

Forward-Looking Statements



Statements contained in this presentation other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will likely vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions or other future performance presented or suggested in this presentation. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the words "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "plans," "intends," "estimates," "forecasts," "budgets," "projects," "could," "should," "may" and similar expressions. These statements reflect our current views with regard to future events and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and assumptions.

We undertake no duty to update any forward-looking statement to conform the statement to actual results or changes in the company's expectations. For more information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed or forecasted, see NuStar Energy L.P.'s annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC and available on NuStar's website at www.nustarenergy.com. We use financial measures in this presentation that are not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("non-GAAP") and our reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to GAAP financial measures are located in the appendix to this presentation. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered an alternative to GAAP financial measures.



In 2018, We Completed Our Stepped Plan to Achieve the Characteristics the MLP Sector Demands



Strong Coverage



Lower Leverage



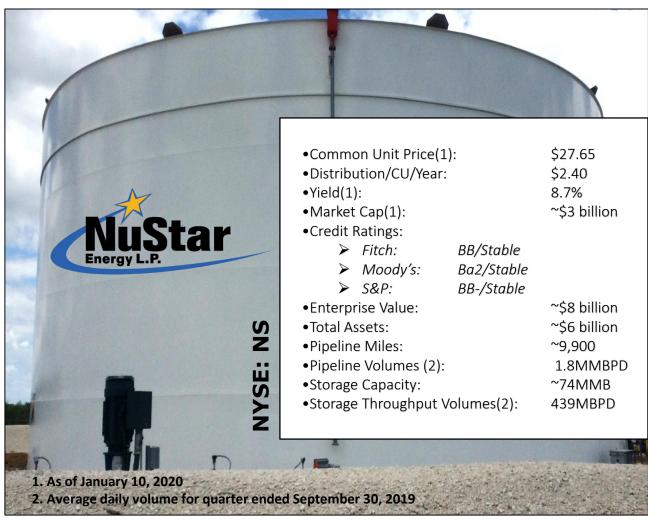
Simplified Structure/
Governance



No IDR Burden



Maximized Self-Funding



In 2019, We Met or Surpassed Each of Our Core Operational Goals





Effective project execution

#2-

Strict financial discipline

#3-

Continued HSE excellence

2019 Project Completion

Selby Renewable Diesel

Stockton Biodiesel

Permian Sunrise Connection

Midland Connection Projects

Wichita Falls/Hewitt/Sunrise Project

St. James/Bayou Bridge Connection

Corpus Early Service Export on 16"

Corpus Full-service Export on 30"

Valley System Project

Nuevo Laredo Early Service Project*

Gray Oak/Hwy 97 Connection

Portland Biodiesel/Renewable Diesel

* Nuevo Laredo Full-Service Project (on schedule Feb '20)

2019 Project Spending

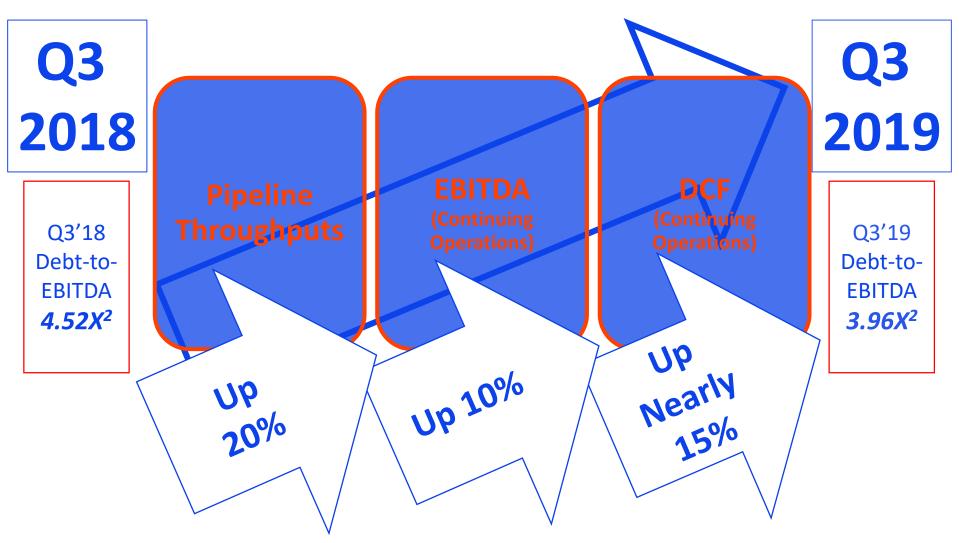
Initial: \$500-550MM Revised: \$485-515MM

2019 Health & Safety

Even through an ambitious capital program in 2019, we had fewer recordables and a lower TRIR than in 2018 (and our 2018 safety statistics were significantly better than industry averages)

NuStar's Third Quarter 2019 Results Demonstrated Our Consistent Progress and Solid Growth in 2019...





- 1 Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures
- 2 Based on a rolling four quarters

... And We Expect to Meet or Surpass All Our 2019 Financial Goals

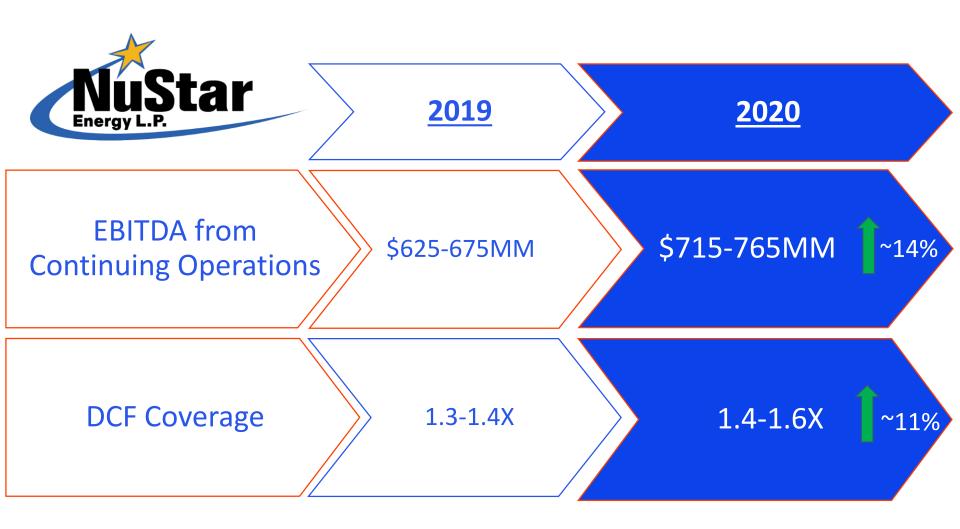


- ★ In July, we closed on the sale of the St. Eustatius operations for a healthy double-digit multiple, and we deployed those proceeds to lower our debt further and to help fund the high-return, low-multiple projects comprising our 2019 strategic capital program
- ★ With the sale of the St. Eustatius operations, we:
 - Reduced our op-ex by about \$30MM for the remainder of 2019
 - Reduced our 2019 reliability capital by about \$10MM
 - Simplified and de-risked our business overall
 - Improved both our forecasted 2019 debt-to-EBITDA and our DCF coverage

