UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 14, 2022

NuStar Energy L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

001-16417

(Commission File Number)

74-2956831 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) (Commiss

19003 IH-10 West San Antonio, Texas 78257 (Address of principal executive offices) (210) 918-2000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Delaware

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common units	NS	New York Stock Exchange
Series A Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Units	NSprA	New York Stock Exchange
Series B Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Units	NSprB	New York Stock Exchange
Series C Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Units	NSprC	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \Box

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Senior management of NuStar Energy L.P. is participating in virtual meetings with members of the investment community at the Sixth Annual Mizuho Energy Summit on Monday, March 14, 2022 and Tuesday, March 15, 2022. The slides attached to this report were prepared in connection with, and are being used during, the meetings. The slides are included in Exhibit 99.1 to this report and are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

 Exhibit Number
 EXHIBIT

 Exhibit 99.1
 Slides to be used on March 14, 2022 and March 15, 2022,

 Exhibit 104
 Cover Page Interactive Data File – the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

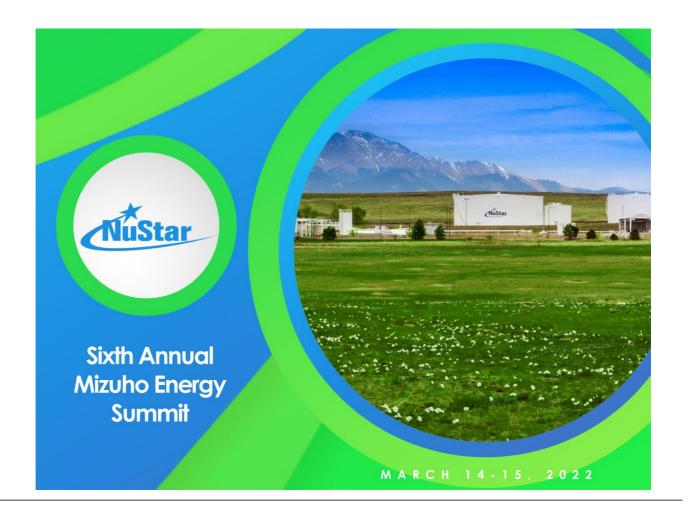
NUSTAR ENERGY L.P.

Riverwalk Logistics, L.P. its general partner

> By: NuStar GP, LLC its general partner

Date: March 14, 2022 /s/ Amy L. Perry

Amy L. Perry
Executive Vice President-Strategic Development and General Counsel Title:



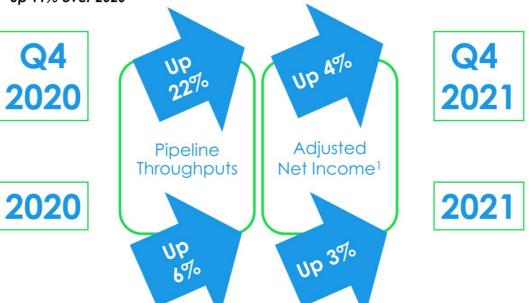
Statements contained in this presentation other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will likely vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions or other future performance presented or suggested in this presentation. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the words "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "plans," "intends," "estimates," "forecasts," "budgets," "projects," "could," "should," "may" and similar expressions. These statements reflect our current views with regard to future events and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and assumptions.

We undertake no duty to update any forward-looking statement to conform the statement to actual results or changes in the company's expectations. For more information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed or forecasted, see NuStar Energy L.P.'s annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC and available on NuStar's website at www.nustarenergy.com. We use financial measures in this presentation that are not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("non-GAAP") and our reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to GAAP financial measures are located in the appendix to this presentation. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered an alternative to GAAP financial measures.

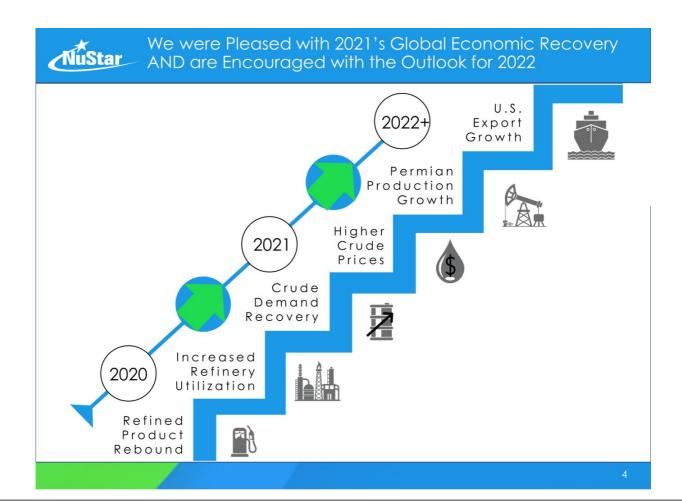


Our Solid Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2021 Results Once Again Demonstrated the Strength and Resilience of Our

