefits to a select group of management or other highly compensated employees. The Pension Plan and Excess Pension Plan are collectively referred to as the Pension Plans.

We also sponsor a contributory medical benefits plan for U.S. employees that retired prior to April 1, 2014. For employees that retire on or after April 1, 2014, we provide partial reimbursement for eligible third-party health care premiums.

The components of net periodic benefit cost (income) related to our Pension Plans and other postretirement benefit plans were as follows:

	Pension Plans					Other Postretire	ment Benefit Plans	
	2018			2017		2018		2017
				(Thousands	of Doll	ars)		
For the three months ended March 31:								
Service cost	\$	2,406	\$	2,239	\$	126	\$	113
Interest cost		1,206		1,127		108		108
Expected return on assets		(1,855)		(1,603)		_		_
Amortization of prior service credit		(514)		(515)		(287)		(286)
Amortization of net loss		544		371		54		48
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$	1,787	\$	1,619	\$	1	\$	(17)

11. PARTNERS' EQUITY

Please refer to Note 2 for a discussion of the merger of a subsidiary of ours with and into NuStar GP Holdings, pursuant to which we will become the sole member of NuStar GP Holdings.

Partners' Equity Activity

The following table summarizes changes to our partners' equity (in thousands of dollars):

Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$ 2,480,089
Net income	126,133
Unit-based compensation	1,286
Other comprehensive income	20,924
Distributions to partners	(131,262)
Other	(5,113)
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$ 2,492,057

Cash Distributions

General Partner and Common Limited Partners. We make quarterly distributions to common unitholders and the general partner of 100% of our available cash, generally defined as cash receipts less cash disbursements, including distributions to the 8.50% Series A, 7.625% Series B and 9.00% Series C Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Units (the Preferred Units), and cash reserves established by the general partner, in its sole discretion. These quarterly distributions are declared and paid within 45 days subsequent to each quarter-end. The common unitholders receive a distribution each quarter as determined by the board of directors, subject to limitation by the distributions in arrears, if any, on the Preferred Units. Our available cash is distributed based on the percentages shown below:

	Percentage of Distribution						
Quarterly Distribution Amount per Common Unit	Common Unitholders	General Partner Including Incentive Distributions					
Up to \$0.60	98%	2%					
Above \$0.60 up to \$0.66	90%	10%					
Above \$0.66	75%	25%					

On April 26, 2018, we announced that the board of directors of NuStar GP, LLC reset our quarterly distribution per common unit to \$0.60 (\$2.40 on an annualized basis), starting with the first-quarter distribution payable on May 14, 2018.

The following table reflects the allocation of total cash distributions to the general partner and common limited partners applicable to the period in which the distributions were earned:

	T	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2018		2017	
	(Thousa	ands of Dollars	s, Except	t Per Unit Data)	
General partner interest	\$	1,141	\$	2,343	
General partner incentive distribution		_		12,912	
Total general partner distribution		1,141		15,255	
Common limited partners' distribution		55,916		101,913	
Total cash distributions	\$	57,057	\$	117,168	
Cash distributions per unit applicable to common limited partners	\$	0.60	\$	1.095	

The following table summarizes information about our quarterly cash distributions to our general partner and common limited partners:

Quarter Ended	 Cash Distributions Per Unit	s Total Cash Distribution		Record Date	Payment Date
		(Th	ousands of Dollars)		
March 31, 2018	\$ 0.600	\$	57,057	May 8, 2018	May 14, 2018
December 31, 2017	\$ 1.095	\$	115,267	February 8, 2018	February 13, 2018

Preferred Units. The following table summarizes information about our quarterly cash distributions on our Preferred Units:

Period	Cash Distributions Per Unit		Total Cash Distributions	Record Date	Payment Date
			(Thousands of Dollars)	_	
Series A Preferred Units:					
March 15, 2018 - June 14, 2018	\$ 0.53125	\$	4,813	June 1, 2018	June 15, 2018
December 15, 2017 - March 14, 2018	\$ 0.53125	\$	4,813	March 1, 2018	March 15, 2018
Series B Preferred Units:					
March 15, 2018 to June 14, 2018	\$ 0.47657	\$	7,339	June 1, 2018	June 15, 2018
December 15, 2017 to March 14, 2018	\$ 0.47657	\$	7,339	March 1, 2018	March 15, 2018
Series C Preferred Units:					
March 15, 2018 to June 14, 2018	\$ 0.56250	\$	3,881	June 1, 2018	June 15, 2018
November 30, 2017 - March 14, 2018	\$ 0.65625	\$	4,528	March 1, 2018	March 15, 2018

Allocations of Net Income

Our partnership agreement sets forth the calculation to be used to determine the amount and priority of cash distributions that the unitholders and general partner will receive. The partnership agreement also contains provisions for the allocation of net income to the unitholders and the general partner. Our net income for each quarterly reporting period is first allocated to the preferred limited partner unitholders in an amount equal to the earned distributions for the respective reporting period and then to the general partner in an amount equal to the general partner's incentive distribution calculated based upon the declared distribution for the respective reporting period. We allocate the remaining net income or loss among the common unitholders (98%) and general partner (2%), as set forth in our partnership agreement. As a result of the distribution declared for the first quarter of 2018 of \$0.60 per common unit (discussed above), the general partner did not receive an incentive distribution.

The following table details the calculation of net income applicable to the general partner:

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2018		2017	
	(Thou	sands of Dollars	, Except l	Percentage Data)	
Net income attributable to NuStar Energy L.P.	\$	126,133	\$	57,940	
Less preferred limited partner interest		15,990		4,813	
Less general partner incentive distribution		_		12,912	
Net income after preferred limited partner interest and general partner incentive distribution		110,143		40,215	
General partner interest allocation		2%		2%	
General partner interest allocation of net income		2,203		804	
General partner incentive distribution		_		12,912	
Net income applicable to general partner	\$	2,203	\$	13,716	

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The balance of and changes in the components included in AOCI were as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation			Cash Flow Hedges		Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits	Total
				(Thousands	of D	Oollars)	
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	(51,603)	\$	(24,304)	\$	(9,020)	\$ (84,927)
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Other comprehensive income before reclassification adjustments		2,312		17,421		_	19,733
Net gain on pension costs reclassified into other income, net		_		_		(203)	(203)
Net loss on cash flow hedges reclassified into interest							
expense, net		_		1,390		_	1,390
Other		60		_		(56)	4
Other comprehensive income (loss)		2,372		18,811		(259)	20,924
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$	(49,231)	\$	(5,493)	\$	(9,279)	\$ (64,003)

12. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Transition

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

(ASC Topic 606) using the modified retrospective method and applying ASC Topic 606 to all revenue contracts with customers. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented under ASC Topic 606. In accordance with the modified retrospective approach, prior period amounts were not adjusted and are reported under ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition." The adoption of ASC Topic 606 affected our consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 as follows:

	 As Reported	With	out Adoption of ASC Topic 606	Effect of Change Higher/(Lower)
Revenues	\$ 475,881	\$	481,786	\$ (5,905)
Operating income	\$ 98,480	\$	104,385	\$ (5,905)
Net income	\$ 126,133	\$	132,038	\$ (5,905)
Basic net income per common unit	\$ 1.15	\$	1.21	\$ (0.06)

Revenue-Generating Activities

Revenues for the pipeline segment are derived from interstate and intrastate pipeline transportation of refined products, crude oil and anhydrous ammonia and the applicable pipeline tariff.

Revenues for the storage segment include fees for tank storage agreements, whereby a customer agrees to pay for a certain amount of storage in a tank over a period of time (storage terminal revenues), and throughput agreements, whereby a customer pays a fee per barrel for volumes moving through our terminals (throughput terminal revenues). Our terminals also provide blending, additive injections, handling and filtering services for which we charge additional fees, and certain of our facilities charge fees to provide marine services such as pilotage, tug assistance, line handling, launch service, emergency response services and other ship services (all of which are considered optional services).

Revenues for the fuels marketing segment are derived from the sale of petroleum products.

Within our pipeline and storage segments, we provide services on an uninterruptible and interruptible basis. Uninterruptible services within our pipeline segment typically result from contracts that contain take-or-pay minimum volume commitments (MVCs) from the customer. Contracts with MVCs obligate the customer to pay for that minimum amount. If a customer fails to meet its MVC for the applicable service period, the customer is obligated to pay a deficiency fee based upon the shortfall between the actual volumes transported or stored and the MVC for that service period (deficiency payments). In exchange, those contracts with MVCs obligate us to stand ready to transport volumes up to the customer's MVC.

Within our storage segment, uninterruptible services arise from contracts containing a fixed monthly fee for the portion of storage capacity reserved by the customer. These contracts require the customer to pay the fixed monthly fee, regardless of whether or not it uses our storage facility (i.e., take-or-pay obligation), while we are committed to stand ready to store that volume.

Interruptible services within our pipeline and storage segments are generally provided when and to the extent we determine the requested capacity is available. The customer typically pays a per-unit rate for the actual quantities of services it receives.

Revenue Recognition

After identifying a contract with a customer, ASC Topic 606 requires us to (i) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (ii) determine the transaction price; (iii) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and (iv) recognize revenue when or as we satisfy a performance obligation. For the majority of our contracts, we recognize revenue in the amount to which we have a right to invoice. Generally, payment terms do not exceed 30 days.

Performance Obligations. The majority of our contracts contain a single performance obligation. For our pipeline segment, the single performance obligation encompasses multiple activities necessary to deliver our customers' products to their destinations. Typically, we satisfy this performance obligation over time as the product volume is delivered in or out of the pipelines. Similarly, the performance obligation for our storage segment consists of multiple activities necessary to receive, store and deliver our customers' products. We typically satisfy this performance obligation over time as the product volume is delivered in or out of the tanks (for throughput terminal revenues) or with the passage of time (for storage terminal revenues).

Certain of our pipeline segment customer contracts include an incentive pricing structure, which provides a discounted rate for the remainder of the contract once the customer exceeds a cumulative volume. The ability to receive discounted future services represents a material right to the customer, which results in a second performance obligation in those contracts.

Product sales contracts associated with our fuels marketing segment generally include a single performance obligation to deliver specified volumes of a commodity, which we satisfy at a point in time, when the product is delivered and the customer obtains control of the commodity.