<u>Previo</u>	ous Guidance	Current	Guidance
2019 DCF COVERAGE	1.2-1.3X	1	1.3-1.4X
2019 Debt-to-EBITDA	~4.3X		~4.0X

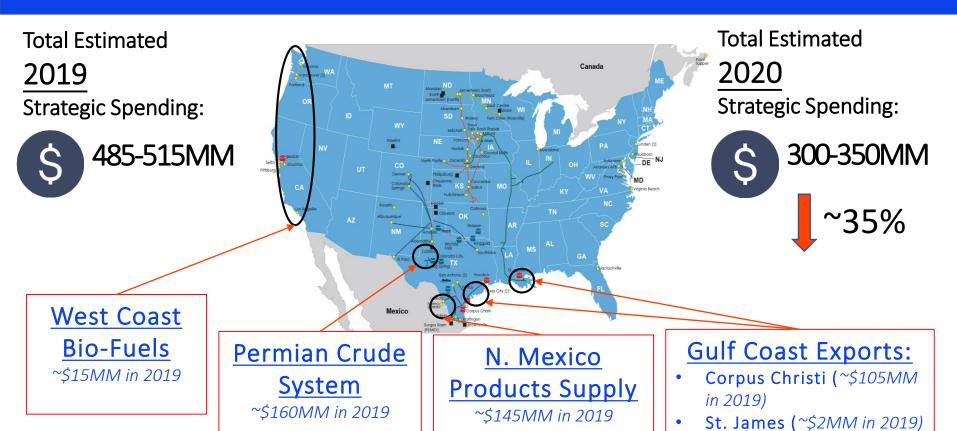
We Expect to Report Strong Results for 2019, and 2020 Looks Even Stronger





Our 2020 Strategic Spending Will Target Low-multiple Projects to Continue to Expand on NuStar's "Sweet Spots"



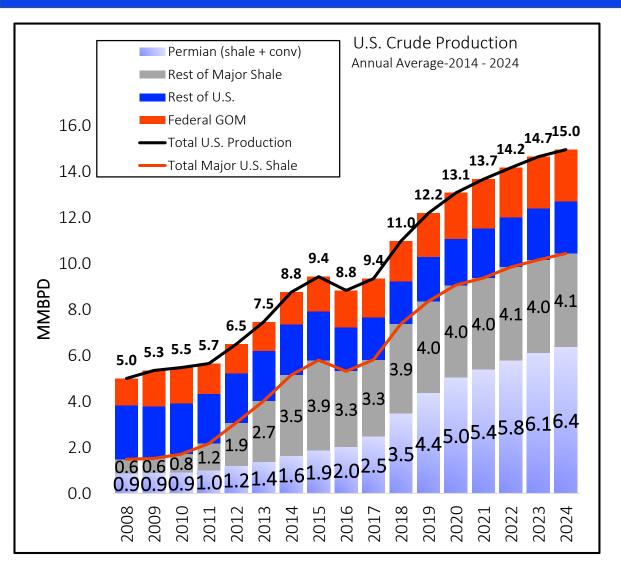


- ★ We plan to spend about 35% less in 2020 on capital projects than we did in 2019, as our planned strategic capex returns to our historic range
- ★ This year, we are continuing to execute low-multiple projects to enhance our existing footprint in the same key areas of opportunity we invested in during 2019



The U.S. is Now the Global Leader in Crude Production





- ★ U.S. total crude production is now expected to grow to 13.3 MMBPD by the end of 2020
- ★ The United States was a net exporter in late 2019 and is expected to become a sustainable net exporter in 2020
- ★ U.S. production growth is expected to continue to be driven by shale production growth through 2024

Source: EIA, ESAI

The Permian Basin Has Been, and Is Expected to Continue to be, the Largest and Most Resilient U.S. Shale Play...

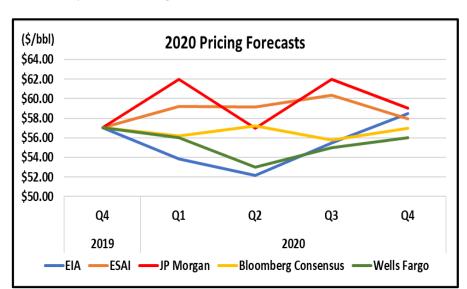


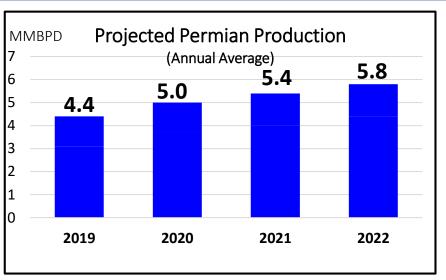
Even with widely publicized concerns regarding E&P capital spending cuts, the Permian Basin's production growth is still expected:

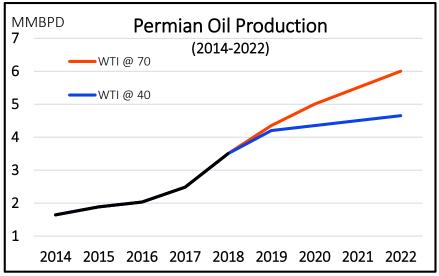
To exit 2020 at 5.2MMbpd, over 50% of the nation's total shale output

To exit 2023 at 6.2MMbpd

★ Even well below the forecasted \$50-60 WTI price range, Permian production would be expected to grow

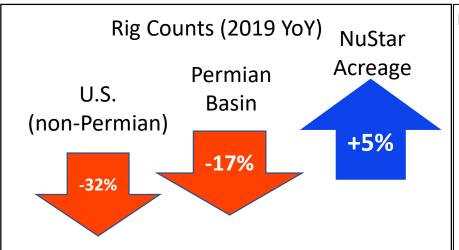


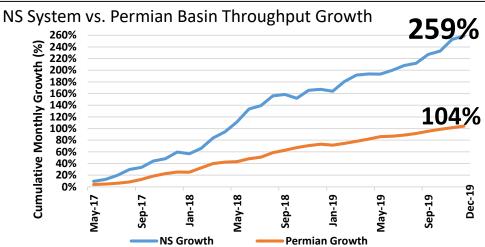




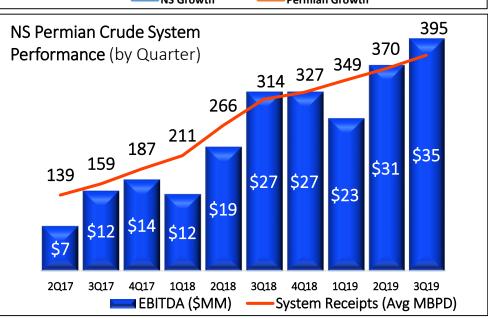
... And NuStar's System Continues to Outperform the Permian Basin