★ We delivered on our promise to fund our spending with internally generated cash flows, funding 112% of our strategic capital from excess adjusted DCF¹ in 2021, up 11% over 2020



1 - Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures





We Performed Well in 2021, but We Expect an Even NuStar Stronger 2022

★ We expect 2022 adjusted EBITDA to exceed 2021 adjusted EBITDA by ~6%*, excluding divested assets, based on the midpoint of our guidance

Working for an Even Stronger

Improving: Adjusted EBITDA to \$700-750MM*

> Improving: **Debt-to-EBITDA** Ratio (Below 2021)

Improving: % of 2022 **Spending Funded** From Internally Generated Cash Flows (Over 2021)

- Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures.



We Divested Non-strategic Assets in 2020 and 2021, and We Expect to Close Our Recently Announced Sale of the Point Tupper Facility in 1H 2022

★ In 2020 and 2021, we divested of non-core assets at an attractive multiple for a total of \$356 million in proceeds

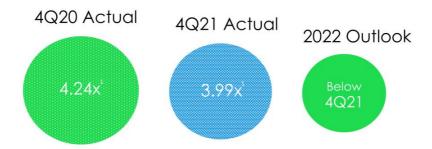


★ We expect to close on the sale of our Point Tupper terminal for \$60 million in the first half of 2022





Improving Debt-to-EBITDA



- ★ We have deployed proceeds from our assets sales to reduce debt, and our Debt-to-EBITDA ratio for year-end 2021 was below 4.0x
- ★ We plan to deploy the proceeds of the Point Tupper sale to further improve our debt metric
- * We are continuing to focus on reducing our leverage this year, and we expect to finish 2022 with our debt metric improved from year-end 2021

1 - Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures



This Year, We are Focusing 100% of Our Resources on Our Core Strategic Asset Footprint

Renewable Fuels

- · Established:
 - West Coast Network
 - Ethanol & bio-diesel blending
- · Developing:
 - Ammonia System

Refined Products

- Midcontinent
- Colorado/NM/Texas
- Northern Mexico

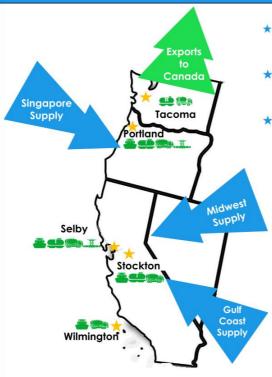
Crude Supply/Export

- Permian Crude System
- Corpus Christi Crude System
- St. James Terminal

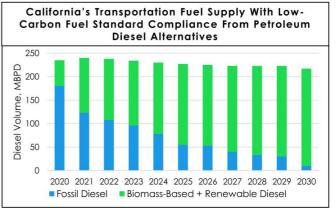




Carbon Emissions Reduction Goals Generate Growing Demand, Which Offer Realizable Opportunities for Well-positioned Midstream Logistics, Like NuStar's



- Regulatory priorities on the West Coast and in Canada continue to dramatically increase demand for renewable fuels in the region
- ★ At the same time, obtaining permits for greenfield projects is difficult, which increases the value of existing assets
- Our West Coast terminals have the access and optionality to receive and distribute renewable fuels across the West Coast



ource: ins markit 2021



We Have Captured a Significant (and Still Growing) Proportion of the Region's Renewable Fuels Supply...

NuStar's Proportionate Share of California's Renewable Fuels Market (Through 3Q 2021 Total Volume¹)

6% (iii)

BIODIESEL

17%

ETHANOL

25%



RENEWABLE DIESEL

52%



SUSTAINABLE AVIATION FUEL

- ★ We expect our market share to increase in 2022, along with associated EBITDA, as we complete additional projects presently in planning or under construction
 - We intend to convert remaining tankage to renewable fuels as the market demands
- ★ Our facilities are positioned to benefit from new production and conversion projects for renewable diesel, sustainable aviation fuel (SAF), ethanol and other renewable fuels across the region

Source: California Air Resource Board (CARB)

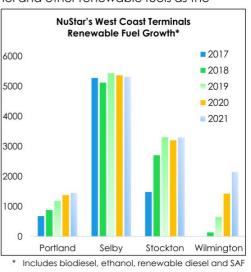
1 – Most recent available data



... And We are Partnering With Key Customers to Develop Our Renewable Fuels Network, as LCFS Mandates Expand to Additional Markets