Optional services do not provide a material right to the customer, and are not considered a separate performance obligation in the contract. If and when a customer elects an optional service, it becomes part of the existing performance obligation.

Transaction Price. For uninterruptible services, we determine the transaction price at contract inception based on the guaranteed minimum amount of revenue over the term of the contract. For interruptible services and optional services, we determine the transaction price based on our right to invoice the customer for the value of services provided to the customer for the applicable period.

In certain instances, our customers reimburse us for capital projects, also referred to as contributions in aid of construction (CIAC), typically as upfront payments for future services, which are included in the transaction price of the underlying service contract.

We collect taxes on certain revenue transactions to be remitted to governmental authorities, which may include sales, use, value-added and some excise taxes. These taxes are not included in the transaction price and are, therefore, excluded from revenues.

Allocation of Transaction Price. We allocate the transaction price to the single performance obligation that exists in the vast majority of our contracts with customers. For the few contracts that have a second performance obligation, such as those that include an incentive pricing structure, we calculate an average rate based on the estimated total volumes to be delivered over the term of the contract and the resulting estimated total revenue to be billed using the applicable rates in the contract. We allocate the transaction price to the two performance obligations by applying the average rate to product volumes as they are delivered to the customer over the term of the contract. Determining the timing and amount of volumes subject to these incentive pricing contracts requires judgment that can impact the amount of revenue allocated to the two separate performance obligations. We base our estimates on our analysis of expected future production information available from our customers or other sources, which we update at least quarterly.

Some of our MVC contracts include provisions that allow the customer to apply deficiency payments to future service periods (the carryforward period). In those instances, we have not satisfied our performance obligation as we still have the obligation to perform those services, subject to contractual and/or capacity constraints, at the customer's request. At least quarterly, we assess the customer's ability to utilize any deficiency payments during the carryforward period. If we receive a deficiency payment from a customer that we expect the customer to utilize during the carryforward period, we defer that amount as a contract liability. We will consider the performance obligation satisfied and allocate any deferred deficiency payments to our performance obligation when the customer utilizes the deficiency payment, the carryforward period ends or we determine the customer cannot or will not utilize the deficiency payment (i.e. breakage). If our contract does not allow the customer to apply deficiency payments to future service periods, we allocate the deficiency payment to the already satisfied portion of the performance obligation.

Contract Assets and Liabilities

The following table provides information about contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers:

		Contract Assets		Contract Liabilities
		(Thousands	llars)	
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	2,127	\$	(57,870)
Additions		460		(2,386)
Transfer to accounts receivable		(1,653)		_
Transfer to revenues		_		2,935
Total activity		(1,193)		549
	-			
Balance as of March 31, 2018		934		(57,321)
Less current portion		749		(13,579)
Noncurrent portion	\$	185	\$	(43,742)

Contract assets relate to performance obligations satisfied in advance of scheduled billings. Current contract assets are included in "Other current assets" and noncurrent contract assets are included in "Other long-term assets, net" on the consolidated balance sheet. Contract liabilities relate to payments received in advance of satisfying performance obligations under a contract, which result from contracts with MVCs, contracts with an incentive pricing structure and CIAC payments. Current contract liabilities are included in "Other long-term liabilities" on the consolidated balance sheet.

Remaining Performance Obligations

The following table presents our estimated revenue from contracts with customers for remaining performance obligations that has not yet been recognized, representing our contractually committed revenue as of March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars):

2018 (remaining)	\$ 377,456
2019	348,414
2020	202,526
2021	141,957
2022	105,769
Thereafter	 333,881
Total	\$ 1,510,003

Our contractually committed revenue, for purposes of the tabular presentation above, is generally limited to service customer contracts which have fixed pricing and fixed volume terms and conditions, generally including contracts with minimum volume commitment payment obligations.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table disaggregates our revenues:

	Three Months	Ended Ma	rch 31,
	2018		2017
	(Thousand	s of Dollar	s)
Pipeline segment:			
Crude oil pipelines (excluding lessor revenues)	\$ 53,437	\$	36,747
Refined products and ammonia pipelines	83,299		84,493
Total pipeline segment revenues from contracts with customers	136,736		121,240
Lessor revenues	54		_
Total pipeline segment revenues	136,790		121,240
Storage segment:			
Throughput terminals	20,016		20,690
Storage terminals (excluding lessor revenues)	125,350		116,960
Total storage segment revenues from contracts with customers	145,366		137,650
Lessor revenues	9,962		9,781
Total storage segment revenues	155,328		147,431
Fuels marketing segment revenues from contracts with customers	185,838		222,702
Consolidation and intersegment eliminations:	(2,075)		(3,943)
Total revenues	\$ 475,881	\$	487,430

13. NET INCOME PER COMMON UNIT

Basic net income per common unit is determined pursuant to the two-class method. Under this method, all earnings are allocated to our limited partners and participating securities based on their respective rights to receive distributions earned during the period. Participating securities include our general partner interest and restricted units awarded under our long-term incentive plan. We compute basic net income per common unit by dividing net income attributable to common units by the weighted-average number of common units outstanding during the period.

The following table details the calculation of net income per common unit:

		Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2018		2017			
	(Thou		Except ata)	Unit and Per Unit			
Net income attributable to NuStar Energy L.P.	\$	126,133	\$	57,940			
Less: Distributions to preferred limited partners		15,990		4,813			
Less: Distributions to general partner (including incentive distribution rights)		1,141		15,255			
Less: Distributions to common limited partners		55,916		101,913			
Less: Distribution equivalent rights to restricted units		445		715			
Distributions less than (in excess of) earnings	\$	52,641	\$	(64,756)			
Net income attributable to common units:							
Distributions to common limited partners	\$	55,916	\$	101,913			
Allocation of distributions less than (in excess of) earnings		51,148		(63,461)			
Total	\$	107,064	\$	38,452			
Basic weighted-average common units outstanding		93,181,781		78,642,888			
Basic net income per common unit	\$	1.15	\$	0.49			

14. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Changes in current assets and current liabilities were as follows:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2018		2017			
	(Thousand	of Do	lars)			
Decrease (increase) in current assets:						
Accounts receivable	\$ 19,525	\$	3,544			
Receivable from related party	133		237			
Inventories	(2,687)		1,658			
Other current assets	3,224		307			
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	(7,681)		(12,154)			
Accrued interest payable	3,552		(6,301)			
Accrued liabilities	(6,019)		(21,006)			
Taxes other than income tax	(1,558)		(2,752)			
Income tax payable	2,202		(2,675)			
Changes in current assets and current liabilities	\$ 10,691	\$	(39,142)			

The above changes in current assets and current liabilities differ from changes between amounts reflected in the applicable consolidated balance sheets due to:

- current assets and current liabilities acquired during the period;
- · the change in the amount accrued for capital expenditures;
- the effect of foreign currency translation; and
- changes in the fair values of our interest rate swap agreements.

Cash flows related to interest and income taxes were as follows:

	 Three Months	Ended Ma	arch 31,
	2018		2017
	 (Thousand	rs)	
Cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized	\$ 42,549	\$	42,146
Cash paid for income taxes, net of tax refunds received	\$ 2,635	\$	4.828

15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Our reportable business segments consist of the pipeline, storage and fuels marketing segments. Our segments represent strategic business units that offer different services and products. We evaluate the performance of each segment based on its respective operating income, before general and administrative expenses and certain non-segmental depreciation and amortization expense. General and administrative expenses are not allocated to the operating segments since those expenses relate primarily to the overall management at the entity level. Our principal operations include the transportation of petroleum products and anhydrous ammonia, and the terminalling, storage and marketing of petroleum products. Intersegment revenues result from storage agreements with wholly owned subsidiaries of NuStar Energy at rates consistent with the rates charged to third parties for storage.

Results of operations for the reportable segments were as follows:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,				
	 2018		2017		
	(Thousand	of Dol	llars)		
	\$ 136,790	\$	121,240		
parties	153,253		143,488		
gment	2,075		3,943		
tal storage	155,328		147,431		
narketing	185,838		222,702		
tion and intersegment eliminations	(2,075)		(3,943)		
	\$ 475,881	\$	487,430		
line	\$ 57,794	\$	65,028		
e	56,261		53,759		
marketing	6,320		5,140		
olidation and intersegment eliminations	(3)		_		
gment operating income	120,372	-	123,927		
and administrative expenses	19,774		24,595		
preciation and amortization expense	2,118		2,193		
income	\$ 98,480	\$	97,139		

Total assets by reportable segment were as follows:

	March 31, 2018	I	December 31, 2017
	 (Thousand	s of Do	ollars)
	\$ 3,516,435	\$	3,492,417
	2,761,667		2,735,563
	121,489		118,746
	6,399,591		6,346,726
	187,122		188,507
	\$ 6,586,713	\$	6,535,233

16. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NuStar Energy has no operations, and its assets consist mainly of its 100% indirectly owned subsidiaries, NuStar Logistics and NuPOP. The senior and subordinated notes issued by NuStar Logistics are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by NuStar Energy and NuPOP. As a result, the following condensed consolidating financial statements are presented as an alternative to providing separate financial statements for NuStar Logistics and NuPOP.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets March 31, 2018 (Thousands of Dollars)

	NuStar Energy	NuStar Logistics	NuPOP]	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 858	\$ 26	\$ 	\$	14,244	\$ _	\$ 15,128
Receivables, net	_	623	_		156,718	_	157,341
Inventories	_	1,844	11,039		16,666	_	29,549
Other current assets	139	13,905	3,538		8,397	_	25,979
Intercompany receivable	_	3,132,310	_			(3,132,310)	
Total current assets	997	3,148,708	14,577		196,025	(3,132,310)	227,997
Property, plant and equipment, net	_	 1,874,347	 585,056		1,927,821	 	 4,387,224
Intangible assets, net	_	56,174	_		715,449	_	771,623
Goodwill	_	149,453	170,652		774,556	_	1,094,661
Investment in wholly owned subsidiaries	2,881,187	19,795	1,413,835		851,975	(5,166,792)	_
Other long-term assets, net	303	70,343	27,204		7,358		105,208
Total assets	\$ 2,882,487	\$ 5,318,820	\$ 2,211,324	\$	4,473,184	\$ (8,299,102)	\$ 6,586,713
Liabilities and Partners' Equity						 	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,309	\$ 19,472	\$ 5,232	\$	94,027	\$ _	\$ 122,040
Short-term debt	_	70,000	_		_	_	70,000
Current portion of long-term debt	_	349,973	_		_	_	349,973
Accrued interest payable	_	43,921			53	_	43,974
Accrued liabilities	655	11,579	8,214		27,072	_	47,520
Taxes other than income tax	206	3,906	5,246		3,393	_	12,751
Income tax payable	_	902	4		5,472	_	6,378
Intercompany payable	322,257		1,326,659		1,483,394	(3,132,310)	
Total current liabilities	326,427	499,753	 1,345,355		1,613,411	(3,132,310)	652,636
Long-term debt, less current portion	 _	 3,248,763	 _		57,330	_	3,306,093
Deferred income tax liability	_	1,262	12		21,758	_	23,032
Other long-term liabilities	_	43,854	14,191		54,850	_	112,895
Total partners' equity	2,556,060	1,525,188	851,766		2,725,835	(5,166,792)	2,492,057
Total liabilities and partners' equity	\$ 2,882,487	\$ 5,318,820	\$ 2,211,324	\$	4,473,184	\$ (8,299,102)	\$ 6,586,713