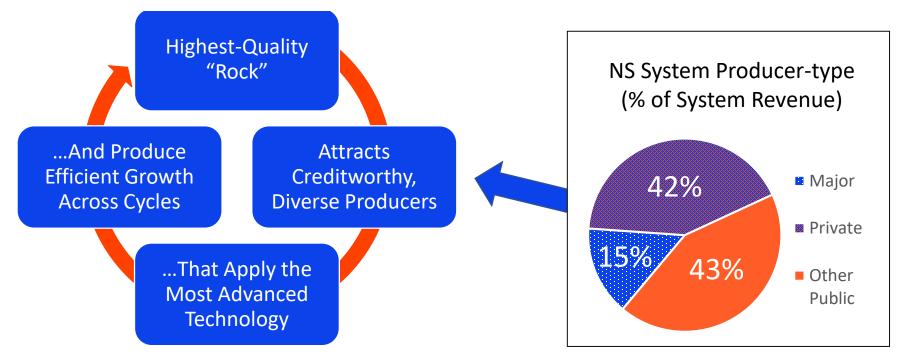
- ★ Our system's throughput volumes are up 259% since we acquired it, compared to 104%, the Permian Basin's growth over that period
- ★ We averaged 448MBPD in December 2019, and we exited the year at over 460MBPD
- ★ We received nominations for 475MBPD for January
 - ☆ We expect to achieve throughput of over 550MBPD by year-end 2020



Our System's Strong Performance Demonstrates Our "Core of the Core" Location and Our Top-Tier, Creditworthy Customers



- ★ The quality of geological formations underlying our system attracts the strongest customers
 - Our creditworthy customers include majors and the most prolific E&Ps, both private and public, in the basin, as well as large independent refiners and marketers
 - Over 45% of our system's revenue is generated from investment-grade rated entities¹

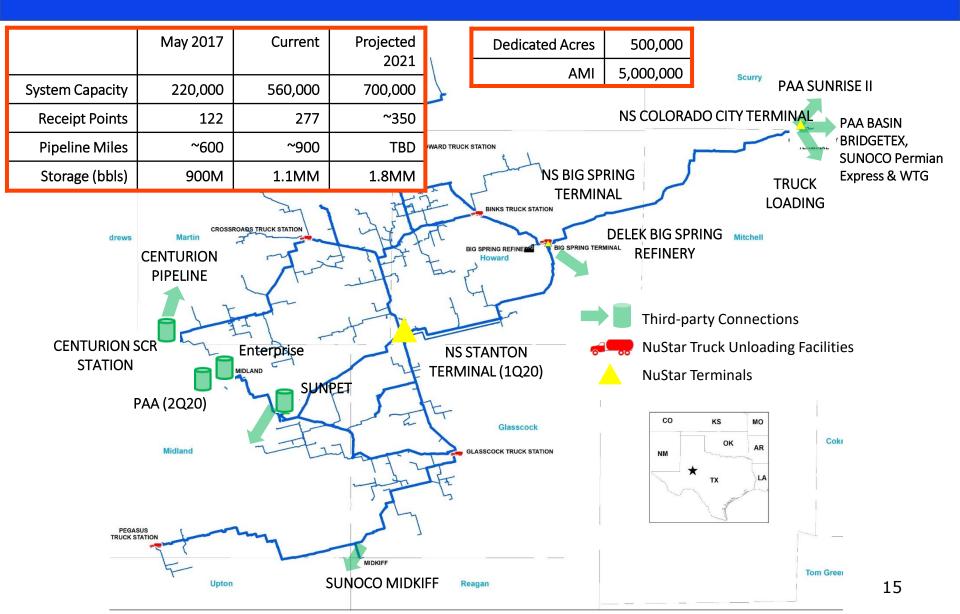


★ Our top-quality customers, in turn, drive and insulate our system's continued development and strong growth

1 – September 30, 2019 YTD 14

We Plan to Continue to Expand and Connect Our Permian Crude System, in Step With Our Customers' Needs

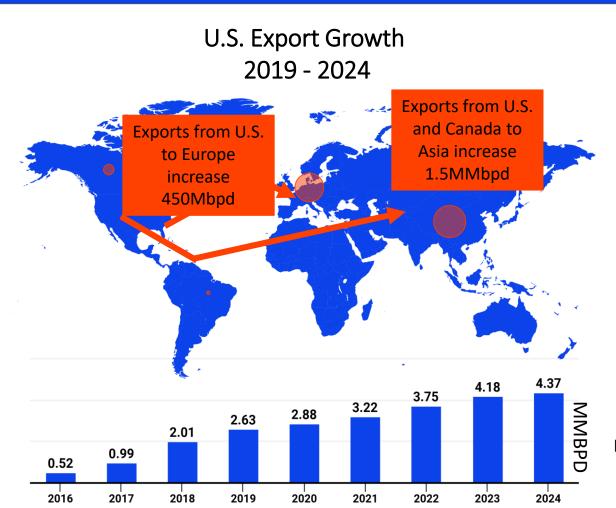






U.S. Crude Exports are Expected to Ramp Dramatically as Permian Production Exceeds U.S. Refiners' Demands





2.2MMbpd New capacity from Permian long-haul projects in-service late 2019 and early 2020



1.7MMbpd or 66% Growth in U.S. exports between 2019 and 2024



4Q 2020 United States expected to become a sustainable net exporter



Midstream Solutions

Ensuring that exports and related infrastructure keeps pace with that expected growth represents the next large-scale logistics dislocation requiring midstream solutions

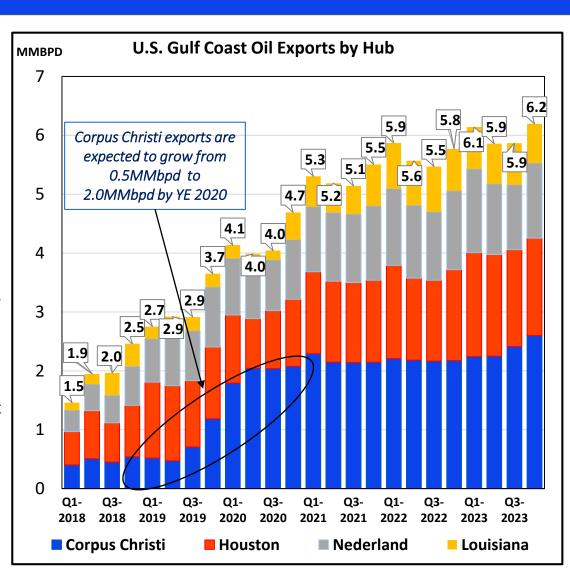


Sources: ESAI, RBN Energy

The Port of Corpus Christi has Become the Largest U.S. Crude Export Hub



- Regional refiners' consumption has topped out, which means that a significant proportion of the volumes to be transported on the additional 2.1MMbpd of new long-haul pipeline capacity from the Permian to the Corpus area commencing partial service during 2H 2019 will be moved out over Corpus dock facilities
- ★ Corpus Christi, historically a regional refinery and domestic marine delivery hub, has evolved into a major crude oil export hub
 - In 2018, Corpus Christi represented 21% of the total 712MMbbls Gulf Coast exports
 - By year-end 2023, exports from Corpus are projected to grow to 2.6MMbpd of the Gulf Coast's total 6.3MMbpd