- ★ We have established ourselves as an early mover in the renewable fuels transportation market by developing and completing a number of renewable fuels projects
- ★ These projects, in partnership with our customers on the West Coast, have allowed NuStar to capture market share and build on relationships with key global producers
 - Our facilities are positioned to benefit from new production and conversion supply projects for renewable diesel, sustainable aviation fuel (SAF), ethanol and other renewable fuels as the renewable fuels market continues to grow Complete

16116	Complete	
Portland	Convert 36,000 bbls to biodiesel	✓
Pomana	Convert 57,000 bbls to renewable diesel	✓
	Construct truck-loading for renewable diesel	✓
	Multimodal shipment of SAF	✓
Selby	Convert 208,000 to SAF	✓
	Modify rail to handle renewable feedstock offloading	✓
	Convert 30,000 bbls to biodiesel	✓
Stockton	Convert 73,000 bbls to renewable diesel and expand renewable diesel handling to all 15 rail spots	✓
	Convert 151,000 bbls to renewable diesel	2Q22 Est.
	Connect to ethanol unit train offload facility	2Q22 Est.
	Convert 160,000 bbls to renewable diesel	✓
Wilmington	Reconfigure dock for enhanced marine capability	1H25 Est.

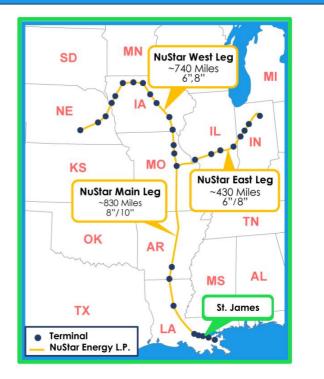


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Beyond the West Coast, We are Developing Near- and Long-term Opportunities for Our Ammonia System, Both Renewable and Conventional

- Our Ammonia Pipeline is the longest and only ammonia pipeline in the country, spanning over 2,000 miles and seven states, from Louisiana, north along the Mississippi to Missouri, and then northwest and east, to Nebraska and Indiana
- ★ Today, we provide the lowest-cost option for transporting imported and domestically produced ammonia to fertilize crops in our nation's "breadbasket"
- We have capacity available to transport additional volumes, including "blue" or "green" ammonia
 - Currently running ~30 MBPD (~3,500 STPD¹), but have capacity close to ~50 MBPD (~5,500 STPD)



12 short fons per day



Ammonia, the World's Second-most Widely Used Chemical, Offers Significant "Greening" Opportunities

- Ammonia is the basic building block for ammonium nitrate fertilizer, which releases nitrogen, an essential nutrient for growing plants
 - About 90% of the 200 million tons of ammonia (worth about \$60 billion in the aggregate) produced each year is used for fertilizer
 - About ½ of the world's food production relies on ammonia
- Traditional fossil-fuel ammonia production is estimated to contribute about 1.6% of global GHG emissions, which has driven interest in its de-carbonization
 - "Blue" ammonia is produced with natural gas, but the associated emissions are captured and stored
 - "Green" ammonia is produced using "renewable" electricity to power an electrolyser to extract hydrogen from water and an air separation unit to extract nitrogen from air, which are then combined, through a chemical reaction powered by renewable electricity, to produce ammonia
- In addition, "blue" and "green" ammonia have potential for use as <u>lower-carbon alternative fuels</u>: for engines/turbines to generate electricity, in alkaline fuel cells, as an up-to-70% blend ICE vehicles and for the maritime industry
- Ammonia can also be a lower-cost option for transporting hydrogen, which can be used for fuel cells or other applications, but ammonia is easier to transport and store than hydrogen as it doesn't require cryogenic or high-pressure storage and can be relatively easily cracked to convert it to hydrogen







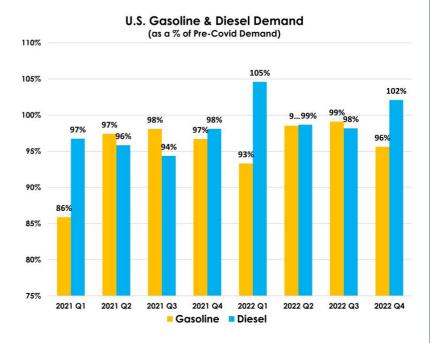


Sources: Science Magazine, IHS Markit, Argus



U.S. Gasoline and Diesel Demand was Strong Through 2021, and 2022 is Expected to be Even Stronger

- ★ Gasoline demand in the United States recovered throughout 2021 and is on track to remain near pre-Covid levels in 2022
- ★ Diesel demand is expected to exceed pre-Covid levels starting in the first quarter of 2022 and stay on track through the remainder of the year



ource: ESAI



NuStar's Refined Products Systems Serve Key Markets Across the Midcontinent and Texas...