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets December 31, 2017 (Thousands of Dollars)

	NuStar Energy	NuStar Logistics	NuPOP	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	(Consolidated
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 885	\$ 29	\$ _	\$ 23,378	\$ _	\$	24,292
Receivables, net	_	280	_	176,495	_		176,775
Inventories	_	1,686	8,611	16,560	_		26,857
Other current assets	61	11,412	4,191	6,844	_		22,508
Intercompany receivable		3,112,164	_		(3,112,164)		
Total current assets	946	3,125,571	12,802	223,277	(3,112,164)		250,432
Property, plant and equipment, net	 _	 1,893,720	 591,070	 1,816,143	 		4,300,933
Intangible assets, net	_	58,530	_	725,949	_		784,479
Goodwill	_	149,453	170,652	777,370	_		1,097,475
Investment in wholly owned subsidiaries	2,891,371	24,162	1,301,717	790,882	(5,008,132)		_
Deferred income tax asset	_	_	_	233	_		233
Other long-term assets, net	303	65,684	27,493	8,201	_		101,681
Total assets	\$ 2,892,620	\$ 5,317,120	\$ 2,103,734	\$ 4,342,055	\$ (8,120,296)	\$	6,535,233
Liabilities and Partners' Equity							
Accounts payable	\$ 4,078	\$ 27,642	\$ 13,160	\$ 101,052	\$ _	\$	145,932
Short-term debt	_	35,000	_	_	_		35,000
Current portion of long-term debt	_	349,990	_	_	_		349,990
Accrued interest payable	_	40,402	_	47	_		40,449
Accrued liabilities	1,105	17,628	9,450	33,395	_		61,578
Taxes other than income tax	125	7,110	3,794	3,356	_		14,385
Income tax payable	_	732	4	3,436	_		4,172
Intercompany payable	322,296	 _	1,277,691	1,512,177	 (3,112,164)		_
Total current liabilities	327,604	478,504	1,304,099	1,653,463	(3,112,164)		651,506
Long-term debt, less current portion	 _	 3,201,220	 _	 61,849			3,263,069
Deferred income tax liability	_	1,262	12	20,998	_		22,272
Other long-term liabilities	_	58,806	8,861	50,630	_		118,297
Total partners' equity	2,565,016	1,577,328	790,762	2,555,115	(5,008,132)		2,480,089
Total liabilities and partners' equity	\$ 2,892,620	\$ 5,317,120	\$ 2,103,734	\$ 4,342,055	\$ (8,120,296)	\$	6,535,233

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 (Thousands of Dollars)

	NuStar Energy	NuStar Logistics	NuPOP	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries]	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 	\$ 119,694	\$ 56,274	\$ 300,115	\$	(202)	\$ 475,881
Costs and expenses	612	72,416	35,181	269,394		(202)	377,401
Operating (loss) income	(612)	47,278	21,093	30,721		_	98,480
Equity in earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	126,713	(2,249)	112,003	131,639		(368,106)	_
Interest income (expense), net	32	(50,026)	(1,571)	3,793		_	(47,772)
Other income, net	_	476	115	79,161		_	79,752
Income (loss) before income tax expense	126,133	(4,521)	131,640	245,314		(368,106)	130,460
Income tax expense	_	170	1	4,156		_	4,327
Net income (loss)	\$ 126,133	\$ (4,691)	\$ 131,639	\$ 241,158	\$	(368,106)	\$ 126,133
Comprehensive income	\$ 126,133	\$ 14,120	\$ 131,639	\$ 243,271	\$	(368,106)	\$ 147,057

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 (Thousands of Dollars)

	NuStar Energy	NuStar Logistics	NuPOP	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	1	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues	\$ _	\$ 123,629	\$ 52,241	\$ 311,847	\$	(287)	\$ 487,430
Costs and expenses	509	76,322	29,806	283,941		(287)	390,291
Operating (loss) income	 (509)	47,307	22,435	27,906		_	97,139
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	58,445	1,110	26,215	47,353		(133,123)	_
Interest income (expense), net	4	(36,914)	(1,304)	1,800		_	(36,414)
Other income, net	_	21	6	113		_	140
Income before income tax expense	57,940	11,524	47,352	 77,172		(133,123)	60,865
Income tax expense	_	331	1	2,593		_	2,925
Net income	\$ 57,940	\$ 11,193	\$ 47,351	\$ 74,579	\$	(133,123)	\$ 57,940
Comprehensive income	\$ 57,940	\$ 13.031	\$ 47,351	\$ 76,504	\$	(133,123)	\$ 61.703

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 (Thousands of Dollars)

	NuStar Energy	NuStar Logistics	NuPOP	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 130,847	\$ 16,855	\$ 25,112	\$ 148,287	\$ (197,937)	\$ 123,164
Cash flows from investing activities:			 			
Capital expenditures	_	(6,815)	(2,440)	(128,619)	_	(137,874)
Change in accounts payable related to capital expenditures	_	(1,946)	(5,700)	(4,372)	_	(12,018)
Proceeds from sale or disposition of assets	_	6	4	9	_	19
Proceeds from insurance recoveries		_		78,419		78,419
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(8,755)	(8,136)	(54,563)	_	(71,454)
Cash flows from financing activities:			 			
Debt borrowings	_	348,411	_	1,300	_	349,711
Debt repayments	_	(268,621)	_	(5,800)	_	(274,421)
Distributions to preferred unitholders	(16,680)	(8,341)	(8,340)	(8,340)	25,021	(16,680)
Distributions to common unitholders and general partner	(115,272)	(57,636)	(57,635)	(57,645)	172,916	(115,272)
Net intercompany activity	2,053	(18,769)	48,999	(32,283)	_	_
Other, net	(975)	(3,147)	_	(62)	_	(4,184)
Net cash used in financing activities	(130,874)	(8,103)	(16,976)	(102,830)	197,937	(60,846)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	_	_	_	(28)	_	(28)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(27)	 (3)		(9,134)		(9,164)
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the period	 885	 29	_	23,378		24,292
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	\$ 858	\$ 26	\$ _	\$ 14,244	\$ 	\$ 15,128

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 (Thousands of Dollars)

	NuStar Energy	NuStar Logistics	NuPOP	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	(Consolidated
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 103,517	\$ 35,964	\$ 23,855	\$ 78,004	\$ (157,360)	\$	83,980
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Capital expenditures	_	(7,671)	(1,761)	(36,300)	_		(45,732)
Change in accounts payable related to capital expenditures	_	(4,908)	(1,103)	(809)	_		(6,820)
Proceeds from sale or disposition of assets	_	1,833	6	20	_		1,859
Proceeds from Axeon term loan	_	110,000	_	_	_		110,000
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	99,254	(2,858)	(37,089)	_		59,307
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Debt borrowings	_	404,166	_	6,100	_		410,266
Debt repayments	_	(451,694)	_	(3,500)	_		(455,194)
Distributions to preferred unitholders	(5,883)	(2,941)	(2,941)	(2,942)	8,824		(5,883)
Distributions to common unitholders and general partner	(99,021)	(49,511)	(49,511)	(49,514)	148,536		(99,021)
Net intercompany activity	3,196	(34,952)	31,455	301	_		_
Other, net	(1,933)	(285)	_	_			(2,218)
Net cash used in financing activities	(103,641)	(135,217)	(20,997)	(49,555)	157,360		(152,050)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	_	_	_	 26	 _		26
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	 (124)	1	_	(8,614)	_		(8,737)
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the period	870	5	_	35,067	_		35,942
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	\$ 746	\$ 6	\$ 	\$ 26,453	\$ 	\$	27,205

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

In this Form 10-Q, we make certain forward-looking statements, including statements regarding our plans, strategies, objectives, expectations, estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions, intentions and resources. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions or other future performance suggested in this report. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the words "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "plans," "intends," "estimates," "forecasts," "budgets," "projects," "will," "could," "should," "may" and similar expressions. These statements reflect our current views with regard to future events and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause actual results to differ materially, including the possibility that the proposed merger described in Note 2 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements," will not be completed prior to the August 8, 2018 outside termination date, the possibility that NuStar GP Holdings, LLC will not obtain the required approvals by its unitholders, the possibility that the anticipated benefits from the proposed merger cannot be fully realized, the possibility that costs or difficulties related to the proposed merger will be greater than expected and other risk factors. Please read our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors," as well as our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, for a discussion of certain of those risks, uncertainties and assumptions.

If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those described in any forward-looking statement. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could also have material adverse effects on our future results. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this forward-looking information, which is as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We do not intend to update these statements unless we are required by the securities laws to do so, and we undertake no obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions to any such forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

OVERVIEW

NuStar Energy L.P. (NYSE: NS) is engaged in the transportation of petroleum products and anhydrous ammonia, and the terminalling, storage and marketing of petroleum products. Unless otherwise indicated, the terms "NuStar Energy," "NS," "the Partnership," "we," "our" and "us" are used in this report to refer to NuStar Energy L.P., to one or more of our consolidated subsidiaries or to all of them taken as a whole. NuStar GP Holdings, LLC (NuStar GP Holdings or NSH) (NYSE: NSH) owns our general partner, Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., and owns an approximate 11% common limited partner interest in us as of March 31, 2018.