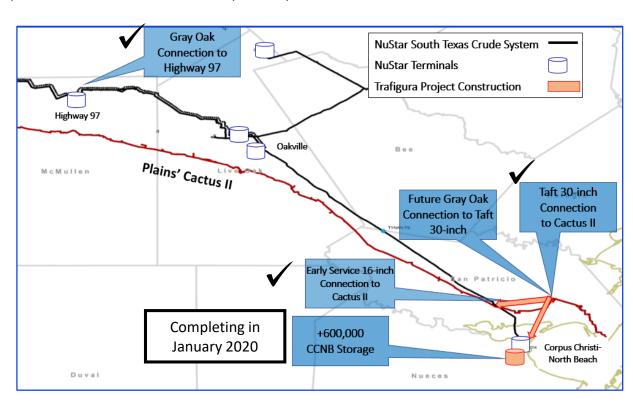


Source: EIA, Rystad Energy (October 2019), IEA

We Have Expanded on Our Existing Assets in South Texas to Export Permian Barrels for Trafigura From Our Corpus Christi Facility



- ★ We have completed our project for Trafigura to connect our existing South Texas Crude System with PAA's Cactus II to transport Permian barrels to our Corpus Christi North Beach facility for export:
 - In August, we began transporting WTI via our South Texas system 16" existing pipeline from a connection to PAA's Cactus II pipeline to our Corpus Christi North Beach Terminal
 - In early September, we completed construction on a new 30" pipeline from a connection in Taft, TX to our Corpus Christi North Beach Terminal and continue to build 600Mbbls of storage at Corpus Christi, which will bring our capacity at the facility to 3.9MMbbls

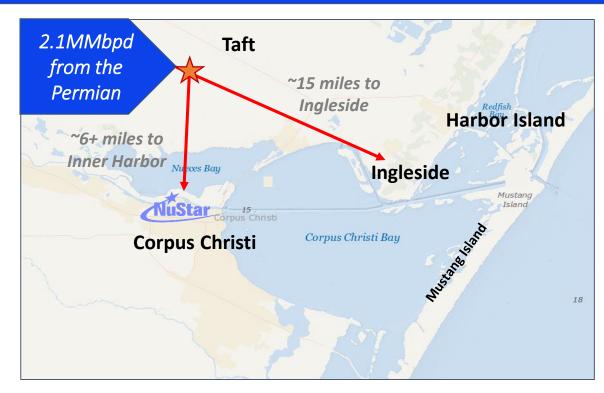


- ★ Taft, TX will be the point of convergence for all three new pipelines and offers shipper optionality to deliver to either side of the ship channel (Ingleside or Corpus Christi)
 - We are in discussions to connect to other long-haul pipeline projects and with parties for additional commitments

Our Connection Facility Establishes Our Footprint in Taft, Texas, the Emerging South Texas Crude Oil Hub



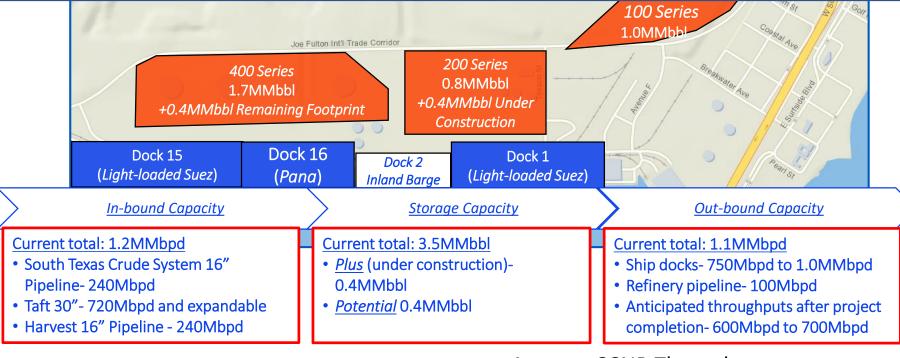
- ★ The Permian long-haul pipeline projects were developed to maximize shippers' destination optionality, and Taft, Texas offers both geographic flexibility and less expensive real estate
 - ★ Taft's location offers a jumping off point for connections on either side of the Corpus Christi Ship Channel (Ingleside or the Inner Harbor)



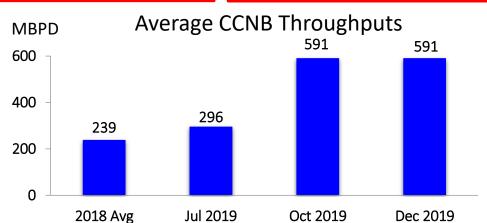
- As the point of convergence for all three of the Permian-to-Corpus Christi long-haul pipelines and with developing access to multiple marine and refinery outlets, Taft is poised to become the major crude oil market hub in South Texas
- ★ Our connection to Cactus II in Taft not only enables our services for Trafigura; it also positions NuStar to build on our early entry into this developing hub
- ★ We believe there will be ample volumes to support an expansion of our initial Taft footprint

NuStar's Corpus Christi North Beach Terminal is Now Exporting Permian Long-haul Barrels





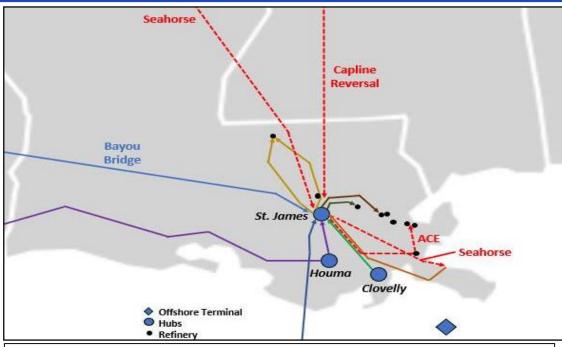
- ★ Our Corpus Christi North Beach Terminal is now receiving barrels from our South Texas Crude Oil Pipeline System, our 12" Three Rivers Supply Pipeline and our new 30" pipeline from Taft, as well as from thirdparty pipeline connections
 - Average throughputs are more than twice the 2018 average