Midcontinent Systems-

- ★ CENTRAL EAST: A 2,500-mile pipeline system with multiple delivery options
 - East Pipeline This system serves important markets across the Midwest/West, with flexible refined product supply from refineries in McPherson, Kansas, El Dorado, Kansas and Ponca City, Oklahoma
 - North Pipeline System flows from North Dakota to the Twin Cities, serving both rural markets and large cities with refined product supply from Mandan, North Dakota refinery
- CENTRAL WEST: Comprised of over 2,200 miles of pipeline with structural exclusivity, serving markets in Texas and nearby states supplied from the McKee, Texas refinery

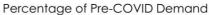
South Texas Systems-

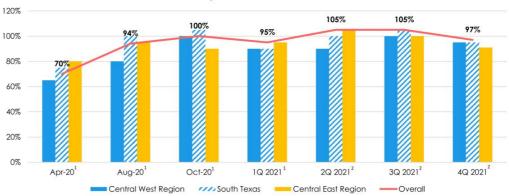
★ Around 700 miles of pipeline with structural exclusivity, primarily serving markets in Texas and northern Mexico supplied from refineries located in Corpus Christi and Three Rivers, Texas



... And Our Markets Have Proven Resilient (and are Expected to Continue to See Strong, Consistent Demand)

Total Refined Products





- ★ Our resilient asset base recovered quickly from April 2020's pandemic low
- ★ Our refined product throughputs are up 9% over 4Q 2020
- ★ Full-year 2021 refined product throughputs were approximately <u>105%</u>² of our full-year 2019 (pre-Covid) levels

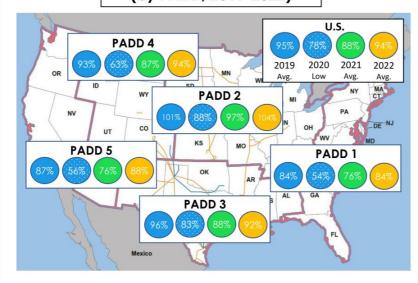
– Comparison of year-over-year demand; applicable periods adjusted for Northern Mexico projects for a comparable presentation; includes on-road product emand in our storage system

2 - Comparison of 2019 versus 2021: adjusted for Northern Mexico projects; includes on-road product demand in our storage system



U.S. Refinery Utilization has Risen Along With Rebounding Product Demand

U.S. Refinery Utilization (by PADD, 2019-2022)



- ★ At the end of 2021, U.S. refinery utilization reached 88% and is currently expected to average 94% in 2022, which is in line with pre-pandemic levels
- ★ USGC refiners' location is expected to continue to provide several advantages, relative to other U.S. regions:
 - Better access to lowerpriced natural gas, which should mitigate seasonal volatility
 - Capacity to upgrade heavy fuel oil
 - Better access to export markets for refined products

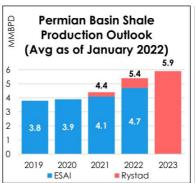
source: ESAI 17

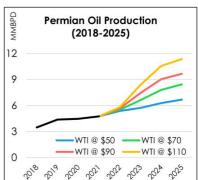
Crude Supply/Export

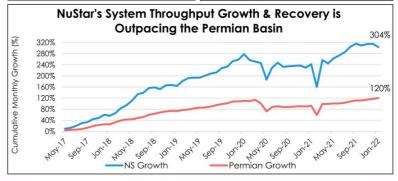


The Permian Basin is Leading U.S. Shale Rebound, With Our Permian System Continuing to Outperform

- ★ Because of its superior geology and low breakeven costs, the Permian Basin's shale production:
 - Exited 2021 at 4.6 MMBPD, representing approximately 58% of the nation's total shale output
 - Projected to exit 2022 at 4.9 MMBPD, representing 6% growth compared to 2021 exit
- As of January, our system's throughput volumes are now up 41% above Covid lows, while the rest of the Permian is up 28% from Covid lows
- We exited 2021 at approximately 520 MBPD (above our guidance of 514 MBPD) and expect to exit 2022 between 560 and 570 MBPD







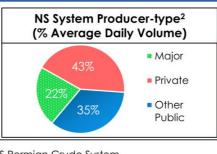
Source: EIA Drilling Productivity Report (February 2022), Rystad, ESAI

NuStar

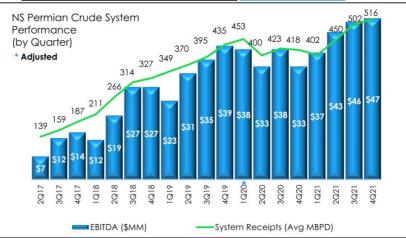
Crude Supply/Expor

Our "Core of the Core" Location has Attracted Top-Tier Customers Whose Activity is Supporting Steady Growth