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is presented in seven sections:

- Overview
- Results of Operations
- Trends and Outlook
- Liquidity and Capital Resources
- Related Party Transactions
- Critical Accounting Policies
- New Accounting Pronouncements

Recent Developments

Merger Agreement. On February 7, 2018, NuStar Energy, Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., NuStar GP, LLC, Marshall Merger Sub LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of NuStar Energy (Merger Sub), Riverwalk Holdings, LLC and NuStar GP Holdings entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) pursuant to which Merger Sub will merge with and into NuStar GP Holdings with NuStar GP Holdings being the surviving entity (the Merger), such that NuStar Energy will be the sole member of NuStar GP Holdings following the Merger. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement and at the effective time of the Merger, our partnership agreement will be amended and restated to, among other things, (i) cancel the incentive distribution rights held by our general partner, (ii) convert the 2% general partner interest in NuStar Energy held by our general partner into a non-economic management interest and (iii) provide the holders of our common units with voting rights in the election of the members of the board of directors of NuStar GP, LLC at an annual meeting, beginning in 2019. The Merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of certain conditions, including approval of the Merger Agreement by NuStar GP Holdings unitholders. Please refer to Note 2 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for further discussion of the Merger.

Hurricane Activity. In the third quarter of 2017, several of our facilities were affected by the hurricanes in the Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico, including our St. Eustatius terminal, which experienced the most damage and was temporarily shut down. The damage caused by the Caribbean hurricane resulted in lower revenues for our bunker fuel operations in our fuels marketing segment and lower throughput and associated handling fees in our storage segment in 2017 and in the first quarter of 2018. In January 2018, we received \$87.5 million of insurance proceeds in settlement of our property damage claim for our St. Eustatius terminal, of which \$9.1 million related to business interruption (\$5.6 million recognized in the storage segment and \$3.5 million in the fuels marketing segment). Proceeds from business interruption insurance are included in "Operating expenses" in the consolidated statements of income and in "Cash flows from operating activities" in the consolidated statements of cash flows. We recorded a \$78.8 million gain in "Other income, net" in the consolidated statements of income in the first quarter of 2018 for the amount by which the insurance proceeds exceeded our expenses incurred during the period. We expect that the costs to repair the property damage at the terminal will not exceed the amount of insurance proceeds received.

Navigator Acquisition. On May 4, 2017, we completed the acquisition of Navigator Energy Services, LLC for approximately \$1.5 billion (the Navigator Acquisition). We collectively refer to the acquired assets as our Permian Crude System. The assets acquired are included in our pipeline segment within the Central West System, commencing on May 4, 2017. Please refer to Note 4 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for further discussion.

Operations

We conduct our operations through our subsidiaries, primarily NuStar Logistics, L.P. (NuStar Logistics) and NuStar Pipeline Operating Partnership L.P. (NuPOP). Our operations consist of three reportable business segments: pipeline, storage and fuels marketing.

Pipeline. We own 3,130 miles of refined product pipelines and 1,990 miles of crude oil pipelines, as well as approximately 5.0 million barrels of storage capacity, which comprise our Central West System. In addition, we own 2,370 miles of refined product pipelines, consisting of the East and North Pipelines, and a 2,000-mile ammonia pipeline (the Ammonia Pipeline), which together comprise our Central East System. The East and North Pipelines have storage capacity of approximately 6.8 million barrels. We charge tariffs on a per barrel basis for transporting refined products, crude oil and other feedstocks in our refined product and crude oil pipelines and on a per ton basis for transporting anhydrous ammonia in the Ammonia Pipeline.

Storage. We own terminals and storage facilities in the United States, Canada, Mexico, the Netherlands, including St. Eustatius in the Caribbean, and the United Kingdom (UK), with approximately 84.8 million barrels of storage capacity. Revenues for the storage segment include fees for tank storage agreements, whereby a customer agrees to pay for a certain amount of storage in a tank over a period of time (storage terminal revenues), and throughput agreements, whereby a customer pays a fee per barrel for volumes moving through our terminals (throughput terminal revenues).

Fuels Marketing. Within our fuels marketing operations, we purchase petroleum products for resale. The results of operations for the fuels marketing segment depend largely on the margin between our costs and the sales prices of the products we market. Therefore, the results of operations for this segment are more sensitive to changes in commodity prices compared to the operations of the pipeline and storage segments. We enter into derivative contracts to attempt to mitigate the effects of commodity price fluctuations. We ceased marketing crude oil in the second quarter of 2017 and exited our heavy fuels trading operations in the third quarter of 2017. The only operations remaining in our fuels marketing segment are our bunkering operations at our St. Eustatius and Texas City terminals, as well as certain of our blending operations.

The following factors affect the results of our operations:

- · company-specific factors, such as facility integrity issues and maintenance requirements that impact the throughput rates of our assets;
- seasonal factors that affect the demand for products transported by and/or stored in our assets and the demand for products we sell;
- industry factors, such as changes in the prices of petroleum products that affect demand and operations of our competitors;
- economic factors, such as commodity price volatility, that impact our fuels marketing segment; and
- factors that impact the operations served by our pipeline and storage assets, such as utilization rates and maintenance turnaround schedules of our refining company customers and drilling activity by our crude oil production customers.

Current Market Conditions

The price of crude oil has recovered somewhat since its sharp initial decline in 2014 and subsequent historic lows during 2015 and 2016. In 2017, global supply and demand moved into balance, which seems to have reduced crude price volatility, but crude prices remain stalled well below 2014 levels. Most energy industry experts now project continued price recovery during 2018, but the duration and degree of price improvements will depend on, among other things, changes in global supply and demand.

Increases or decreases in the price of crude oil affect sectors across the energy industry, including our customers in crude oil production, refining and trading, in different ways at different points in any given price cycle. For example, U.S. crude oil producers reduced their capital spending relatively early in this sustained low price cycle, which reduced drilling activity and lowered production, particularly in shale play regions with higher relative drilling costs. As this cycle has continued, producers focused their trimmed-back spending on the most capital-efficient regions, such as, notably, the Permian Basin. Refiners, on the other hand, have benefitted from lower crude oil prices, to the extent they have been able to take advantage of lower feedstock prices, especially those positioned for healthy regional demand for their refined products; however, as refined product inventories increase, refiners are incentivized to reduce their production levels, which in turn may reduce their ability to benefit from low crude prices. Crude oil traders focus less on the current market commodity price than on whether that price is higher or lower than expected future market prices: if the future price for a product is believed to be higher than the current market price, or a "contango market," traders are more likely to purchase and store products to sell in the future at the higher price. On the other hand, when the current price of crude oil nears or exceeds the expected future market price, or "backwardation," as is currently the case, traders are no longer incentivized to purchase and store product for future sale.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

Financial Highlights

(Unaudited, Thousands of Dollars, Except Unit and Per Unit Data)

		Three Months			
	_	2018		2017	Change
Statement of Income Data:					
Revenues:					
Service revenues	\$	291,413	\$	266,462	\$ 24,951
Product sales		184,468		220,968	(36,500)
Total revenues		475,881		487,430	(11,549)
Costs and expenses:					
Costs associated with service revenues		178,781		155,697	23,084
Cost of product sales		176,728		207,806	(31,078)
General and administrative expenses		19,774		24,595	(4,821)
Other depreciation and amortization expense		2,118		2,193	(75)
Total costs and expenses		377,401	-	390,291	(12,890)
	_				
Operating income		98,480		97,139	1,341
Interest expense, net		(47,772)		(36,414)	(11,358)
Other income, net		79,752		140	79,612
Income before income tax expense		130,460		60,865	 69,595
Income tax expense		4,327		2,925	1,402
Net income	\$	126,133	\$	57,940	\$ 68,193
Basic net income per common unit	\$	1.15	\$	0.49	\$ 0.66

Overview

Net income increased \$68.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to the \$78.8 million gain resulting from the insurance proceeds received for hurricane damages incurred at our St. Eustatius terminal, which was partially offset by higher interest expense.

Segment Operating Highlights (Thousands of Dollars, Except Barrels/Day Information)

		2018	2017	Change
Pipeline:				
Refined products and ammonia pipelines throughput (barrels/day)		531,894	514,016	17,878
Crude oil pipelines throughput (barrels/day)		791,294	408,809	382,485
Total throughput (barrels/day)		1,323,188	922,825	400,363
Throughput revenues	\$	136,790	\$ 121,240	\$ 15,550
Operating expenses		42,341	33,074	9,267
Depreciation and amortization expense		36,655	23,138	13,517
Segment operating income	\$	57,794	\$ 65,028	\$ (7,234)
Storage:				
Throughput (barrels/day)		343,933	315,010	28,923
Throughput terminal revenues	\$	20,016	\$ 20,690	\$ (674)
Storage terminal revenues		135,312	126,741	8,571
Total revenues		155,328	147,431	7,897
Operating expenses		65,825	62,139	3,686
Depreciation and amortization expense		33,242	31,533	1,709
Segment operating income	\$	56,261	\$ 53,759	\$ 2,502
Fuels Marketing:			_	
Product sales and other revenue	\$	185,838	\$ 222,702	\$ (36,864)
Cost of product sales		178,677	210,599	(31,922)
Gross margin		7,161	12,103	(4,942)
Operating expenses		841	6,963	(6,122)
Segment operating income	\$	6,320	\$ 5,140	\$ 1,180
Consolidation and Intersegment Eliminations:				
Revenues	\$	(2,075)	\$ (3,943)	\$ 1,868
Cost of product sales		(1,949)	(2,793)	844
Operating expenses		(123)	(1,150)	1,027
Total	\$	(3)	\$ _	\$ (3)
Consolidated Information:				
Revenues	\$	475,881	\$ 487,430	\$ (11,549)
Costs associated with service revenues:				
Operating expenses		108,884	101,026	7,858
Depreciation and amortization expense		69,897	54,671	15,226
Total costs associated with service revenues		178,781	155,697	23,084
Cost of product sales		176,728	207,806	(31,078)
Segment operating income		120,372	123,927	(3,555)
General and administrative expenses		19,774	24,595	(4,821)
Other depreciation and amortization expense		2,118	2,193	(75)
Consolidated operating income	\$	98,480	\$ 97,139	\$ 1,341

Pipeline

Total revenues increased \$15.6 million and throughputs increased 400,363 barrels per day for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to:

- an increase in revenues of \$18.4 million and an increase in throughputs of 368,189 barrels per day resulting from our Permian Crude System acquired in May 2017;
- an increase in revenues of \$2.5 million and an increase in throughputs of 4,914 barrels per day due to higher volumes in the first quarter of 2018 on our North Pipeline due to a planned turnaround at the refinery served by that pipeline in the comparable period; and
- an increase in revenues of \$0.3 million and an increase in throughputs of 19,754 barrels per day on the McKee Systems pipelines due to higher production following a fourth quarter 2017 turnaround at the refinery served by these pipelines.