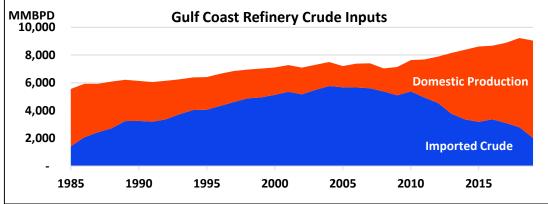


St. James, Formerly the Heart of U.S. Crude <u>Import</u> Infrastructure, has Evolved as North American Shale Production is Reversing Crude Flows to Favor Regional Supply and <u>Export</u>



- ★ Pre-shale play revolution, St. James, LA became the heart of a vast web of pipelines dedicated to supplying imported crude oil to refineries in the region and inland, across the mid-continent
- As rapid growth in U.S. shale production has allowed refiners to replace much of crude imports with domestic crude, imports to U.S. refiners through St. James have decreased dramatically
- At the same time, North
 American shale production
 continues to grow, and St. James
 continues to play a central role in
 crude distribution and storage for
 the region and the world



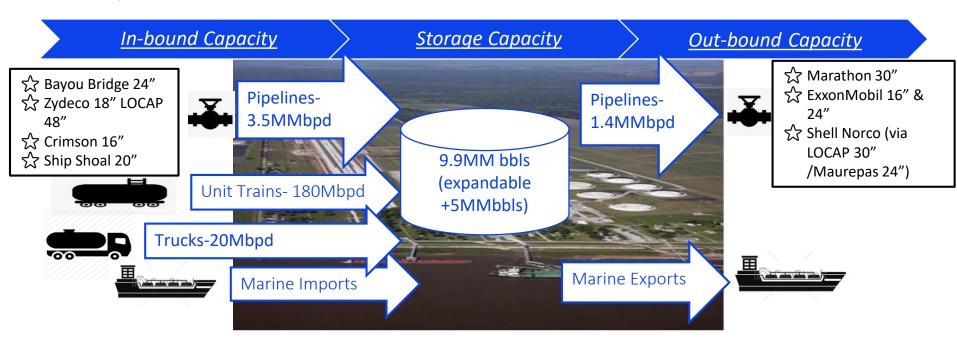


Source: RBN. EIA

Our St. James Terminal is a World-class Facility That We Continue to Connect and Equip for the Next Opportunities as the Hub Evolves



- ★ St. James is evolving into a hub for regional crude distribution and storage and for U.S. exports
 - U.S. refiners will continue to require heavy sour crude to balance their slate, which will be imported either by pipeline from Canada or over the water from other sources
 - As production in the Permian, Bakken and Western Canada grow to exceed North American refiners' needs, those barrels will be exported



- ★ We are developing projects to ensure that, as in-bound pipeline volumes grow, we have the connectivity and capability those barrels require for handling storage and export
- ★ NuStar's St. James facility has the capacity and connectivity to handle the changing crude flows in the region with access to crude supply from Gulf of Mexico, Eagle Ford, Permian and other domestic shale plays

Our St. James Facility is Benefiting From Price Dislocations in the Near-Term and Positioned to Participate in Export Growth in the Future

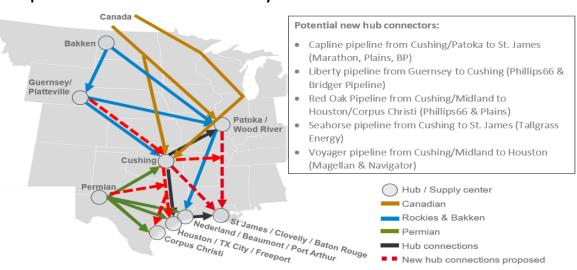


- ★ A major dislocation between WCS production and the Gulf Coast from a lack of long-haul capacity from the North has continued to drive wide differentials that support unit train economics this year
 - We recently contracted higher MVCs for 30MBPD through April 2022 (upsized from 20MBPD) and are expecting those volumes to grow
 - Dislocations may continue into 2021, due to the delay of Enbridge Line 3 replacement until 2H2O
- ★ We are ensuring our facility is connected to the long-haul pipeline projects in progress to debottleneck shale plays, the region, as well as the Midwest and beyond
 - As soon as 1H21, Capline's reversal is likely to bring large volumes of WTI, heavy Canadian and Bakken crude for use in regional refineries and export to other locations
 - Bayou Bridge began bringing WTI light barrels to St. James in late March, and the line may also bring Bakken and Canadian barrels either for export or local use

Permian Permian St. James

Rail to St. James

New Pipelines Debottleneck the Broader System





Mexico's Refined Product Demand is Expected to Continue to Exceed Its Infrastructure's Capacity

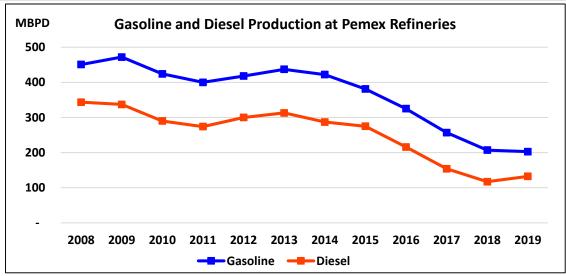


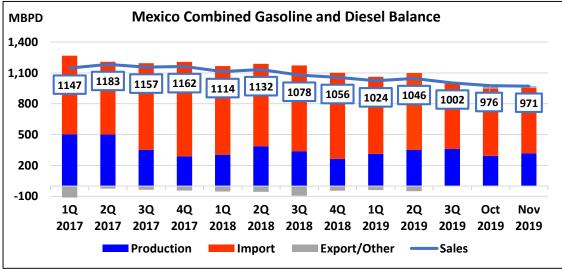
Mexico refineries currently operate around 35% of nameplate capacity due to weak returns and historical underinvestment

In 2019, utilization has fluctuated between 30% and 55% of capacity and is projected to stabilize at 40% of capacity in 2020

With limited domestic supply, gasoline and diesel imports have made up 60%-80% of Mexico's consumption in recent years in 2019, gasoline and diesel

imports made up approximately 68% of Mexico's consumption



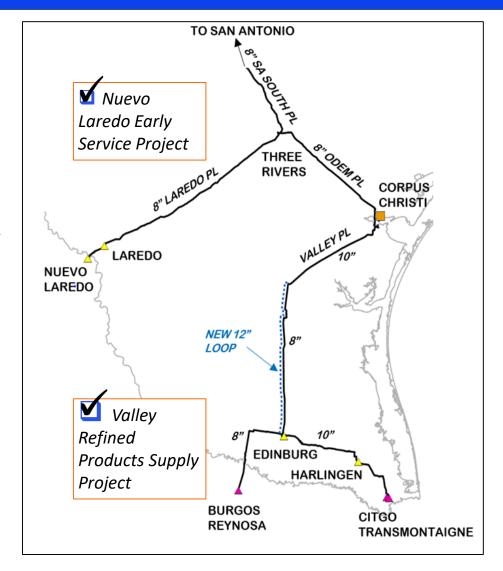


Source: Petroleos Mexicanos (PEMEX)