- ★ The quality of geological formations underlying our system attracts the strongest customers
 - ~72% of our system's revenue is generated from investment-grade (IG) rated and Non-IG BB-rated entities¹
- ★ We averaged 516 MBPD in 4Q21 (our best quarter since we acquired the system in 2017) and exited 2021 at approximately 520 MBPD
- ★ Our producers have averaged around 20-25 rigs throughout 2021 and have around 20% of the total Permian drilleduncompleted (DUCs) wells on the system, which provide an important platform for growth



Producer Average Cost of Debt, Weighted by Acreage: 4.8%³



Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financion measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures

1 – For the year ended December 31, 2021 2 – For the month ended December 31, 20

3 – As of February 23, 2022



Producers in the Basin Are Once Again Bullish on Permian Growth, Strength & Resiliency

ExonMobil

"So we grew our Permian production from 2020 to 2021 by over 25%. Our expectation as we go into 2022 is to grow another 25%. And that's doing that with a very tight control on capital."



"We expect liquids to account for 47% of our revenue mix, up from 40% in 2021. We plan to accomplish this by weighing more capital to our oil and liquids-rich areas, with 49% in the Permian, 7% in the Anadarko, and 44% in Marcellus." "In the Permian, we expect to run six rigs and two completion crews during 2022. This is a modest increase in activity coupled with a 7% increase in dollars per foot to \$865 per foot at the midpoint."

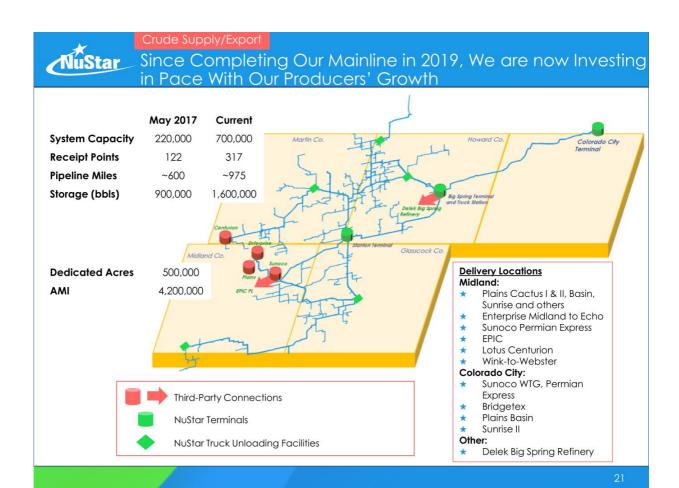


"I think 2022 Permian production will be a little bit better than we showed at our Investor Day last March and, roughly speaking, up around maybe 10% compared to full year average in 2021."
"... we're going to see a 50% increase in wells put on production in 2022 versus 2021."



"We talked in our 10-year plan of a growth rate for our Permian in the high-single digits." "You've seen our operated production grow more than 35% in the Permian since we did the Shell deal and other things."

Source: 4Q 2021 Earnings Call Transcripts

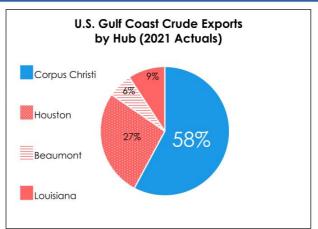


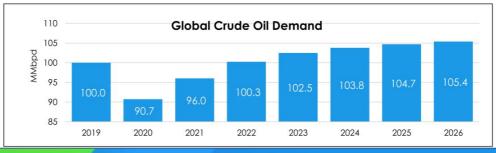


As Global Demand Recovers in 2022, Corpus Christi is the Hub Best Positioned to Benefit From Future Growth

★ Corpus Christi remained the dominant Gulf Coast crude exports hub across 2020 and 2021, capturing 58% of the U.S. Gulf Coast's total export volumes

- With global demand recovering in 2022, U.S. Gulf Coast exports are also expected rebound to pre-pandemic levels in the second half of 2022
- ★ The Port of Corpus Christi's expansion project is augmenting Corpus Christi's position as the U.S.'s primary crude oil export hub as the first stages of that project are completed in 2023





Source: RBN Energy, ESAI



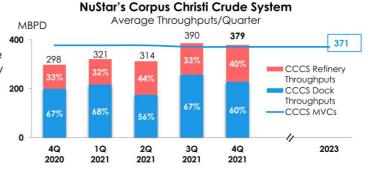
Crude Supply/Export

Our Corpus Christi Crude System's MVCs- for Export and Local Refinery Supply- Provide Strength & Stability

★ The heart of our Corpus Christi Crude System is our North Beach Terminal, which receives barrels from our South Texas Crude Oil Pipeline System, our 12" Three Rivers Supply Pipeline and our 30" pipeline from Taft, as well as from third-party pipeline connections