These increases were partially offset by:

- a decrease in revenues of \$3.5 million and decrease in throughputs of 9,930 barrels per day on the Ammonia pipeline due to later winter weather in the first quarter of 2018 that hindered agriculture application; and
- a decrease in revenues of \$1.2 million and a decrease in throughputs of 2,613 barrels per day on the Eagle Ford System, mainly due to turnaround activity at a refinery in the Eagle Ford region, which offset an increase in Eagle Ford production.

Operating expenses increased \$9.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to increased operating expenses of \$6.8 million resulting from our acquisition of the Permian Crude System and an increase of \$1.8 million related to accruals for commercial claims.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$13.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to our acquisition of the Permian Crude System.

Storage

Throughput terminal revenues decreased \$0.7 million while throughputs increased 28,923 barrels per day for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017. Throughput terminal revenues decreased \$2.1 million, despite increased throughputs of 12,664 barrels per day, at our Corpus Christi North Beach terminal, due to lower rates for certain of our tanks. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in throughput terminal revenues of \$1.6 million and an increase in throughputs of 20,846 barrels per day at our Central West Terminals due to increased demand in markets served by those terminals.

Storage terminal revenues increased \$8.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to:

- an increase of \$5.2 million in domestic revenues, mainly due to an increase in storage revenues at our Linden and Selby terminals, as well as an increase in reimbursable revenues at our Piney Point and Jacksonville terminals;
- an increase in revenues of \$2.0 million at our St. Eustatius terminal, primarily due to new contracts and rate escalations, partially offset by a decrease in revenues resulting from tanks out of service for repair following damage caused by hurricane activity in the third quarter of 2017; and
- an increase of \$1.7 million at our UK and Amsterdam terminals, mainly due to the effect of foreign exchange rates and an increase in throughput and handling fees.

Operating expenses increased \$3.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to:

- an increase of \$2.0 million in rent expense, primarily at our St. Eustatius terminal due to additional marine vessel costs;
- an increase in salaries and wages of \$1.6 million and an increase of \$1.5 million in maintenance and regulatory expenses, both spread across various regions;
- an increase of \$1.3 million in reimbursable expenses at various terminals, consistent with the increase in reimbursable revenues; and
- an increase in environmental expense of \$0.8 million.

These increases were partially offset by a decrease in operating expense of \$4.3 million, primarily at St. Eustatius, due to the business interruption insurance recovery in the first quarter of 2018 related to the hurricane damage in the third quarter of 2017.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly as a result of the completion of various storage projects.

Fuels Marketing

Segment operating income increased \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to improved margins from our blending operations.

Consolidation and Intersegment Eliminations

Revenue and operating expense eliminations primarily relate to storage fees charged to the fuels marketing segment by the storage segment. Cost of product sales eliminations represent expenses charged to the fuels marketing segment for costs associated with inventory that are expensed once the inventory is sold.

General

General and administrative expenses decreased \$4.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to lower legal expenses in the first quarter of 2018.

Interest expense, net increased \$11.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to the issuance of \$550.0 million of 5.625% senior notes in April 2017. Interest expense, net also increased as a result of higher borrowings and interest rates on our revolving credit agreement.

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, we recognized other income, net of \$79.8 million, mainly due to a gain from insurance proceeds recognized in the first quarter of 2018 relating to hurricane damage at our St. Eustatius terminal in the third quarter of 2017.

Income tax expense increased \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to increased taxable income in certain of our taxable entities.

TRENDS AND OUTLOOK

We expect that our plan for simplification, together with the announced reset of the NuStar Energy distribution, will benefit us in 2018. Additionally, near-term incremental revenue from new projects and a recently announced acquisition, along with continued growth from our Permian Crude System, should add to the steady performance of our diverse assets in various regions in 2018.

Historically, master limited partnerships (MLPs), like NuStar Energy, have funded a large proportion of strategic capital expenditures and acquisitions from external sources, primarily through borrowings under credit facilities and issuances of equity and debt securities. In the past few years, however, the total number of, and aggregate amount raised by, MLP common equity issuances has dropped dramatically, and MLPs with low coverage and high leverage have found it increasingly difficult to issue common equity. In order to best position ourselves to meet market demands, we have implemented a comprehensive plan to simplify our structure, restore strong coverage, lower our leverage and minimize our need to access the equity capital markets.

We expect that our board of directors' distribution reset announced in April, along with the simplification, which we hope to close during the first half of the year, will, together, strengthen our balance sheet in 2018 and beyond. We believe that the combination of the Merger, the elimination of the IDRs and the distribution reset will, in the near-term, establish a more efficient, transparent structure and improve both our distribution coverage and our ability to fund our cash requirements. In the longer-term, we expect to be able to fund a larger proportion of our capital projects with the cash generated by our operations, which should, over time, reduce our need to access capital markets to finance future growth opportunities and improve our leverage metrics.

Overall, we expect higher revenue in our pipeline segment in 2018, compared to 2017, driven by incremental revenue from new contracts, an acquisition, and growth in our Permian Crude System. We recently announced several long-term contracts with minimum volume commitments with strong, creditworthy customers to support a series of healthy-return capital projects to connect to third-party rail facilities in Corpus Christi, expand certain South Texas products pipeline systems and expand our terminal in Nuevo Laredo. We expect to benefit from incremental revenue from these projects, starting as soon as late 2018. In April, we acquired a small pipeline system that connects to our Central East System, which we expect to benefit our pipeline segment starting in second quarter of 2018. We project that the Permian Crude System will continue to grow, and we expect its positive contributions to our pipeline segment's overall results to grow accordingly. Partially offsetting these positive factors, we expect our South Texas Crude System to generate lower revenue in 2018, as compared to 2017, due to lower rates from the expiration of some current committed shippers' contracts in the second half of 2018.

We currently expect storage segment revenue in 2018 to be lower than 2017, due to lower rates at certain facilities with contract renewals occurring over the course of this year. We agree with the many energy experts who currently predict that backwardation, which tends to decrease demand for storage capacity in certain regional markets, will continue through 2018, and our forecast reflects lower revenues for affected facilities with contracts expiring during 2018, as compared to 2017. However, we believe we are insulated to some extent by our long-term contracts at facilities where backwardation is a driving factor, as well as the fact that many of our storage assets are located in markets in which forward pricing has little impact on rates or renewals. We saw an uptick in PDVSA's activity at our St. Eustatius terminal, which increased the facility's revenues for the year-to-date above our previous expectations, and our current forecast reflects the improvement we have seen thus far this year. Since PDVSA's ability to perform in the future remains subject to significant uncertainty and risk, we continue to monitor the situation, work on replacement customer(s) and take other protective measures.

Our outlook for the partnership, both overall and for any of our segments, may change, as we base our expectations on our continuing evaluation of a number of factors, many of which are outside our control. These factors include, but are not limited to, the state of the economy and the capital markets, changes to our customers' refinery maintenance schedules and unplanned refinery downtime, crude oil prices, the supply of and demand for crude oil, refined products and anhydrous ammonia, demand for our transportation and storage services and changes in laws or regulations affecting our assets.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Overview

Our primary cash requirements are for distributions to our partners, debt service, capital expenditures, acquisitions and operating expenses.

Our partnership agreement requires that we distribute all "Available Cash" to our common limited partners and general partner each quarter, and this term is defined in the partnership agreement generally as cash on hand at the end of the quarter, plus certain permitted borrowings made subsequent to the end of the quarter, less cash reserves determined by our board of directors. After the Merger, our general partner will no longer receive incentive distributions or quarterly cash distributions, related to its ownership interest, from us. Additionally, on April 26, 2018, we announced that the board of directors of NuStar GP, LLC reset our quarterly distribution per common unit to \$0.60 (\$2.40 on an annualized basis), starting with the first-quarter distribution payable on May 14, 2018. Please refer to Note 2 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for further discussion regarding the Merger.

Each year, our objective is to fund our reliability capital expenditures and distribution requirements with our net cash provided by operating activities during that year. If we do not generate sufficient cash from operations to meet that objective, we utilize cash on hand or other sources of cash flow, which in the past have primarily included borrowings under our revolving credit agreement, sales of non-strategic assets and, to the extent necessary, funds raised through equity or debt offerings under our shelf registration statements. We have typically funded our strategic capital expenditures and acquisitions from external sources, primarily borrowings under our revolving credit agreement or funds raised through equity or debt offerings. However, our ability to raise funds by issuing debt or equity depends on many factors beyond our control. Our risk factors in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 describe the risks inherent to these sources of funding and the availability thereof.

During periods when our cash flow from operations is less than our distribution and reliability capital requirements, we may maintain our distribution level because we can use other sources of Available Cash, as provided in our partnership agreement, including borrowings under our revolving credit agreement and proceeds from the sales of assets. Our risk factors in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 describe the risks inherent in our ability to maintain or grow our distribution.

We received insurance proceeds in settlement of our property damage claim for our St. Eustatius terminal in the first quarter of 2018, which we expect to completely offset the additional reliability capital expenditures expected to repair the terminal in 2018 through 2020. Therefore, for 2018, we expect to generate sufficient cash from operations to exceed our distribution and remaining reliability capital requirements. Although we expect higher interest costs and preferred unit distributions in 2018 due to our issuances of debt and equity securities, we expect a decrease in distributions in 2018 compared to 2017 as a result of the distribution reset and Merger discussed above.

Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities (please refer to our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in Item 1. "Financial Statements"):

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2018 2017			
		ars)			
Net cash provided by (used in):					
Operating activities	\$	123,164	\$	83,980	
Investing activities		(71,454)		59,307	
Financing activities		(60,846)		(152,050)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		(28)		26	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(9,164)	\$	(8,737)	

Net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$123.2 million, compared to \$84.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to changes in working capital. Please refer to the Working Capital Requirements section below for discussion. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the net cash provided by operating activities, combined with cash on hand, were used to fund our distributions to unitholders and our general partner in the aggregate amount of \$132.0 million. The proceeds from debt borrowings and a portion of the insurance recoveries were used to fund reliability and strategic capital expenditures.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, net cash provided by operating activities and a portion of the proceeds from the termination of the \$190.0 million term loan to Axeon Specialty Products, LLC (the Axeon Term Loan) of \$110.0 million were used to fund our distributions to unitholders and our general partner in the aggregate amount of \$104.9 million and reliability capital expenditures of \$5.0 million. The remaining proceeds from the termination of the Axeon Term Loan were used to fund our strategic capital expenditures of \$40.7 million and pay down a portion of our long-term debt.

Debt Sources of Liquidity

Revolving Credit Agreement. On March 28, 2018, NuStar Logistics amended its revolving credit agreement (the Revolving Credit Agreement) to increase the maximum allowed consolidated debt coverage ratio (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement) to 5.25-to-1.00 for the rolling periods ending June 30, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Subsequently, the maximum allowed consolidated debt coverage ratio may not exceed 5.00-to-1.00 for any rolling periods ending on or after March 31, 2019. The Revolving Credit Agreement was also amended to, among other things, change the definition of Change in Control in the Revolving Credit Agreement such that the proposed Merger discussed in Note 2 will not constitute a Change in Control for purposes of the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The requirement not to exceed a maximum consolidated debt coverage ratio may limit the amount we can borrow under the Revolving Credit Agreement to an amount less than the total amount available for borrowing. As of March 31, 2018, our maximum allowed consolidated debt coverage ratio was 5.50-to-1.00 and our actual consolidated debt coverage ratio was 5.1x. We had \$804.9 million available for borrowing and letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Agreement totaled \$3.7 million as of March 31, 2018.

Receivables Financing Agreement. NuStar Energy and NuStar Finance LLC (NuStar Finance), a special purpose entity and wholly owned subsidiary of NuStar Energy, are parties to a \$125.0 million receivables financing agreement with third-party lenders (the Receivables Financing Agreement) and agreements with certain of NuStar Energy's wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively with the Receivables Financing Agreement, the Securitization Program). The amount available for borrowing under the Receivables Financing Agreement is based on the availability of eligible receivables and other customary factors and conditions. On March 28, 2018, the Receivables Financing Agreement was amended to change the definition of Change in Control in the Receivables Financing Agreement such that the proposed Merger discussed in Note 2 will not be a Change in Control for purposes of the Receivables Financing Agreement. The amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement also limits the amount of borrowings under the Receivables Financing Agreement to \$125.0 million.

Other Debt Sources of Liquidity. Other sources of liquidity as of March 31, 2018 consist of the following:

- \$365.4 million in revenue bonds pursuant to the Gulf Opportunity Zone Act of 2005 (the GoZone Bonds), with \$42.6 million remaining in trust as of March 31, 2018, supported by \$370.2 million in letters of credit; and
- two short-term line of credit agreements with an aggregate uncommitted borrowing capacity of up to \$85.0 million, with \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding as of March 31, 2018.

We are also a party to a \$100.0 million uncommitted letter of credit agreement, which provides for standby letters of credit or guarantees with a term of up to one year (LOC Agreement). As of March 31, 2018, we had no letters of credit issued under the LOC Agreement.

Please refer to Note 5 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for a discussion of certain of our debt agreements.

Capital Requirements

Our operations require significant investments to maintain, upgrade or enhance the operating capacity of our existing assets. Our capital expenditures consist of:

- strategic capital expenditures, such as those to expand or upgrade the operating capacity, increase efficiency or increase the earnings potential of existing assets, whether through construction or acquisition, as well as certain capital expenditures related to support functions; and
- reliability capital expenditures, such as those required to maintain the existing operating capacity of existing assets or extend their useful lives, as well as those required to maintain equipment reliability and safety.

The following table summarizes our capital expenditures, and the amount we expect to spend for 2018:

	Stra	tegic Capital Expenditures (a)	Reliability Capital Expenditures (b)	Total
			(Thousands of Dollars)	
For the three months ended March 31:				
2018	\$	117,992	\$ 19,882	\$ 137,874
2017	\$	40,710	\$ 5,022	\$ 45,732
Expected for the year ended December 31, 2018		\$ 360,000 - 390,000	\$ 80,000 - 100,000	\$ 440,000 - 490,000

- (a) Strategic capital for the three months ended March 31, 2017 mainly consists of terminal expansions, while strategic capital for the three months ended March 31, 2018 consists of pipeline expansions on our Permian Crude System and terminal expansions.
- (b) Reliability capital expenditures primarily relate to maintenance upgrade projects at our terminals.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, we expect a significant portion of our strategic capital spending to relate to our Permian Crude System and a significant portion of reliability capital spending to relate to hurricane damage repairs at our St. Eustatius facility. We continue to evaluate our capital budget and make changes as economic conditions warrant, and our actual capital expenditures for 2018 may increase or decrease from the budgeted amounts. We believe cash on hand, combined with the sources of liquidity previously described, will be sufficient to fund our capital expenditures in 2018, and our internal growth projects can be accelerated or scaled back, depending on market conditions or customer demand.

Working Capital Requirements

Working capital requirements are mainly affected by our accounts receivable and accounts payable balances, which vary depending on the timing of payments.

Distributions

General Partner and Common Limited Partners. The following table reflects the allocation of total cash distributions to the general partner and common limited partners applicable to the period in which the distributions were earned:

		Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2018 2013					
	(Th	ousands of Dollars	, Excep	xcept Per Unit Data)			
General partner interest	\$	1,141	\$	2,343			
General partner incentive distribution		_		12,912			
Total general partner distribution		1,141		15,255			
Common limited partners' distribution		55,916		101,913			
Total cash distributions	\$	57,057	\$	117,168			
Cash distributions per unit applicable to common limited partners	\$	0.60	\$	1.095			

Distribution payments to our general partner and common limited partners are made within 45 days after the end of each quarter as of a record date that is set after the end of each quarter. The following table summarizes information about our quarterly cash distributions to our general partner and common limited partners:

Quarter Ended	D	Cash Distributions Per Unit		Total Cash Distributions	Record Date	Payment Date
			(Th	ousands of Dollars)		
March 31, 2018	\$	0.600	\$	57,057	May 8, 2018	May 14, 2018
December 31, 2017	\$	1.095	\$	115,267	February 8, 2018	February 13, 2018

Preferred Units. Distributions on the 8.50% Series A, 7.625% Series B and 9.00% Series C Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Units (the Preferred Units) are payable out of any legally available funds, accrue and are cumulative from the original issuance dates, and are payable on the 15th day (or next business day) of each of March, June, September and December of each year to holders of record on the first business day of each payment month.

The following table summarizes information about our quarterly cash distributions on our Preferred Units:

Period	D	Cash istributions Per Unit	:	Total Cash Distributions	Record Date	Payment Date
			((Thousands of Dollars)	_	
Series A Preferred Units:						
March 15, 2018 - June 14, 2018	\$	0.53125	\$	4,813	June 1, 2018	June 15, 2018
December 15, 2017 - March 14, 2018	\$	0.53125	\$	4,813	March 1, 2018	March 15, 2018
Series B Preferred Units:						
March 15, 2018 to June 14, 2018	\$	0.47657	\$	7,339	June 1, 2018	June 15, 2018
December 15, 2017 to March 14, 2018	\$	0.47657	\$	7,339	March 1, 2018	March 15, 2018
Series C Preferred Units:						
March 15, 2018 to June 14, 2018	\$	0.56250	\$	3,881	June 1, 2018	June 15, 2018
November 30, 2017 - March 14, 2018	\$	0.65625	\$	4,528	March 1, 2018	March 15, 2018

Debt Obligations

As of March 31, 2018, we were a party to the following debt agreements:

- Revolving Credit Agreement due October 29, 2020, with \$941.4 million of borrowings outstanding as of March 31, 2018;
- 7.65% senior notes due April 15, 2018 with a face value of \$350.0 million; 4.80% senior notes due September 1, 2020 with a face value of \$450.0 million; 6.75% senior notes due February 1, 2021 with a face value of \$300.0 million; 4.75% senior notes due February 1, 2022 with a face value of \$250.0 million; 5.625% senior notes due April 28, 2027 with a face value of \$550.0 million; and subordinated notes due January 15, 2043 with a face value of \$402.5 million and a floating interest rate;
- \$365.4 million in GoZone Bonds due from 2038 to 2041;
- · Line of credit agreements with \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding as of March 31, 2018; and
- Receivables Financing Agreement due September 20, 2020, with \$57.8 million of borrowings outstanding as of March 31, 2018.

We repaid our \$350.0 million of 7.65% senior notes due April 15, 2018 with borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement at maturity.

Effective January 15, 2018, the interest rate on NuStar Logistics' \$402.5 million of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes due January 15, 2043 switched from a fixed annual rate of 7.625%, payable quarterly in arrears, to an annual rate equal to the sum of the three-month LIBOR rate for the related quarterly interest period, plus 6.734% payable quarterly, commencing with the interest payment due April 15, 2018. As of March 31, 2018, the floating interest rate was 8.5%.

Management believes that, as of March 31, 2018, we are in compliance with the ratios and covenants contained in our debt instruments. A default under certain of our debt agreements would be considered an event of default under other of our debt instruments. Please refer to Note 5 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for a discussion of certain of our debt agreements.

Credit Ratings

The following table reflects the current outlook and ratings that have been assigned to our debt:

	Standard & Poor's Ratings Services	Moody's Investor Service Inc.	Fitch, Inc.
Ratings	BB	Ba2	BB
Outlook	Negative	Negative	Negative

The interest rate payable on the \$350.0 million of 7.65% senior notes due 2018 (the 7.65% Senior Notes) was (prior to its repayment in April 2018), and the interest rate payable on the Revolving Credit Agreement is, subject to adjustment if our credit rating is downgraded (or upgraded) by certain credit rating agencies. In February 2018, Moody's Investor Service Inc. (Moody's) lowered our credit rating from Ba1 to Ba2, which caused the interest rate on the 7.65% Senior Notes to increase by 0.25%, resulting in an interest rate of 8.65% applicable to the interest payment due April 15, 2018. This Moody's downgrade also caused the interest rate on our Revolving Credit Agreement to increase by 0.25%. In March 2018, Fitch, Inc. changed our outlook from stable to negative, which did not impact interest rates on the 7.65% Senior Notes or the Revolving Credit Agreement.