We Completed Two Projects in 2019, and Will Bring Another Into Service in Early 2020, to Help Remedy This Supply Imbalance

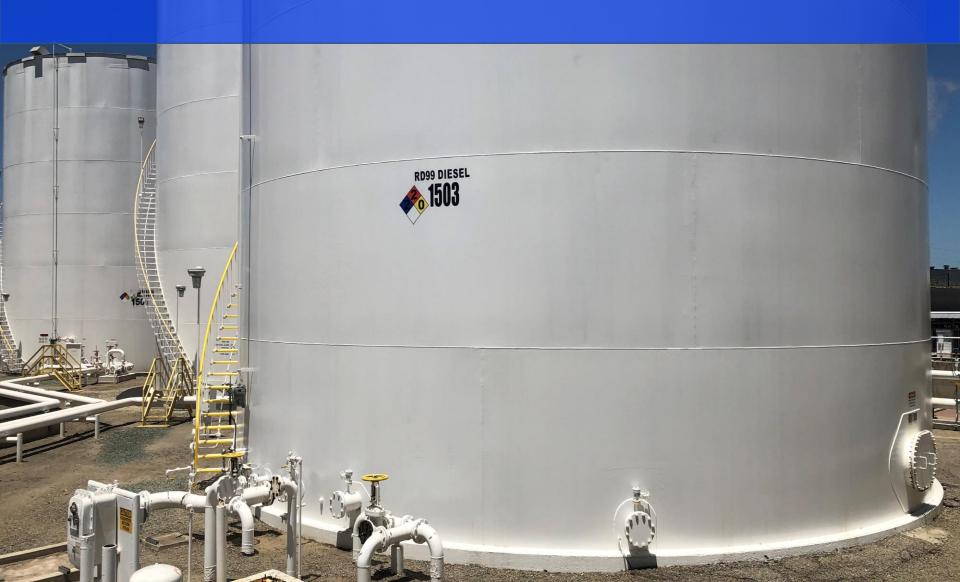


- ★ In 3Q 2019, we completed service on two projects we developed to address the supply imbalance in Northern Mexico:
 - ☆ Nuevo Laredo Project for Valero
 - Early ULSD service completed in September 2019
 - Odem pipeline, Dos Laredos pipeline and Nuevo Laredo terminal expansion on track to be completed by February 2020
 - ~28Mbpd new capacity with take-or-pay volumes on seven-year contract term
 - ☆ Valley Pipeline Expansion for major customers
 - Receiving facility in Matamoros is expected to be in service 1Q 2020
 - NuStar's project completed in September 2019
 - 45Mbpd new capacity with seven-year contract term
 - Recent open season was fully subscribed



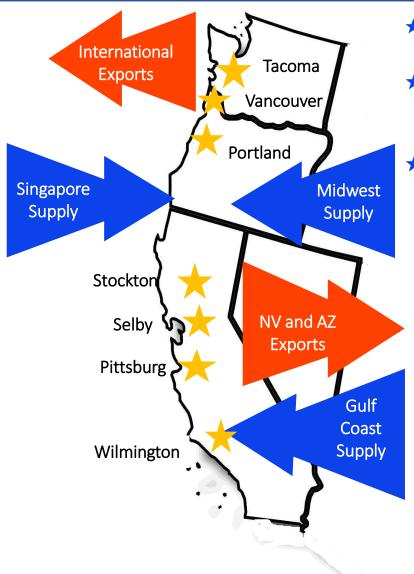
West Coast Bio-Fuels



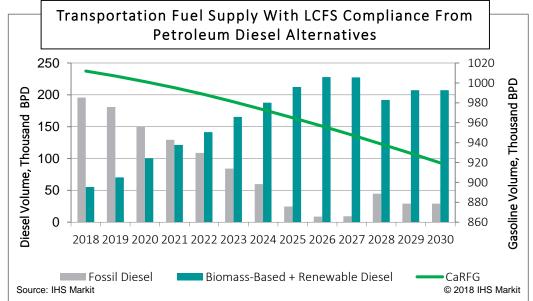


Aggressive West Coast Carbon Emissions Reduction Goals Continue to Generate Growing Demand and Market Dislocations That Require Midstream Solutions





- ★ Regulatory priorities on the West Coast are dramatically increasing demand for bio-fuels in the region
- ★ At the same time, obtaining permits for greenfield projects in the region is difficult, which increases the value of existing assets
- Our terminal facilities have the access to facilities necessary to receive bio-fuels from outside the region and to provide a base for distribution of bio-fuel products across the West Coast

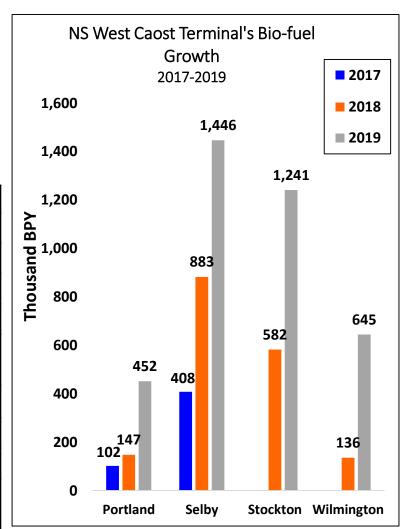


NuStar is Partnering With Key Customers to Develop Necessary Bio-Fuels Storage at Several of Our West Coast Facilities



★ We have developed and completed a number of bio-fuels projects with our customers on the West Coast that have allowed NuStar to capture market share and build important customer relationships with key global producers

		Complete
Portland	Convert 36,000 Bbls to biodiesel	\
Portiand	Convert 57,000 Bbls to renewable diesel	✓
Selby	Construct truck-loading for renewable diesel	✓
	Convert 30,000 Bbls to biodiesel	✓
Stockton	Convert 63,000 Bbls to renewable diesel and construct 10 rail spots	4Q '20
	Convert 151,000 Bbls to renewable diesel	4Q '20
	Connect to railcar ethanol offload facility	4Q '20
	Convert 160,000 Bbls to renewable diesel	✓
Wilmington	Reconfigure dock for enhanced marine capability	1Q '22

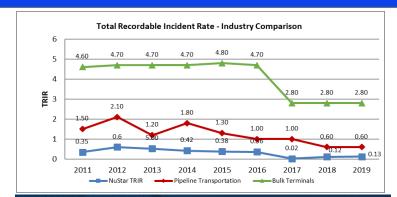




Safe, Responsible and Efficient Operations are NuStar's #1 Priority...