In-bound Capacity Storage Capacity Outbound Capacity TOTAL: 1.2MMBPD TOTAL: 3.9MMbbl TOTAL: 1.2MMBPD • South Texas Crude System 16" • Potential expansion EXPORT DOCKS-750MBPD to Pipeline - 240MBPD 0.4MMbbl 1.0MMBPD • Taft 30"- 720MBPD and • REFINERY SUPPLY- 220MBPD expandable Harvest 16" Pipeline - 240MBPD

- ★ Unlike most other midstream operators in the Port of Corpus Christi, NuStar provides unparalleled optionality for marine exports <u>and</u> extensive connectivity to local refineries
- U.S. shale production growth and improving global demand will drive the recovery and growth in our CCCS volumes





Our St. James Facility's Storage and Extensive Connectivity, via Pipeline, Marine and Rail, Position NuStar for Growth

Pipeline



Connections:

- ✓ 48" LOCAP 2.0MMBPD
- 40" Capline Reversal (currently inservice) – 102MBPD
- ✓ 24" Bayou Bridge 456MBPD
- ✓ 20" Ship Shoal 360MBPD
- √ 18" Zydeco 360MBPD
- ✓ 16" Crimson Bonefish 108MBPD
- √ 30" Marathon Garyville 530MBPD
- ✓ 24" Maurepas Pipeline 380MBPD
- ✓ 24" XOM Baton Rouge 350MBPD
- ✓ 16" XOM North Line 150MBPD
- In 2019, Bayou Bridge began bringing WTI light, Bakken and Canadian barrels
- In January 2022, Capline owners reversed its service to bring heavy Canadian crude for use in regional refineries and export

Marine



Three Docks:

- Dock 1 inland barge dock (bidirectional)
- Dock 2 ship dock (bidirectional) Aframax capable
- Dock 5 ship dock (receipt only) Light-Loaded Suezmax capable

Rail



Two Unit Train Facilities:

- 240 unloading spots with track to store four additional unit trains
- Capable of unloading light, sweet crude oil at 18MBPH and heavy diluted crude oil at 8MBPH
- Strong customer interest in developing steam to facilitate unloading different grades of oil
- We have customer commitments for 30MBPD through April 2022, and we are currently negotiating renewals that include unit train optionality
- Growth in global demand and North American crude production will drive increased export opportunities
- Recent deepening of Mississippi River will allow for diversified interest
- We expect to be able to expand to 34MBPH with modest capital spend and our current loading capacity is 20MBPH



In 2022, We Will Continue to Focus on NuStar's Strategic Priorities Across Our Business

Our Strategic Priorities:

1.

Optimizing
Our
Business to
Increase
Cash Flow

2.

Reducing Our Debt 3.

Promoting Our ESG Excellence





APPENDIX

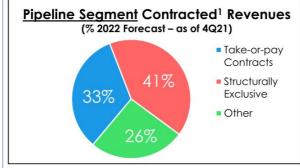
NuStar NuStar By-the-numbers

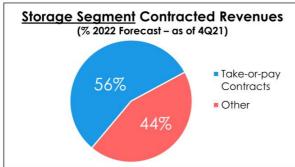


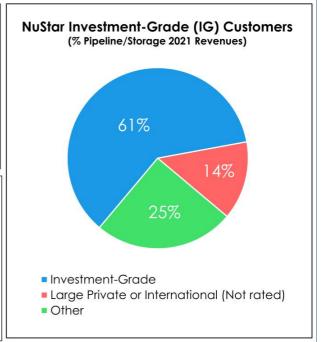
1. As of March 9, 2022 2. Average daily volume for the quarter ended December 31, 2021



NuStar Long-term Commitments From Creditworthy Customers





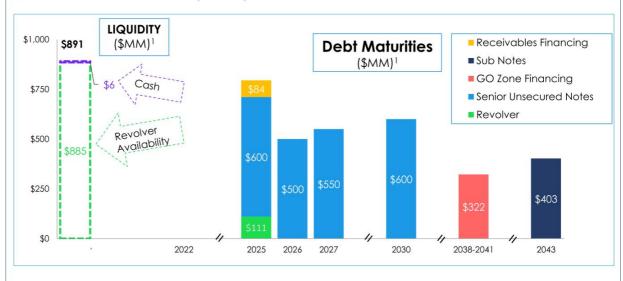


1 - committed through take or pay contracts or through structural exclusivity (uncommitted lines serving refinery customers with no competition)



Liquidity and Debt Maturity Schedule

- ★ In January 2022, we extended the term our \$1.0 billion revolver through April 2025 and our receivables financing agreement through January 2025
- ★ We utilized proceeds from the sale of the Eastern U.S. Terminals to pay-off our February 2022 bond maturities in November 2021
- ★ This clears our debt maturity runway until 2025