Interest Rate Swaps

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we were a party to forward-starting interest rate swap agreements for the purpose of hedging interest rate risk. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the aggregate notional amount of these forward-starting interest rate swaps was \$600.0 million. In connection with the April 2018 maturity of the 7.65% Senior Notes, we terminated forward-starting interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$350.0 million and received \$8.0 million. Please refer to Note 8 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for a more detailed discussion of our interest rate swaps.

Environmental, Health and Safety

Our operations are subject to extensive international, federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations, in the U.S. and in the other countries in which we operate, including those relating to the discharge of materials into the environment, waste management, remediation, the characteristics and composition of fuels, climate change and greenhouse gases. Our operations are also subject to extensive health, safety and security laws and regulations, including those relating to worker and pipeline safety, pipeline and storage tank integrity and operations security. Because more stringent environmental and safety laws and regulations are continuously being enacted or proposed, the level of expenditures required for environmental, health and safety matters is expected to increase in the future.

Contingencies

We are subject to certain loss contingencies, and we believe that the resolution of any particular claim or proceeding, or all matters in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position or liquidity, as further disclosed in Note 6 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements."

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Please refer to Note 9 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for a discussion of our related party transactions.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Our critical accounting policies are disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Please refer to Note 3 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for a discussion of new accounting pronouncements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

We manage our exposure to changing interest rates principally through the use of a combination of fixed-rate debt and variable-rate debt. In addition, we utilize forward-starting interest rate swap agreements to lock in the rate on the interest payments related to forecasted debt issuances. Borrowings under our variable-rate debt expose us to increases in interest rates.

In connection with the April 2018 maturity of the 7.65% Senior Notes, we terminated forward-starting interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$350.0 million and received \$8.0 million.

Please refer to Note 8 of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for a more detailed discussion of our interest rate swaps. The following tables present principal cash flows and related weighted-average interest rates by expected maturity dates for our long-term debt:

						Mare	ch 31, 2018				
			Expe	ted N	laturity Dates						
	2018	2019	2020		2021		2022		There- after	Total	Fair Value
					(Thousands o	f Doll	ars, Except Inter	est Ra	ates)		
Long-term Debt:											
Fixed-rate	\$ 350,000	\$ —	\$ 450,000	\$	300,000	\$	250,000	\$	550,000	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 1,892,855
Weighted-average interest rate	8.7%	_	4.8%		6.8%		4.8%		5.6%	6.0%	
Variable-rate	\$ _	\$ —	\$ 999,239	\$	_	\$	_	\$	767,940	\$ 1,767,179	\$ 1,772,480
Weighted-average interest rate	_	_	3.6%		_		_		5.2%	4.3%	

					I)ecem	ber 31, 2017					
			Expe	cted N	Maturity Dates							
	2018	2019	2020		2021		2022		There- after	•	Total	Fair Value
					(Thousands o	f Doll	ars, Except Inter	est R	ates)			
Long-term Debt:												
Fixed-rate	\$ 350,000	\$ —	\$ 450,000	\$	300,000	\$	250,000	\$	952,500	\$	2,302,500	\$ 2,355,535
Weighted-average interest rate	8.4%	_	4.8%		6.8%		4.8%		6.5%		6.3%	
Variable-rate	\$ _	\$ —	\$ 955,611	\$	_	\$	_	\$	365,440	\$	1,321,051	\$ 1,322,087
Weighted-average interest rate	_	_	3.1%		_		_		1.7%		2.7%	

The following table presents information regarding our forward-starting interest rate swap agreements:

	Notion	al An	nount			 Fair	Value	
_	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	Period of Hedge	Weighted-Average Fixed Rate	 March 31, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017
	(Thousan	ds of	Dollars)			(Thousand	s of Dolla	ars)
\$	350,000	\$	350,000	04/2018 - 04/2028	2.6%	\$ 5,433	\$	(5,394)
	250,000		250,000	09/2020 - 09/2030	2.8%	2,000		(4,594)
\$	600,000	\$	600,000		2.7%	\$ 7,433	\$	(9,988)

Commodity Price Risk

Since the operations of our fuels marketing segment expose us to commodity price risk, we use derivative instruments to attempt to mitigate the effects of commodity price fluctuations. The derivative instruments we use consist primarily of commodity futures and swap contracts. We have a risk management committee that oversees our trading policies and procedures and certain aspects of risk management. Our risk management committee also reviews all new risk management strategies in accordance with our risk management policy, as approved by our board of directors.

We record commodity derivative instruments in the consolidated balance sheets at fair value. We recognize mark-to-market adjustments for derivative instruments designated and qualifying as fair value hedges (Fair Value Hedges) and the related change in the fair value of the associated hedged physical inventory or firm commitment within "Cost of product sales." For derivative instruments that have associated underlying physical inventory but do not qualify for hedge accounting (Economic Hedges and Other Derivatives), we record the mark-to-market adjustments in "Cost of product sales."

The commodity contracts disclosed below represent only those contracts exposed to commodity price risk at the end of the period. Please refer to Note 8 of Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1. "Financial Statements" for the volume and related fair value of all commodity contracts.

		March 31, 2018							
			Weighte		Fair Value of				
	Contract Volumes		Pay Price		Receive Price	Current Asset (Liability)			
	(Thousands of Barrels)						(Thousands of Dollars)		
air Value Hedges:									
Futures – long:									
(refined products)	7	\$	85.36		N/A	\$	(1		
Futures – short:									
(refined products)	22		N/A	\$	84.82	\$	(4		
Swaps – long:									
(refined products)	33	\$	55.82		N/A	\$	(28		
Swaps – short:									
(refined products)	223		N/A	\$	55.38	\$	20		
conomic Hedges and Other Derivatives:									
Futures – long:									
(refined products)	1	\$	82.59		N/A	\$	_		
Futures – short:									
(refined products)	3		N/A	\$	83.91	\$	(1		
Swaps – long:									
(refined products)	363	\$	54.98		N/A	\$	91		
Swaps – short:									
(refined products)	377		N/A	\$	53.90	\$	(503		
otal fair value of open positions exposed to									
commodity price risk						\$	(426		

		Decembe	r 31,	2017		
	6	 Weighte		Fair Value of		
	Contract Volumes	Pay Price		Receive Price	Current Asset (Liability)	
	(Thousands of Barrels)					(Thousands of Dollars)
Fair Value Hedges:						
Futures – long:						
(refined products)	2	\$ 86.88		N/A	\$	_
Futures – short:						
(refined products)	5	N/A	\$	85.59	\$	(6)
Swaps – short:						
(refined products)	149	N/A	\$	55.79	\$	(106)
Economic Hedges and Other Derivatives:						
Futures – long:						
(refined products)	10	\$ 86.13		N/A	\$	7
Futures – short:						
(refined products)	14	N/A	\$	85.76	\$	(16)
Swaps – long:						
(refined products)	196	\$ 55.05		N/A	\$	264
Swaps – short:						
(refined products)	199	N/A	\$	53.76	\$	(525)
Total fair value of open positions exposed to						
commodity price risk					\$	(382)

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Our management has evaluated, with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of NuStar GP, LLC, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report, and has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2018.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6.	Exhibits	
Exhibit Number		Description
	2.01	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 7, 2018, by and among NuStar Energy L.P., Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., NuStar GP, LLC, Marshall Merger Sub LLC, Riverwalk Holdings, LLC and NuStar GP Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 8, 2018 (File No. 001-16417))
1	0.01	First Amendment to the NuStar GP, LLC Fifth Amended and Restated 2000 Long-Term Incentive Plan, dated as of February 7, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (File No. 001-16417))
1	0.02	Form of Executive Change of Control Waiver Agreement dated effective as of February 7, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (File No. 001-16417))
1	0.03	Form of Non-employee Director Change of Control Waiver Agreement dated effective as of February 7, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.40 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (File No. 001-16417))
1	0.04	Support Agreement, dated as of February 7, 2018, by and among NuStar Energy L.P., Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., NuStar GP, LLC, Marshall Merger Sub LLC, Riverwalk Holdings, LLC and NuStar GP Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 8, 2018 (File No. 001-16417))
1	0.05	Third Amendment to Receivables Financing Agreement, dated as of March 28, 2018, by and among NuStar Finance, LLC, as Borrower, NuStar Energy L.P., as initial Servicer, Mizuho Bank, Ltd. and PNC Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.01 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 28, 2018 (File No. 001-16417))
1	0.06	Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated 5-Year Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of March 28, 2018, among NuStar Logistics, L.P., NuStar Energy L.P., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and the Lenders party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.02 to NuStar Energy L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 28, 2018 (File No. 001-16417))
*1	0.07	Tenth Amendment to Letter of Credit Agreement, dated as of April 10, 2018, among NuStar Logistics, L.P., NuStar Energy L.P., the Lenders party thereto and Mizuho Bank, Ltd., as Issuing Bank and Administrative Agent
*1	2.01	Statement of Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
*3	1.01	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) of principal executive officer
*3	1.02	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) of principal financial officer
**3	2.01	Section 1350 Certification (under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) of principal executive officer
**3	32.02	Section 1350 Certification (under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) of principal financial officer
*101	.INS	XBRL Instance Document
*101.5	SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
*101.0	CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
*101.	DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
*101.1	LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
*101.	PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

^{*} Filed herewith.

^{**} Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P.

(Registrant)

By: Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., its general partner By: NuStar GP, LLC, its general partner

By: /s/ Bradley C. Barron

Bradley C. Barron

President and Chief Executive Officer

May 8, 2018

By: /s/ Thomas R. Shoaf

Thomas R. Shoaf

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

May 8, 2018

By: /s/ Jorge A. del Alamo

Jorge A. del Alamo

Senior Vice President and Controller

May 8, 2018

TENTH AMENDMENT

TO

LETTER OF CREDIT AGREEMENT

dated as of

APRIL 10, 2018

among

NUSTAR LOGISTICS, L.P.,

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P.,

The Lenders Party Hereto

and

MIZUHO BANK, LTD.,

as Issuing Bank and Administrative Agent

TENTH AMENDMENT TO LETTER OF CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS TENTH AMENDMENT TO LETTER OF CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "Tenth Amendment") dated as of April 10, 2018, is among NUSTAR LOGISTICS, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Borrower"); NUSTAR ENERGY L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "MLP"); NUSTAR PIPELINE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Subsidiary Guarantor" and, together with the Borrower and the MLP, the "Obligors"); MIZUHO BANK, LTD. (formerly known as Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.), as administrative agent (in such capacity, the "Administrative Agent") and as Issuing Bank; and the undersigned Lender (collectively, the "Lenders").