- Our safety statistics reflect our commitment to safe, responsible operations
 - In 2019, as in years past, our safety statistics were substantially better than our peers
 - ✓ <u>21.5 times better</u> than the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) comparison data for the Bulk Terminals Industry
 - 4.6 times better than the BLS data for the <u>Pipeline</u> Transportation Industry
- ★ NuStar has received the International Liquids Terminals Association's (ILTA) Safety Excellence Award 10 times ☆ ILTA reviews its members' safety reports filed with OSHA, and recognizes member companies that achieve exemplary safety statistics with an award
- ★ We participate in the OSHA Voluntary Protection Program (VPP), which promotes effective worksite safety and health
 - Achieving VPP Star Status requires rigorous OSHA review and audit, and Star Status requires renewal every three years
 - \$80% of our U.S. terminals are VPP-certified







... And, in 2020, We Will Continue to Take Care of Our Employees and Our Communities Across North America













Ranked #13! Ranked #60! Ranked #34!

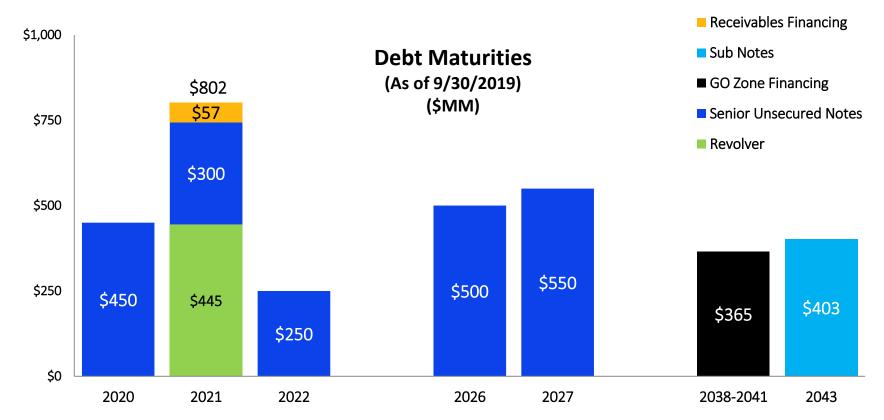
- NuStar has been recognized for its strong corporate culture with numerous awards
- NuStar employees contributed 90,000 volunteer hours in 2018 alone
 - NuStar maintains local volunteer councils in each community in which we operate to contribute to the charitable and civic causes unique to that local community
- ★ 100% of our U.S. employees contribute to our United Way campaign, and our average per capita contribution is the highest in the nation for a company our size
 - NuStar's total 2019 contribution was \$3.2 million
- ★ Each year since 2007, NuStar's employees have hosted a golf tournament to support Haven for Hope, a transformational campus in San Antonio that addresses homelessness
 - The tournament has generated an aggregate of over \$42 million for Haven for Hope



Debt Maturity Schedule



★ We have applied ~\$500MM proceeds from recent dispositions to our revolver balance, which has allowed us to reduce leverage and redeploy capital to invest in low-multiple projects



- ★ In May, we issued \$500MM 6.0% senior unsecured notes that mature in June 2026 we used a portion of the proceeds to refinance \$350MM 7.65% senior unsecured notes that matured in April 2018
- ★ In September, we extended our revolver maturity date by one year to October 2021

Capital Structure as of September 30, 2019 (\$ in Millions)



\$1.2B Credit Facility	\$445	Series D Preferred Units	\$577
NuStar Logistics Notes (4.80%)	450	Series A, B and C Preferred Units	\$756
NuStar Logistics Notes (4.75%)	250	Common Equity and AOCI	<u>1,014</u>
NuStar Logistics Notes (5.625%)	550	Total Equity ¹	2,347
NuStar Logistics Notes (6.00%)	500	Total Capitalization	<u>\$5,714</u>
NuStar Logistics Notes (6.75%)	300		
NuStar Logistics Sub Notes	403		
GO Zone Bonds	365		
Receivables Financing	57		
Finance Lease Liability	59		
Short-term Debt & Other	(12)		
Total Debt	\$3,367		

★ As of September 30, 2019:

☆ Credit facility availability ~\$750MM

☆ Debt-to-EBITDA ratio² 3.96x

^{1 -} Total Equity includes Partners' Equity and Mezzanine Equity (Series D Preferred Units)

^{2 -} Please see Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Information



NuStar Energy L.P. utilizes financial measures, such as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), distributable cash flow (DCF) and distribution coverage ratio, which are not defined in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Management believes these financial measures provide useful information to investors and other external users of our financial information because (i) they provide additional information about the operating performance of the partnership's assets and the cash the business is generating, (ii) investors and other external users of our financial statements benefit from having access to the same financial measures being utilized by management and our board of directors when making financial, operational, compensation and planning decisions and (iii) they highlight the impact of significant transactions. We also use adjusted results or results from continuing operations, which may include non-GAAP financial measures, to enhance the comparability of performance across periods.

Our board of directors and management use EBITDA and/or DCF when assessing the following: (i) the performance of our assets, (ii) the viability of potential projects, (iii) our ability to fund distributions, (iv) our ability to fund capital expenditures and (v) our ability to service debt. In addition, our board of directors uses a distribution coverage ratio, which is calculated based on DCF, as one of the factors in its compensation determinations. DCF is a widely accepted financial indicator used by the master limited partnership (MLP) investment community to compare partnership performance. DCF is used by the MLP investment community, in part, because the value of a partnership unit is partially based on its yield, and its yield is based on the cash distributions a partnership can pay its unitholders.

None of these financial measures are presented as an alternative to net income, or for any periods presented reflecting discontinued operations, income from continuing operations. They should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for a measure of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. For purposes of segment reporting, we do not allocate general and administrative expenses to our reported operating segments because those expenses relate primarily to the overall management at the entity level. Therefore, EBITDA reflected in the segment reconciliations exclude any allocation of general and administrative expenses consistent with our policy for determining segmental operating income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure.



The following is the reconciliation for the calculation of our Consolidated Debt Coverage Ratio, as defined in our revolving credit agreement (the Revolving Credit Agreement) (in thousands of dollars, except ratio data):