1 - Balances as of December 31, 2021; debt maturities reflect January 2022 term extensions of revolver and receivables financing agreement



Capital Structure as of December 31, 2021 (\$ in Millions)

\$1.0B Credit Facility	\$	111
NuStar Logistics Notes (5.625%)		550
NuStar Logistics Notes (5.75%)		600
NuStar Logistics Notes (6.00%)		500
NuStar Logistics Notes (6.375%)		600
NuStar Logistics Sub Notes		403
GO Zone Bonds		322
Receivables Financing		84
Finance Lease Liability		52
Other	_	(38)
Total Debt	\$3	3,184

Common Equity and AOCI	\$ 226
Series A, B and C Preferred Units	756
Series D Preferred Units	<u>616</u>
Total Equity ¹	1,598
Total Capitalization	<u>\$4,782</u>



- Credit facility availability ~\$855MM
- Debt-to-EBITDA ratio² 3.99x

1 - Total Equity includes Partners' and Mezzanine Equity (Series D Preferred Units)
 2 - Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Information

NuStar Energy L.P. utilizes financial measures, such as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), distributable cash flow (DCF) and distribution coverage ratio, which are not defined in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Management believes these financial measures provide useful information to investors and other external users of our financial information because (i) they provide additional information about the operating performance of the partnership's assets and the cash the business is generating, (ii) investors and other external users of our financial statements benefit from having access to the same financial measures being utilized by management and our board of directors when making financial, operational, compensation and planning decisions and (iii) they highlight the impact of significant transactions. We may also adjust these measures and/or calculate them based on continuing operations, to enhance the comparability of our performance across periods.

Our board of directors and management use EBITDA and/or DCF when assessing the following: (i) the performance of our assets, (ii) the viability of potential projects, (iii) our ability to fund distributions, (iv) our ability to fund capital expenditures and (v) our ability to service debt. In addition, our board of directors uses EBITDA, DCF and a distribution coverage ratio, which is calculated based on DCF, as some of the factors in its compensation determinations. DCF is used by the master limited partnership (MLP) investment community to compare partnership performance. DCF is used by the MLP investment community, in part, because the value of a partnership unit is partially based on its yield, and its yield is based on the cash distributions a partnership can pay its unitholders

None of these financial measures are presented as an alternative to net income, or for any periods presented reflecting discontinued operations, income from continuing operations. They should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for a measure of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) to adjusted net income (in thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Er	Three Months Ended December 31,			Year Ended December 31,				
	2021	2020		2021		2020			
Net income (loss)	\$ 57,518	\$ 15,532	\$	38,225	\$	(198,983)			
Asset impairment losses	_	_		154,908		_			
Goodwill impairment losses	_	a .		34,060		225,000			
Loss on sale of Texas City terminals	_	34,697				34,697			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	9	2	_		141,746			
Gains from insurance recoveries and other	(5,488)		-	(14,860)		3,963			
Adjusted net income	\$ 52,030	\$ 50,229	\$	212,333	\$	206,423			



The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) to EBITDA, DCF, adjusted DCF, excess adjusted DCF and excess adjusted DCF over strategic capital expenditures (in thousands of dollars, except percentage data):

A CONTRACTOR OF SECTION SECTIO		Year Ended	Decembe	er 31,
		2021		2020
Net income (loss)	\$	38,225	\$	(198,983)
Interest expense, net		213,985		229,054
Income tax expense		3,888		2,663
Depreciation and amortization expense		274,380		285,101
EBITDA	· · ·	530,478		317,835
Interest expense, net		(213,985)		(229,054)
Reliability capital expenditures		(40,266)		(38,572)
Income tax expense		(3,888)		(2,663)
Long-term incentive equity awards (a)		11,959		9,295
Preferred unit distributions		(127,399)		(124,882)
Asset impairment losses		154,908		_
Goodwill impairment losses		34,060		225,000
Other items (b)		(12,833)		36,967
DCF		333,034		193,926
Loss on extinguishment of debt		9 -		141,746
Adjusted DCF	\$	333,034	\$	335,672
Less: distributions applicable to common limited partners		175,470		174,873
Excess adjusted DCF	s	157,564	\$	160,799
Strategic capital expenditures	\$	140,867	\$	159,507
Excess adjusted DCF over strategic capital expenditures		112 %		101 %

⁽a) We intend to satisfy the vestings of these equity-based awards with the issuance of our common units. As such, the expenses related to these awards are considered non-cash and added back to DCF. Certain awards include distribution equivalent rights (DERs). Payments made in connection with DERs are deducted from DCF.

⁽b) For the year ended December 31, 2021, other items includes gains from insurance recoveries of \$14.9 million related to damage caused by a fire in 2019 at our Selby terminal. For year ended December 31, 2020, other items includes a \$34.7 million non-cash loss from the sale of our Texas City terminals in December 2020.