RECITALS

- A. The Borrower, the MLP, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders are parties to that certain Letter of Credit Agreement dated as of June 5, 2012 (as amended, the "Reimbursement Agreement"), pursuant to which the Issuing Bank and the Lenders have made certain extensions of credit available to the Borrower.
- B. The Subsidiary Guarantor is a party to that certain Subsidiary Guaranty Agreement dated as of June 5, 2012 made by each of the Guarantors (as defined therein) in favor of the Administrative Agent (the "Subsidiary Guaranty").
- C. The Borrower has requested and the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, and the Lenders have agreed to amend certain provisions of the Reimbursement Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants herein contained, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. Each capitalized term used herein but not otherwise defined herein has the meaning given such term in the Reimbursement Agreement. Unless otherwise indicated, all references to Sections and Articles in this Tenth Amendment refer to Sections and Articles of the Reimbursement Agreement.

Section 2. <u>Amendments to Reimbursement Agreement.</u>

2.1 <u>Amendment to Section 1.01</u>. Section 1.01 of the Reimbursement Agreement is hereby amended to delete the definition of "Maturity Date" in its entirety and replace it with the following:

"Maturity Date means June 5, 2019."

- 2.2 <u>Amendment to Schedule 3.12</u>. Schedule 3.12 (Subsidiaries) is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with Schedule 3.12 attached hereto.
- Section 3. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. This Tenth Amendment shall not become effective until the date on which each of the following conditions is satisfied (or waived in accordance with Section 10.02 of the Reimbursement Agreement) (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"):
 - 3.1 The Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, and the Lenders shall have received all fees and other amounts due and payable, if any, in connection with this Tenth Amendment on or prior to the Effective Date.

- 3.2 The Administrative Agent shall have received from the Borrower, the MLP, the Subsidiary Guarantor, the Issuing Bank and the Lenders, counterparts (in such number as may be requested by the Administrative Agent) of this Tenth Amendment signed on behalf of such Persons.
- 3.3 The Administrative Agent shall have received such other documents as the Administrative Agent or special counsel to the Administrative Agent may reasonably request.
 - 3.4 No Default shall have occurred and be continuing, after giving effect to the terms of this Tenth Amendment.

Section 4. <u>Miscellaneous</u>.

- 4.1 <u>Confirmation</u>. The provisions of the Reimbursement Agreement, as amended by this Tenth Amendment, shall remain in full force and effect following the effectiveness of this Tenth Amendment.
- 4.2 Ratification and Affirmation; Representations and Warranties. Each Obligor hereby: (a) acknowledges the terms of this Tenth Amendment; (b) ratifies and affirms its obligations under, and acknowledges, renews and extends its continued liability under, each Loan Document to which it is a party and agrees that each Loan Document to which it is a party remains in full force and effect, except as expressly amended hereby, after giving effect to the amendments contained herein; (c) agrees that from and after the Effective Date each reference to the Reimbursement Agreement in the Subsidiary Guaranty and the other Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Reimbursement Agreement, as amended by this Tenth Amendment; and (d) represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, and the Lenders that as of the date hereof, after giving effect to the terms of this Tenth Amendment: (i) all of the representations and warranties contained in each Loan Document to which it is a party are true and correct, unless such representations and warranties are stated to relate to a specific earlier date, in which case, such representations and warranties shall continue to be true and correct as of such earlier date and (ii) no Default has occurred and is continuing.
- 4.3 <u>Loan Document</u>. This Tenth Amendment is a "Loan Document" as defined and described in the Reimbursement Agreement and all of the terms and provisions of the Reimbursement Agreement relating to Loan Documents shall apply hereto.
- 4.4 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Tenth Amendment may be executed by one or more of the parties hereto in any number of separate counterparts, and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of this Tenth Amendment by facsimile transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart hereof.
- 4.5 <u>NO ORAL AGREEMENT</u>. THIS TENTH AMENDMENT, THE REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS EXECUTED IN CONNECTION HEREWITH AND THEREWITH REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT AMONG THE PARTIES AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

4.6 <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS TENTH AMENDMENT (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE VALIDITY AND ENFORCEABILITY HEREOF) SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[SIGNATURES BEGIN ON NEXT PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Tenth Amendment to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

NUSTAR LOGISTICS, L.P.

By: NuStar GP, Inc., its General Partner

By: /s/ Thomas R. Shoaf

Name: Thomas R. Shoaf

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P.

By: Riverwalk Logistics, L.P., its General

Partner

By: NuStar GP, LLC, its General Partner

By: /s/ Thomas R. Shoaf

Name: Thomas R. Shoaf

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

NUSTAR PIPELINE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP L.P.

By: NuStar Pipeline Company, LLC, its General Partner

By: /s/ Thomas R. Shoaf

Name: Thomas R. Shoaf

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

MIZUHO BANK, LTD.

(formerly known as Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.),
as Issuing Bank, as Administrative Agent.

as Issuing Bank, as Administrative Agent, and as a Lender

By: /s/ Leon Mo

Name: Leon Mo

Title: Authorized Signatory

SIGNATURE PAGE TO TENTH AMENDMENT TO LETTER OF CREDIT AGREEMENT

SCHEDULE 3.12

Subsidiaries

Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Organization	Restricted/ Unrestricted/Material	Ownership Percentage		
Bicen Development Corporation N.V.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%		
Cooperatie NuStar Holdings U.A.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%		
LegacyStar Services, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NS Security Services, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Burgos, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Caribe Terminals, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Eastham Limited	England	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Energy Services, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Finance LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar GP, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Grangemouth Limited	Scotland	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Holdings B.V.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Internacional, S de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Logistics, L.P.	Delaware	Restricted - Material	100%		
NuStar Permian Crude Logistics, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Permian Holdings, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Permian Transportation and Storage, LLC	Delaware	Restricted - Material	100%		
NuStar Pipeline Company, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Pipeline Holding Company, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Pipeline Operating Partnership L.P.	Delaware	Restricted - Material	100%		
NuStar Pipeline Partners L.P.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Refining, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Services Company LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Supply & Trading LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Antilles N.V.	Curacao	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals B.V.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Canada Co.	Canada	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Canada Holdings Co.	Canada	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Canada Partnership	Canada	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Corporation N.V.	Curacao	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Delaware, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals International N.V.	Curacao	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Limited	England	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Marine Services N.V.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals New Jersey, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals N.V.	Netherlands	Restricted - Material	100%		
NuStar Terminals Operations Partnership L.P.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Partners TX L.P.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Services, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		
NuStar Terminals Texas, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%		

Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Organization	Restricted/ Unrestricted/Material	Ownership Percentage
NuStar Texas Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	Restricted	100%
Petroburgos, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Restricted	100%
Point Tupper Marine Services Co.	Canada	Restricted	100%
Saba Company N.V.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%
Seven Seas Steamship Company (Sint Eustatius) N.V.	Netherlands	Restricted	100%
Shore Terminals LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%
ST Linden Terminal, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%
Star Creek Ranch, LLC	Delaware	Restricted	100%

NUSTAR ENERGY L.P. STATEMENT OF COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES (Thousands of Dollars, Except Ratio Data)

Three Months Ended

	March 31,			Years Ended December 31,								
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Earnings:												
Income (loss) from continuing operations before provision for income taxes and income from equity investees	\$	126,133	\$	157,901	\$	161,976	\$	320,658	\$	220,174	\$	(132,786)
Add:												
Fixed charges		54,273		190,674		154,085		150,661		153,236		149,090
Amortization of capitalized interest		504		1,871		1,722		1,573		1,385		1,216
Distributions from joint ventures		_		_		_		2,500		7,587		7,956
Less:												
Interest capitalized		(2,993)		(5,529)		(3,414)		(5,549)		(5,667)		(4,501)
Total earnings	\$	177,917	\$	344,917	\$	314,369	\$	469,843	\$	376,715	\$	20,975
Fixed charges:												
Interest expense, net	\$	47,772	\$	173,083	\$	138,350	\$	131,868	\$	132,281	\$	127,119
Interest capitalized		2,993		5,529		3,414		5,549		5,667		4,501
Rental expense interest factor (a)		3,508		12,062		12,321		13,244		15,288		17,470
Total fixed charges	\$	54,273	\$	190,674	\$	154,085	\$	150,661	\$	153,236	\$	149,090
Preferred unit distributions (b)	\$	15,990	\$	40,448	\$	1,925						
Total fixed charges plus preferred unit distributions (b)	\$	70,263	\$	231,122	\$	156,010						
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		3.3x		1.8x		2.0x		3.1x		2.5x		(c)
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges plus preferred unit distributions (b)		2.5x		1.5x		2.0x						

- (a) The interest portion of rental expense represents one-third of rents, which is deemed representative of the interest portion of rental expense.
- (b) For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we had no preferred units outstanding.
- (c) For the year ended December 31, 2013, earnings were insufficient to cover fixed charges by \$128.1 million. The deficiency included a goodwill impairment loss of \$304.5 million related to the Statia terminals reporting unit.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Bradley C. Barron, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of NuStar Energy L.P. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2018

/s/ Bradley C. Barron

Bradley C. Barron

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Thomas R. Shoaf, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of NuStar Energy L.P. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2018

/s/ Thomas R. Shoaf

Thomas R. Shoaf

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of NuStar Energy L.P. (the Partnership) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Bradley C. Barron, President and Chief Executive Officer of NuStar GP, LLC, the general partner of the general partner of the Partnership, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/ Bradley C. Barron

Bradley C. Barron President and Chief Executive Officer May 8, 2018

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of NuStar Energy L.P. (the Partnership) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Thomas R. Shoaf, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of NuStar GP, LLC, the general partner of the general partner of the Partnership, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/ Thomas R. Shoaf

Thomas R. Shoaf

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

May 8, 2018