	For	the Four Quarters	End	led September 30,	Previous Guidance (e)	Current Guidance			
		2019		2018	Projected for the Year Ended December 31, 20				
Net (loss) income	\$	(181,975)	\$	228,850	\$ 185,000 - 210,000	\$ (137,000 - 107,000)			
Interest expense, net		181,558		187,334	195,000 - 205,000	182,000 - 188,000			
Income tax expense		4,599		13,117	5,000 - 10,000	2,000 - 6,000			
Depreciation and amortization expense		285,126		294,168	280,000 - 290,000	278,000 - 283,000			
EBITDA		289,308		723,469	665,000 - 715,000	325,000 - 370,000			
Other income (a)		(3,674)		(81,688)	_	_			
Equity awards (b)		12,742		8,026	5,000 - 10,000	10,000 - 15,000			
Pro forma effect of disposition (c)		335,995		_	_	300,000 - 305,000			
Material project adjustments and other items (d)		95,479		3,424	50,000 - 70,000	60,000 - 75,000			
Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement	\$	729,850	\$	653,231	\$ 720,000 - 795,000	\$ 695,000 - 765,000			
Total consolidated debt	\$	3,331,040	\$	3,399,533	\$ 3,550,000 - 3,850,000	\$ 3,250,000 - 3,535,000			
NuStar Logistics' floating rate subordinated notes		(402,500)		(402,500)	(402,500)	(402,500)			
Proceeds held in escrow associated with the Gulf Opportunity Zone Revenue Bonds		(41,476)		(41,476)	(41,500)	(41,500)			
Consolidated Debt, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement	\$	2,887,064	\$	2,955,557	\$ 3,106,000 - 3,406,000	\$ 2,806,000 - 3,091,000			
Consolidated Debt Coverage Ratio (Consolidated Debt to Consolidated EBITDA)		3.96x		4.52x	4.3x	4.0x			

- (a) Other income is excluded for purposes of calculating Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement.
- (b) This adjustment represents the non-cash expense related to the vestings of equity-based awards with the issuance of our common units.
- (c) For the four quarters ended September 30, 2019, this adjustment represents the pro forma effects of the sales of our European and St. Eustatius operations as if we had completed the sales on October 1, 2018. For the year ended December 31, 2019, this adjustment represents the pro forma effects of the sale of our St. Eustatius operations as if we had completed the sale on January 1, 2019.
- (d) This adjustment represents a percentage of the projected Consolidated EBITDA attributable to any Material Project and other noncash items, as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement.
- (e) Previous guidance was provided prior to impairment losses associated with long-lived assets and goodwill at the St. Eustatius terminal.



The following is a reconciliation of income from continuing operations to EBITDA from continuing operations, DCF from continuing operations and distribution coverage ratio from continuing operations (in thousands of dollars, except ratio data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,									
		2019		2018						
Income from continuing operations	\$	52,588	\$	43,663						
Interest expense, net		46,902		44,314						
Income tax expense		1,090		2,113						
Depreciation and amortization expense		68,548		64,303						
EBITDA from continuing operations		169,128		154,393						
Interest expense, net		(46,902)		(44,314)						
Reliability capital expenditures		(11,838)		(7,100)						
Income tax expense		(1,090)		(2,113)						
Long-term incentive equity awards (a)		3,111		2,638						
Preferred unit distributions		(30,423)		(29,881)						
Other items		5,856		3,098						
DCF from continuing operations available to common limited partners	\$	87,842	\$	76,721						
Distributions applicable to common limited partners	\$	64,660	\$	64,248						
Distribution coverage ratio from continuing operations (b)		1.36x		1.19x						



The following is a reconciliation of net (loss) income to EBITDA, DCF and distribution coverage ratio; therefore, the reconciling items include activity from continuing and discontinued operations on a combined basis (in thousands of dollars, except ratio data):

	Prev	rious Guidance	Curi	rent Guidance	Projected for the Year Ended December 31,				
_		Projected for the Year Er	2020						
Net (loss) income	\$	(143,000 - 118,000)	\$	(137,000 - 107,000)	\$	233,000 - 258,000			
Interest expense, net		195,000 - 205,000		182,000 - 188,000		190,000 - 200,000			
Income tax expense		5,000 - 10,000		2,000 - 6,000		2,000 - 7,000			
Depreciation and amortization expense		280,000 - 290,000		278,000 - 283,000		290,000 - 300,000			
EBITDA		337,000 - 387,000		325,000 - 370,000		715,000 - 765,000			
Interest expense, net		(195,000) - (205,000)		(182,000 - 188,000)		(190,000 - 200,000)			
Reliability capital expenditures		(70,000) - (90,000)		(65,000 - 75,000)		(40,000 - 50,000)			
Income tax expense		(5,000) - (10,000)		(2,000 - 6,000)		(2,000 - 7,000)			
Long-term incentive equity awards (a)		5,000 - 10,000		5,000 - 15,000		5,000 - 10,000			
Preferred unit distributions		(120,000) - (125,000)		(120,000 - 125,000)		(120,000 - 125,000)			
Insurance gain adjustment (c)		25,000 - 35,000		18,000		_			
Impairment losses and loss on sale (d)		328,000		340,000 - 345,000		_			
Other items		_		10,000 - 15,000		10,000 - 20,000			
DCF available to common limited partners	\$	305,000 - 330,000	\$	329,000 - 369,000	\$	378,000 - 413,000			
Distributions applicable to common limited partners	\$	255,000 - 260,000	\$	255,000 - 260,000	\$	260,000 - 265,000			
Distribution coverage ratio (b)		1.2x - 1.3x		1.3x - 1.4x		1.4x - 1.6x			

- (a) We intend to satisfy the vestings of these equity-based awards with the issuance of our common units. As such, the expenses related to these awards are considered non-cash and added back to DCF. Certain awards include distribution equivalent rights (DERs). Payments made in connection with DERs are deducted from DCF.
- (b) Distribution coverage ratio is calculated by dividing DCF available to common limited partners by distributions applicable to common limited partners.
- (c) Each quarter we add an amount to DCF to offset the amount of reliability capital expenditures incurred related to hurricane damage at the St. Eustatius terminal.
- (d) Represents non-cash impairment losses associated with long-lived assets and goodwill at the St. Eustatius terminal, as well as the loss on the sale of the St. Eustatius terminal in the third quarter of 2019.



The following is a reconciliation of income from continuing operations to EBITDA from continuing operations (in thousands of dollars):

	 Projected for the Year Ended December 31,							
	 2019		2020					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 171,000 - 206,000	\$	233,000 - 258,000					
Interest expense, net	182,000 - 188,000		190,000 - 200,000					
Income tax expense	2,000 - 6,000		2,000 - 7,000					
Depreciation and amortization expense	 270,000 - 275,000		290,000 - 300,000					
EBITDA from continuing operations	\$ 625,000 - 675,000	\$	715,000 - 765,000					

The following is a reconciliation of operating (loss) income to EBITDA for the Permian Crude System (in thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended																			
	J	une 30, 2017	S	Sept. 30, 2017		Dec. 31, 2017	Mar. 31, 2018				Sept. 30, 2018		Dec. 31, 2018		Mar. 31, 2019		June 30, 2019		s	ept. 30, 2019
Operating (loss) income	\$	(3,424)	\$	1,050	\$	650	\$	(1,847)	\$	3,605	\$	11,546	\$	10,878	\$	5,358	\$	13,543	\$	17,280
Plus depreciation and amortization expense		10,227		11,005		13,165		13,477		15,059		15,235		16,589		17,647		17,182		18,114
EBITDA	\$	6,803	\$	12,055	\$	13,815	\$	11,630	\$	18,664	\$	26,781	\$	27,467	\$	23,005	\$	30,725	\$	35,394