The following is a reconciliation of EBITDA to adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, excluding divested assets for the Eastern U.S. terminals, which were sold in October 2021 (in thousands of dollars).

		Year Ended ember 31, 2021
EBITDA	\$	530,478
Asset impairment losses		154,908
Goodwill impairment loss		34,060
Gain from insurance recoveries		(14,860)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	704,586
Divested assets:		
Operating loss	\$	(121,954)
Depreciation and amortization expense		14,893
EBITDA of divested assets		(107,061)
Asset and goodwill impairment losses		129,771
Adjusted EBITDA of divested assets	\$	22,710
Adjusted EBITDA, excluding divested assets	\$	681,876
The following is a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA (in thousands of dollars):		
	Projected Dece	for the Year Ended mber 31, 2022
Net income	\$	207,000 - 225,000
Interest expense, net		200,000 - 210,000
Income tax expense		3,000 - 5,000
Depreciation and amortization expense		250,000 - 260,000
EBITDA	<i>2</i> /	660,000 - 700,000
Non-cash write-down primarily due to accumulated foreign currency translation losses		40,000 - 50,000
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	700,000 - 750,000



The following is the reconciliation for the calculation of our Consolidated Debt Coverage Ratio, as defined in our revolving credit agreement (the Revolving Credit Agreement) (in thousands of dollars, except ratio data):

	Year Ended Decer			cember 31,			
	<u> </u>	2021		2020			
Operating income	\$	236,454	\$	209,102			
Depreciation and amortization expense		274,380		285,101			
Asset impairment losses		154,908		_			
Goodwill impairment losses		34,060		225,000			
Equity awards (a)		14,209		11,477			
Pro forma effects of dispositions (b)		(22,710)		(9,102)			
Other		1,762		(2,496)			
Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement	\$	693,063	\$	719,082			
Total consolidated debt	\$	3,168,940	\$	3,581,640			
NuStar Logistics' floating rate subordinated notes		(402,500)		(402,500)			
Available Cash Netting Amount, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement				(128,625)			
Consolidated Debt, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement	\$	2,766,440	\$	3,050,515			
Consolidated Debt Coverage Ratio (Consolidated Debt to Consolidated EBITDA)		3 99x		4 24x			

⁽a) This adjustment represents the non-cash expense related to the vestings of equity-based awards with the issuance of our common units.

⁽b) For the year ended December 31, 2021, this adjustment represents the pro forma effect of the disposition of the Eastern U.S. terminals, as if we had completed the sale on January 1, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2020, this adjustment represents the pro forma effect of the disposition of the Texas City terminals, as if we had completed the sale on January 1, 2020.



										Three Mon	ths	Ended								
	J	une 30, 2017	,	Sept. 30, 2017		Dec. 31, 2017		Mar. 31, 2018	J	June 30, 2018	S	Sept. 30, 2018		Dec. 31, 2018	-	Mar. 31, 2019	J	June 30, 2019	S	ept. 30, 2019
Operating (loss) income	\$	(3,424)	\$	1,050	\$	650	\$	(1,847)	\$	3,605	\$	11,546	\$	10,878	\$	5,358	\$	13,543	\$	17,280
Depreciation and amortization expense		10,227		11,005		13,165		13,477		15,059	16	15,235		16,589		17,647		17,182		18,114
EBITDA		6,803		12,055		13,815		11,630		18,664		26,781		27,467		23,005		30,725		35,394
Goodwill impairment loss		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	6,803	\$	12,055	\$	13,815	\$	11,630	\$	18,664	\$	26,781	\$	27,467	\$	23,005	\$	30,725	\$	35,394
	_									Three Mor	_	2.10.0000000					_			
		Dec. 31, 2019		Mar. 31, 2020		June 30, 2020		Sept. 30, 2020		Dec. 31, 2020	3	Mar. 31, 2021	•	June 30, 2021		Sept. 30, 2021		Dec. 31, 2021		
Operating income (loss) Depreciation and amortization	\$	21,132	\$	(106,476)	\$	14,481	\$	17,627	\$	13,523	\$	16,912	\$	22,767	\$	25,515	\$	26,901		
expense	_	18,154	_	18,606	_	18,928	_	20,115	_	19,579	_	19,694	_	19,843	_	20,035	_	20,013		
EBITDA		39,286		(87,870)		33,409		37,742		33,102		36,606		42,610		45,550		46,914		
Goodwill impairment loss		_		126,000		_		_		_		_		_		_		-		

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SUSTAINABILITY

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For additional information about corporate sustainability at NuStar, visit https://sustainability.nustarenergy.com/